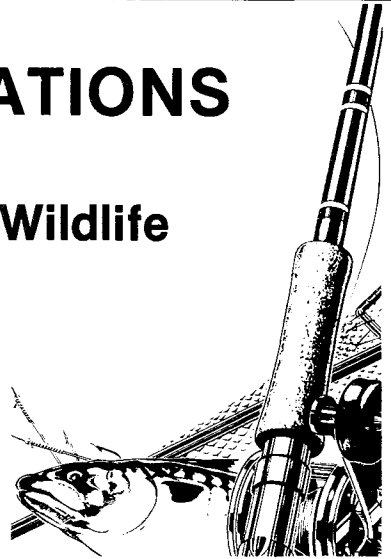




1981 FISHING REGULATIONS

Proclamation for Fish and Other Protected Aquatic Wildlife



After due investigation, we, the Utah State Wildlife Board by authority granted us under the Wildlife Resources Code of Utah (Section 23-14-20), hereby proclaim the following regulations governing the taking of protected aquatic wildlife from the waters of Utah. Protected aquatic wildlife is defined as all fish, bullfrogs, salamanders, brine

shrimp and crayfish. These regulations will rescind all previous regulations and shall be effective January 1 through December 31, 1981, unless otherwise altered by our own executive action. All dates herein mentioned shall be inclusive.

As a conservation measure, any water or area may be closed to fishing by properly posting with

suitable signs and markers and without further notice. It is unlawful for any person to damage, move, remove, or destroy any signs, placards, or floating markers ordered placed in any part of this state by the Wildlife Board to enforce provisions of this proclamation or other actions of the Wildlife Board.

1981 Changes

Listed below are some of the major changes.

General season: May 30 through November 30

LIMITS: Trout, May 30 and 31, six (6)

Channel catfish on Willard Bay and Utah Lake reduced from 16 to 8 (see limits)

Size limits on stream fish, check A.5.

Spearfishing: No-cost permit required

Whitefish: Note changes in open waters and season

Year-round waters: Check changes on some waters

Waters with special regulations: Check changes on some waters

Be sure to acquaint yourself with the regulations for your favorite waters.

A.1. Season Dates

The taking of protected aquatic wildlife shall be permitted from May 30 through November 30 during the hours from 5:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. in all waters of the state of Utah EXCEPT where otherwise specified under Closed Waters (Section B.), Waters With Special Regulations (Section C.) and Year-Round Waters (Section D.), of this proclamation.

A.2. Licenses

a. The Utah State Division of Wildlife Resources cannot legally refund the purchase price of a hunting or fishing license, stamp, or certificate of registration for any reason.

b. It shall be unlawful for any person, EXCEPT children under twelve (12) years of age, to take, pursue, or angle for any protected aquatic wildlife, except brine shrimp, salamanders and crayfish for non-commercial use, without first procuring and having on one's person a suitable license or permit to do so EXCEPT as provided in Section A.2.c. below.

c. Special regulations governing licensing and fishing are now in effect for the waters of BEAR LAKE, LAKE POWELL and FLAMING GORGE RESERVOIR and are governed by agreements between the respective states. The pertinent stipulations resulting from these agreements are incorporated in this proclamation.

A.3. Game Fish

The following Utah fish species are designated as