

FISHING REGULATIONS 1980



State of Utah Proclamation for the taking of Fish and other Protected Aquatic Wildlife - 1980

After due investigation, we, the Utah State Wildlife Board by authority granted us under the Wildlife Resources Code of Utah (Section 23-14-20), hereby proclaim the following regulations governing the taking of protected aquatic wildlife from the waters of Utah. Protected aquatic wildlife is defined as all fish, bullfrogs, salamanders, brine shrimp and crayfish. These regulations will rescind all previous regulations and shall be effective January 1 through December 31, 1980, unless otherwise altered by our own executive action. All dates herein mentioned shall be inclusive.

As a conservation measure, any water or area may be closed to fishing by properly posting with suitable signs and markers and without further notice. It is unlawful for any person to damage, move, remove, or destroy any signs, placards, or floating markers ordered placed in any part of this state by the Wildlife Board to enforce provisions of this proclamation or other actions of the Wildlife Board.

SEASON DATES

May 31 — Nov. 30, 1980
5:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.

A. GENERAL REGULATIONS
1. GENERAL SEASON
The taking of protected aquatic wildlife shall be permitted from May 31 through November 30 during the hours from 5:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. in all waters of the state of Utah EXCEPT where otherwise specified under Closed Waters (Section B.), Waters With Special Regulations (Section C.) and Year-Round Waters (Section D.), of this proclamation.

LICENSE

— also see section 4 q 1 —

All persons 12 years of age or older must have a fishing license to fish.

Children 6 to 12 years of age, may fish without a license and catch one-half of the adult limit of fish (Utah residents only).

Children under 6 years of age must be accompanied by a licensed angler; their fish are included in the licensed angler's creel.

See Limits - 4 q.

GAME FISH

3. GAME FISH
The following Utah fish species are designated as game fish: trout, salmon, grayling, Bonneville cisco, largemouth bass, smallmouth bass, white bass, striped bass, bluegill, crappie, walleye, northern pike, whitefish, yellow perch, channel catfish and bullhead catfish. All other species are designated as nongame fish.

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2. LICENSES
a. The Utah State Division of Wildlife Resources cannot legally refund the purchase price of a hunting or fishing license, stamp, or certificate of registration for any reason.
b. It shall be unlawful for any person, EXCEPT children under twelve (12) years of age, to take, pursue, or angle for any protected aquatic wildlife, except brine shrimp, salamanders and crayfish for non-commercial use, without first procuring and hav-

ing on one's person a suitable license or permit to do so EXCEPT as provided in Section A.2.c. below.
c. Special regulations governing licensing and fishing are now in effect for the waters of BEAR LAKE, LAKE POWELL and FLAMING GORGE RESERVOIR and are governed by agreements between the respective states. The pertinent stipulations resulting from these agreements are incorporated in this proclamation.

LIMITS

— Section 4 —

Bag and possession limits are identical. This means you may not have more than one daily limit of fish in your possession, no matter how many days you've fished.

4. DAILY BAG AND POSSESSION LIMITS
Daily bag and possession limits are identical. This means any person may not have more than a daily bag limit in his possession regardless of the number of days spent fishing. Possession shall include: home freezers, trailers, cold-storage lockers, detached buildings, etc.
a. **TROUT, SALMON** in the aggregate — Eight (8) fish provided that not more than two (2) lake trout (mackinaw) are taken EXCEPT:
(1) Bear Lake — See Bear Lake Agreement (Section J.).
(2) Lake Powell — Ten (10) trout and/or salmon in the aggregate.
(3) Strawberry River below Soldier Creek Dam — See Waters With Special Regulations (Section C.).
(4) Provo River below U-35 bridge downstream to Deer Creek Reservoir — See Waters With Special Regulations (Section C.).
(5) Blacksmith Fork River — See Waters With Special Regulations (Section C.).
b. **GRAYLING** — Eight (8) fish.
c. **BONNEVILLE CISCO** — Fifty (50) fish.

d. **SMALLMOUTH BASS AND/OR LARGEMOUTH BASS IN THE AGGREGATE** — Ten (10) fish. Mantua Reservoir — See Waters With Special Regulations (Section C.) and Section A.5. Size Limits.
e. **STRIPED BASS** — Two (2) fish.
f. **WALLEYE** — Six (6) fish EXCEPT in tributaries to Utah Lake where the limit is two (2) fish.
g. **NORTHERN PIKE** — Six (6) fish.
h. **WHITEFISH** — Twenty (20) fish.
i. **CHANNEL CATFISH** — Twenty-four (24) fish EXCEPT in Utah Lake and Willard Bay Reservoir where the limit is sixteen (16) fish.
j. **BLUEGILL** — No limit EXCEPT in Pelican Lake where the bluegill limit is twenty (20) fish.
k. **BULLHEAD CATFISH, CRAPPIE, WHITE BASS, YELLOW PERCH** — No bag or possession limit.
l. **SALAMANDERS AND CRAYFISH** — No bag or possession limit.
m. **BRINE SHRIMP AND BRINE SHRIMP EGGS** — A weekly total of ten (10) pounds of

unwashed brine shrimp and/or brine shrimp eggs may be taken by an individual for noncommercial purposes (see seining regulations).
n. **BULLFROGS** — No bag or possession limit.
o. **THE INDIGENOUS SPECIES LISTED BELOW CANNOT BE TAKEN WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION FROM THE UTAH STATE DIVISION OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES BECAUSE OF LIMITED NUMBERS OR DISTRIBUTION: HUMPBACK SUCKER (Xyrauchen texanus), LEAST CHUB (Ictiomythys phlegelthontis), HUMPBACK CHUB (Gila cypha), COLORADO SQUAWFISH (Ptychocheilus lucius), WOUNDFIN (Plegoferus argentissimus), BONYTAIL CHUB (Gila elegans), VIRGIN RIVER SPINEDACE (Lepidomeda molispinis), VIRGIN RIVER CHUB (Gila robusta seminuda).**
p. **NONGAME FISH SPECIES** — No bag or possession limit.
q. **BAG AND POSSESSION LIMITS FOR JUVENILES UNDER TWELVE (12) YEARS OF AGE:**
(1) Resident juveniles — One-

half the adult bag and possession limit except fish taken by juveniles under six (6) years of age must be included in the limit of the licensed angler who must accompany the juvenile. The regulations for juveniles under six (6) years of age do not apply to resident or nonresident juveniles under six (6) years of age on Flaming Gorge Reservoir (see Flaming Gorge regulations — Section H.).
(2) Licensed nonresident juveniles — Same as adult bag or possession limit.
(3) Nonlicensed nonresident juveniles — bag and possession limits must be included in the limits of the licensed angler who must accompany the juvenile.
r. **ALL FISH POSSESSED** in the field or transported must be kept in such a manner that species and numbers can be determined. It shall be unlawful to can, bottle or otherwise preserve any protected aquatic wildlife EXCEPT at a cannery or one's principal place of domicile. Principal place of domicile does not include campers, house trailers, summer homes or other temporary living quarters.

SIZE LIMITS

S. SIZE LIMITS

No size limits on any protected aquatic wildlife species except:

a. Mantua Reservoir (Box Elder County) — Largemouth bass between ten (10) and thirteen (13) inches in total length cannot be taken.

b. See Bear Lake Agreement (Section J.)

c. Provo River (portion) — Brown, brook and cutthroat trout larger than thirteen (13) inches cannot be taken (see Waters with Special Regulations, Section C.).

CLOSED WATERS

— Section B —

B. CLOSED WATERS

1. The following waters are closed to fishing:

a. State Property — All waters managed by the Utah State Division of Wildlife Resources for propagation, spawning and fish rearing purposes. Waterfowl nesting grounds and state water-

fowl management areas closed as posted.

b. Juab County — Trout Creek, Birch Creek.

c. Sevier County — Johnson Valley Reservoir.

d. Washington County — Kolob Creek upstream from Kolob Reservoir.

WHITE FISH

2. SPECIAL WHITEFISH SEASON

The following waters are open to the taking of Rocky Mountain whitefish: Provo River from Highway U-35 bridge east of Woodland downstream to Deer Creek Reservoir; Duchesne River downstream from the confluence of West Fork; Logan River proper downstream from Temple Fork; Blacksmith Fork River proper downstream from the confluence with Rock Creek in Cache County; Echo Reservoir; and Weber River downstream from Wanship Dam in Summit and Morgan counties shall be open to angling from: (1) January 1 through February 28 and from May 31 through December 31, baits, lures and flies permissible; (2) March 1 through April 30, artificial flies only. Trout taken during this special whitefish season must be released.

METHODS OF ANGLING INCL. BAITS & LURES

4. METHODS OF ANGLING

The following regulations governing methods of angling apply to all waters of the state unless detailed in interstate agreements.

a. It shall be unlawful to take or attempt to take game fish by any means other than angling EXCEPT as provided in Use of Set Lines (Section A.6.h.) and Use of Dip Nets (Special Cisco Season — Section C.3.). Angling shall mean fishing with one (1) rod, pole, tip-up, or troll board, held in the hand or, or attended by, the person angling, and having attached thereto a single line with legal hooks, baits, or lures as permitted in this proclamation. "Attended" shall mean the angler shall be within ten (10) feet of equipment being used at all times.

b. "Snagging" and "Gaffing" are illegal. "Snag or Gaff Hooks" are hooks with or without handles used to take fish in such a manner that the fish does not take the hook voluntarily in its mouth. A gaff or landing net may be used in landing fish already caught by lawful means.

c. "Chumming" is prohibited. Chumming is defined as the placing into the water of any substance or material, including but not limited to fish or parts thereof, which is not affixed to a hook and line and which may tend to attract fish to the place where the substance or material is placed.

d. BAITS: Angling is permitted with any bait EXCEPT live fish, corn, hominy, game fish or parts thereof, EXCEPT dead cisco may be used in Bear Lake proper (see Bear Lake Agreement). The eggs of all fish species are permitted for bait. The possession of corn and hominy when fishing is illegal.

e. LURES: Angling is permitted with any one mechanical lure, EXCEPT no lure shall have more than three groups of hooks and no line shall have attached thereto more than two baited hooks or two artificial flies. Multiple prongs attached to a single shaft are defined as one hook (see Flaming Gorge and Special Fishing Regulations for Willard Bay Inlet Channel).

f. LIGHTS, ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL LURES: The use of surface artificial light is permitted for the taking of fish. Lures operated by batteries or other mechanical devices which attract fish by artificial light or sound waves and induce the fish to take the hook voluntarily may be used, provided they do not emit an organic substance to attract fish. It is unlawful to use any device which shocks fish.

g. NON GAME FISH, SALAMANDERS, CRAYFISH, BRINE SHRIMP AND BULLFROGS (except fish listed in Section A.4.o.) may be taken for personal noncommercial use from waters open to angling, by angling, and/or any other method or means EXCEPT gill nets, trammel nets, hoop nets, fyke nets, electrical devices, chemicals, explosives, or firearms.

h. SET LINES may be used to take game fish day or night in (1) Bear River proper, including Cutler Reservoir and outlet canals downstream from the Idaho state line, Little Bear River proper and the Malad River; (2) Green River below the Colorado state line and the Colorado and San Juan rivers above the maximum high water line (3,700 feet) of Lake Powell; and (3) Utah Lake.

(1) Set lines are defined as an unattended line anchored at one end to a nonmoving object and not attached to a pole.

(2) Conventional angling with one pole is permitted concurrent with set line fishing.

(3) No more than two (2) set lines per angler may be used and they shall not contain more than thirty (30) hooks in the aggregate.

(4) When fishing set lines, the angler must be on the surface or the bank of the water being fished.

(5) Any set lines must have attached a legible tag with the name and address of the angler fishing the line(s).

CISCO

3. CISCO SEASON

Bear Lake is open to the dip netting of Bonneville cisco from January 1 through February 15. Dip nets shall have a handle not exceeding fourteen (14) feet in length, a net opening not greater than eighteen (18) inches in any diameter and shall be fished by hand without the aid of rope or other attached materials.

SAVE A PLACE FOR WILDLIFE.

YEAR-ROUND WATERS

— Section D —

D. WATERS OPEN TO YEAR-ROUND ANGLING

1. The following waters are open to 24-hour year-round angling:

a. Beaver County — All waters west of Interstate 1-15 EXCEPT Minersville Reservoir.

b. Box Elder County — All waters EXCEPT Locomotive Springs, Etna Reservoir, Lynn Reservoir, Mantua (Box Elder) Creek above the Brigham City Equalization Reservoir, Honeyville Ponds and tributaries to Brigham City (Mantua) Reservoir.

c. Cache County — All waters in Cache County west of Highway 91 EXCEPT Wellsville Reservoir and Spring Creek Reservoir.

d. Carbon (Emery, Utah) Counties — Price River downstream from confluence with White River.

e. Daggett County — Flaming Gorge Reservoir but not including the Green River below the reservoir (see Waters With Special Regulations — Section C.).

f. Davis County — All waters within Davis County.

g. Duchesne County — Starvation Reservoir and the Duchesne River downstream from Highway 208 Bridge.

All ponds, lakes and reservoirs below U.S. Forest Service boundaries EXCEPT Red Creek and Big Sand Wash reservoirs.

h. Emery County — All waters downstream from Mantle Forest boundary EXCEPT Huntington North Reservoir.

i. Garfield County — Colorado River, Sevier River proper, Asay Creek proper including entire west fork, and Lake Powell.

j. Grand County — Colorado River, Dolores River, and Green River and Mill Creek from 4th East in Moab to the Colorado River confluence.

k. Juab County — All waters EXCEPT Burrison Ponds, Goshen Creek and streams draining the Deep Creek Mountains.

l. Kane County — Lake Powell.

m. Millard County — All waters west of Interstate 1-15 EXCEPT Oak Creek east of Oak City.

n. Plute County — Plute Reservoir, Sevier River proper and East Fork Sevier River downstream from Otter Creek Reservoir Dam.

o. Rich County — Big Spring Creek (tributary to Bear Lake), Bear River downstream from Wyoming state line and Bear Lake EXCEPT Swan Creek Bay (see Waters With Special Regulations — Section C.).

p. Salt Lake County — All waters west of Bonneville Boulevard, Foothill Drive, Wasatch Drive and Wasatch Boulevard EXCEPT hatchery property on Mill Creek from 7th East to 9th East.

q. San Juan County — Colorado River, San Juan River and Lake Powell.

r. Sanpete County — Gunnison Reservoir, Sanpitch River proper, Sevier River proper, Wales Reservoir and Yuba Reservoir.

s. Sevier County — All waters below forest boundary EXCEPT Koosharem Reservoir and Otter Creek.

t. Tooele County — All waters within Tooele County EXCEPT Clover Creek, North Willow Creek, South Willow Creek, Settlement Creek, Settlement Canyon Reservoir, Ophir Creek, Vernon Creek, Vernon Creek Reservoir, Little Valley Creek and streams draining the Deep Creek Mountains.

u. Uintah County — Big Brush Creek below Highway U-44, Green River downstream from the Colorado state line, Central Canal of Ashley Creek south of Maeser Road, all ponds, lakes and reservoirs below U.S. Forest Service boundaries, EXCEPT Steinaker, Calder, Matt Warner, Crouse, Bullock Draw and Brough reservoirs.

v. Utah County — Salem Pond, Spring Lake and Spanish Fork River downstream from the mouth of Thistle Creek to Utah Lake, and all waters west of interstate 1-15 EXCEPT Goshen Creek.

w. Washington County — All waters below Forest Service boundary EXCEPT Baker Reservoir, Kolob Reservoir and tributaries to Kolob Reservoir.

x. Wayne County — All waters below Forest Service boundary EXCEPT Mill Meadow Reservoir.

y. Weber County — Ogden River drainage below Pineview Reservoir Dam and Weber River drainage in Weber County.

USE OF BOATS AND MOTORS

1. USE OF BOATS AND MOTORS: Fishing from boats, rafts, or other floating devices with or without motors is permitted on all waters of the state EXCEPT the following:

(1) Daggett County — Boats, rafts, or other floating devices without motors are permitted on the Green River from Flaming Gorge Dam downstream to its confluence with Red Creek.

(2) Juab County — Burrison Ponds.

(3) Kane County — Duck Creek Spring Lake, Aspen-Mirror Lake.

(4) San Juan County — Foy Lake, Monticello Lake and Blanding Reservoir #3.

(5) Sanpete County — Boats, rafts, or other floating devices without motors are permitted on Pailsade Lake.

(6) Utah County — Payson Lakes and Spring Lake. Boats, rafts, or other floating devices without motors are permitted on Tibble Fork Reservoir and Silver Flat Lake Reservoir.

(7) Washington County — Pine Valley Reservoir.

SPEARFISHING

4. SPEARFISHING SEASON

The following waters are open to taking by spearfishing of trout between June 2 and September 5: Deer Creek Reservoir and Fish Lake. The daily and possession

limit shall be two (2) fish. Spearfishing shall be permitted from sunrise to sunset, and attracting or immobilizing fish by use of artificial light at any time is prohibited.



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Utah Division of Wildlife Resources

WATERS WITH SPECIAL REGULATIONS

— Section C —

C. WATERS WITH SPECIAL REGULATIONS

1. The following waters have special regulations:

a. Box Elder County — Locomotive Springs open to angling from January 15 through November 15.

Willard Bay Reservoir Inlet Channel east of boat harbor buoys as posted shall be closed to angling from March 1 through April 30.

Mantua Reservoir — Largemouth bass between ten (10) and thirteen (13) inches in total length cannot be taken, and if caught, must be released.

b. Cache County — Blacksmith Fork River from its source to its confluence with Rock Creek shall be open to angling from May 31 through November 30. The following regulations shall apply: (1) Bag and possession limit — six (6) fish; (2) Method of angling — artificial flies and lures only.

East Fork of the Little Bear River upstream from Porcupine Reservoir shall be closed to angling from September 1 through September 30.

c. Daggett County — All tributaries entering Flaming Gorge Reservoir between the reservoir and Highway 44 are closed to fishing from January 1 through June 30 and from October 1 through December 31, EXCEPT that reach of Cart Creek above Speirs Peak Creek. The demarcation of the mouths of the streams will be buoyed and posted.

d. Duchesne County — Strawberry River from Soldier Creek Dam downstream to its confluence with Red Creek shall be open to angling July 1 through September 15. The following regulations shall apply: (1) Bag and possession limit — six (6) fish; (2) Method of angling — artificial flies only which does not include weighted jigs.

West Fork drainage of Duchesne River shall be open to angling July 1 through November 30.

Red Creek proper north of Highway 40 upstream to and including Red Creek Reservoir shall be open to angling July 1 through November 30.

e. Emery County — That portion of Huntington Creek below Electric Lake Dam downstream to Flood and Engineer's Canyon (approximately four miles) shall be open to angling during the general trout season using artificial flies only which does not include weighted jigs.

All tributaries in the Huntington Creek drainage above Electric Lake Dam shall be open to angling from July 1 through November 30.

f. Kane County — Navajo Lake open to angling the entire year EXCEPT for the period from

April 1 through June 1.

g. Morgan County — East Canyon Creek upstream from East Canyon Reservoir closed to angling from September 1 through September 30.

h. Rich County — Swan Creek open to angling July 15 through November 30. Swan Creek Bay of Bear Lake shall be closed to angling as marked from April 1 through July 14.

i. Summit County — Provo River in Summit and Wasatch counties from the Highway U-35 bridge east of Woodland downstream to Highway U-113 at Deer Creek Reservoir shall be open during the general trout season with the following special regulations: the creek limit on brown, brook and cutthroat trout shall be two (2) fish of each species less than thirteen (13) inches in total length, and on rainbow trout shall be eight (8) fish with no size limitation. Only a total of eight (8) trout in the aggregate can be taken.

j. Uintah County — Ashley Creek from the mouth of Ashley Creek Gorge downstream to the Steinaker (Thornburg) diversion, the following regulations shall apply: open to angling during the general trout season using artificial flies only which does not include weighted jigs.

k. Utah County — All tributaries to Utah Lake west and south of Highway 89 except Thistle, Bennie, Payson, Nebo, Santaquin and Goshen creeks shall be open to year-round 24-hour-a-day angling EXCEPT from February 1 to April 30 when angling shall be permitted only between the hours of 5:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m.

l. Wasatch County — Currant Creek drainage from Highway 40 to source, West Fork drainage of Duchesne River and all tributaries to Strawberry Reservoir open to angling from July 1 through November 30.

Strawberry River from Soldier Creek Dam downstream to its confluence with Red Creek shall be open to angling from July 1 through September 15. The following regulations shall apply: (1) Bag and possession limit — six (6) fish; (2) Method of angling — artificial flies only which does not include weighted jigs.

Provo River in Summit and Wasatch counties from the Highway U-35 bridge east of Woodland downstream to Highway U-113 at Deer Creek Reservoir shall be open during the general trout season with the following special regulations: the creek limit on brown, brook and cutthroat trout shall be two (2) fish of each species less than thirteen (13) inches in total length, and on rainbow trout shall be eight (8) fish with no size limitation. Only a total of eight (8) trout in the aggregate can be taken.

SHIPPING POSSESSION TRANSPORT OF FISH

E. POSSESSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF FISH

1. SHIPPING
It shall be lawful for any fishing license holder to annually ship out of this state two (2) limits of game fish legally taken from the waters of Utah hereby declared open to angling; provided that no more than one (1) limit is shipped per day and is accompanied with a shipping permit obtained from the Utah State Division of Wildlife Resources. Possession ceases when delivered to a common carrier for shipment. A legal limit of game fish may accompany a bona fide fishing license holder as he leaves the state.

2. POSSESSION
It shall be unlawful for any person EXCEPT valid fishing license holders or those holding a valid certificate of registration or seining license to have in his possession any species of game fish unless they are accompanied by a seller's receipt or a donation certificate which specifies the number and species of fish donated and/or purchased, the license number, name, address and signature of the donor and/or seller and the place where the game fish were taken. It is unlawful to transport game fish on a donation certificate across state lines.

3. SELLING
Selling of any protected aquatic wildlife is unlawful unless the seller has a valid private fish installation, seiner's or bait dealer's certificate of registration.

4. POSSESSION AND TRANSPORTATION OF LIVE PROTECTED AQUATIC WILDLIFE

a. It is unlawful for any person to possess or transport live protected aquatic wildlife EXCEPT Utah licensed seiners, or properly registered bait dealers, or as

provided in Section E.3.b. of this proclamation, or without written permission from the Utah State Division of Wildlife Resources. However, any person may use, possess and transport live salamanders, crayfish and brine shrimp. This section shall not apply to tropical and goldfish species intended for exhibition or commercial purposes. Operators of properly registered private fish installations may transport live aquatic wildlife specified by the Wildlife Board in the operator's certificate of registration.

b. Fishermen may use a live box at Lake Powell to hold a legal bag limit or portion thereof of game fish; provided, that each individual fisherman using such live box must provide name, address and fishing license number displayed indelibly or in a waterproof fashion on the live box holding the fish. If more than one fisherman participates with one live box, each fisherman must provide his identification as mentioned above. Fish held in such a manner will be considered a portion or whole of the angler's limit as identified on the live box.

c. None of the above sections shall preclude the use of fish stringers or holding-type cages as part of normal angling procedures provided they are within twenty (20) feet of the angler. However, this does not permit the transportation of live fish from waters from which they are taken.

5. STOCKING

No person may place into any of the waters of the state of Utah any species of live protected aquatic wildlife without first obtaining written permission from the Utah State Wildlife Board (EXCEPT when using salamanders and crayfish for angling).

TRESPASS

F. TRESPASS

Any person entering upon privately owned land of any other person, firm or corporation which is properly posted, without permission from the owner or person in charge, is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

Any person who upon request of the owner or person in charge of private land shall refuse to immediately leave such private land, whether posted or not, is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

Any person who, without the owner's permission, shall obstruct any entrance or exit to private property is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

Any person convicted of violating any provisions of this section while in the act of hunting or fishing may have his license, certificate or permit relating to the activity engaged in at the time of such violation revoked by the Division, and such person may not obtain another license, certificate or permit for that activity until a period of one year shall elapse from the date of revocation.

Private property shall be deemed posted properly when "No Trespassing" signs and/or a minimum of 100 square inches of fluorescent or bright yellow paint (on exterior fenceposts, trees; or when metal fenceposts are used, the entire exterior side must be painted) are displayed at all corners, and at all fishing streams that cross property lines,

and along all roads, and trails, gates and rights-of-way entering such land. Posting must be confined to privately owned land under the control of an individual, group or organization and is not valid in restricting access to public lands other than lands controlled by public agencies posted as conservation measures.

Any landowner desiring enforcement of this provision must notify the Division of Wildlife Resources in writing 14 days prior to the opening of any hunting and fishing season that property is posted in the prescribed manner and that unless anyone has written permission to hunt or fish on the property, the landowner expects the Division to apprehend and prosecute the trespasser.

This section shall not apply to peace or conservation officers in the performance of their duties.

Any person, firm or corporation desiring to permit hunting on privately owned property by the owner or owners and not others, except by permission, may post a special sign "hunting by permission only."

"Hunting by Permission Cards" will be provided to land holders by the Division upon request, for use in granting access to such lands.

Written permission is not required for access to lands posted "hunting by permission"; verbal permission is sufficient for access to such lands.

FLAMING GORGE REGULATIONS

H. FLAMING GORGE AGREEMENT— PERTINENT STIPULATIONS

1. A person having in possession a valid Wyoming fishing license must have in his possession a Utah fishing stamp (\$3.00) to fish in the Utah part of Flaming Gorge Reservoir. A person having in possession a valid Utah fishing license must have in his possession a Wyoming fishing stamp (\$3.00) to fish in the Wyoming portion of Flaming Gorge Reservoir.

2. Any nonresident of Utah not having in possession a valid Wyoming fishing license and who would be required by Utah law to purchase a nonresident Utah fishing license to fish Utah waters, in order to be entitled to fish the Utah part of Flaming Gorge Reservoir, will be required to purchase an appropriate nonresident Utah fishing license. Conversely, any nonresident of Wyoming not having in possession a valid Utah fishing license and who would be required by Wyoming law to purchase a nonresident Wyoming fishing license to fish Wyoming waters, in order to be entitled to fish the Wyoming part of the Flaming Gorge Reservoir, will be required to purchase an appropriate nonresident Wyoming fishing license.

3. Persons who are either residents or nonresidents of Utah and who are not required by Utah law to purchase a Utah fishing license

may fish the Utah part of Flaming Gorge Reservoir under such laws and regulations of Utah as may from time to time be in effect, and under such mutual regulations as the Wyoming Commission and Utah Board from time to time establish. Conversely, persons who are either residents or nonresidents of Wyoming and who are not required by Wyoming law to purchase a Wyoming fishing license may fish the Wyoming part of Flaming Gorge Reservoir under such laws and regulations of Wyoming as may from time to time be in effect, and under such mutual regulations as the Wyoming Commission and the Utah Board from time to time establish.

4. The fishing stamps, when accompanied by a proper license (in those situations where a license is required), will allow fishing in any portion of said waters as described and limited above and will permit fishermen to enter the described waters from any point. The fishing stamps of either state must be signed across the face thereof by the person in possession thereof in the same manner as his name appears on either the Wyoming fishing license or the Utah fishing license which he holds (in those situations where a license is required).

5. This agreement shall govern only the waters of the Flaming Gorge Reservoir lying below the

elevation of 6,040 feet, which is the maximum impoundment elevation of said reservoir. When the surface elevation of the reservoir is below 6,040 feet, the streams tributary to said reservoir may be fished as part of the waters of the reservoir up to said elevation of 6,040 (except Utah tributaries as posted), and all such streams will be clearly marked at such elevation by the respective Commission and Board.

6. It is agreed that only one (1) daily limit of fish may be taken from the reservoir by any one (1) holder of a valid fishing license from either or both of the states of Utah and Wyoming, all to the end that a person will not be permitted to buy both a Utah license and a Wyoming license for the purpose of taking a daily limit of fish in the Wyoming part of the reservoir and a second daily limit of fish on the same day in the Utah part of the reservoir.

7. Juvenile Licensing and Creel Limits

a. Utah and Wyoming resident juveniles, under twelve (12) years of age, are not required to have a license or stamp to fish any part of the reservoir. The creel limit shall be four (4) trout or salmon in the aggregate, not to exceed two (2) lake trout and four (4) game fish of any other species.

b. Utah and Wyoming nonresident juveniles, under twelve (12) years of age, are not required to have a license or stamp to fish

any part of the reservoir. However, they must be accompanied by a licensed angler and their creel limit included as part of the creel limit of the accompanying licensed angler.

c. Wyoming resident juveniles, twelve (12) and thirteen (13) years of age, are not required to purchase a license to fish any part of the reservoir. However, a Utah stamp is required to fish in Utah. The creel limit shall be the same as for adults.

d. Utah resident juveniles, twelve (12) and thirteen (13) years of age, must have a Utah license to fish in Utah. Only a Wyoming stamp is required to fish in Wyoming. The creel limit shall be the same as for adults.

e. A nonresident of Utah and Wyoming, twelve (12) and thirteen (13) years of age, must possess a Utah stamp to fish in Utah and a Wyoming stamp to fish in Wyoming. However, no license is required. The creel limit shall be the same as for adults.

8. No line may have more than three (3) hooks or flies in series or more than one (1) lure. This section shall be interpreted as meaning that the ordinary bass plug, or flatfish or spinner, etc., is legal so long as it does not bear more than the three (3) treble hooks. A gaff or landing net may be used in landing fish already caught by lawful means.

LAKE POWELL REGULATIONS

I. LAKE POWELL— PERTINENT STIPULATIONS

1. Any person possessing a valid Arizona license may fish in the waters of Lake Powell within Arizona without a Utah stamp, and any person possessing a valid Utah license may fish in the waters of Lake Powell within Utah without an Arizona stamp.

2. Any person qualifying as an Arizona resident having in his possession a valid resident Arizona fishing license and a \$6.00 Utah stamp shall be permitted to fish within the Utah boundaries of Lake Powell.

3. Any person qualifying as a Utah resident having in his possession a valid Utah fishing license and a \$2.00 Arizona stamp shall be permitted to fish within the Arizona boundaries of Lake Powell.

4. Juveniles under the age of fourteen (14) may fish without a license. Creel and possession limits shall be the same as for adults EXCEPT only one-half the legal adult limit of trout may be taken.

5. Any person properly licensed pursuant to the regulations set

forth above may fish in any and all waters of Lake Powell and may enter said waters from any point. The fishing stamps of either state must be signed across the face by the holder thereof in the same manner as his name appears on the fishing license of either state.

6. The fishing stamps of either state shall be valid from January 1 to December 31 of the year of issuance, and sale of fishing stamps may be conducted in any manner mutually agreed upon by the Utah Board and Arizona Commission. The respective Board or Commission, in their discretion, may establish licensed dealers in the other state for the purpose of selling licenses and fishing stamps.

7. It is further agreed that each state shall permit only one (1) daily limit of fish per licensed fisherman, and no person shall be permitted to take a daily limit of fish under the regulations of both states in any one (1) day.

8. This agreement shall be applicable to bank fishermen as well as all other fishermen.

BEAR LAKE REGULATIONS

J. BEAR LAKE AGREEMENT—

PERTINENT STIPULATIONS

1. That the Wildlife Board of Utah and the Idaho Fish and Game Commission recognize the license rights of both Idaho and Utah fishing license holders to fish in the waters of Bear Lake, whether or not the said waters are within the state of Idaho or the state of Utah.

2. That in all regulations hereinafter enacted by either state only one (1) daily limit of fish may be taken by the holder of a valid fishing license from either or both the states of Utah and Idaho.

3. BAG LIMITS

a. Trout and salmon in the aggregate—six (6) fish, provided that:

(1) Of those six (6), only two (2)

may be over sixteen (16) inches. (2) Only two (2) lake trout (mackinaw) may be included in the daily limit.

b. Whitefish—Twenty (20) fish. c. Cisco—See Section C. (Waters With Special Regulations).

4. BAIT

Dead Bonneville cisco (*Protopium gemmiferum*) taken from Bear Lake may be used as bait in Bear Lake proper. All other proclamation regulations pertaining to baits apply including prohibition on use of live fish.

It is provided by law that the above rules and regulations shall have the full force and effect of law. Any violation shall be considered a misdemeanor and shall be prosecuted as such. Each act in violation shall constitute a separate offense.

TALK ABOUT THE ONE THAT GOT AWAY!
HOPE IT'S A FISH NOT A CAMPFIRE!

UTE INDIAN TRIBE AND STATE AGREEMENT

G. UTE INDIAN TRIBE AND STATE AGREEMENT

Indian Trust Lands of the Uintah and/or Ouray Reservation are administered separately from state, private and other federal lands. Nonmembers of the Tribe will be required to obtain a permit from the Tribe for fishing on Trust Lands of the reservation, in addition to a state license. The

Utah Division of Wildlife Resources will prosecute all nonmembers fishing upon those lands in violation of the terms of such permits and licenses, including all bag limits as provided by Tribal ordinance, state and Tribal proclamations except Bottle Hollow. Only one daily limit of fish may be taken by any individual either on or off Indian lands or both.

CERTIFICATION

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UTAH STATE
WILDLIFE BOARD
By ROY L. YOUNG
Chairman of
the Board
by DOUGLAS F. DAY
Board Secretary



Noted this 27th day of November, 1979.

DIVISION OF
WILDLIFE RESOURCES
DOUGLAS F. DAY
Its Director

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of November, 1979.

DOUGLAS L. PAY
Notary Public Residing
in Salt Lake County
My Commission Expires:
July 9, 1983

STATE OF UTAH
COUNTY OF SALT LAKE)ss
I, Douglas F. Day, Director of the Division of Wildlife Resources, do hereby certify that the proclamation attached hereto of the Wildlife Board is a true and correct copy and has been duly adopted, filed and published in accordance with the Wildlife Resources Code of Utah.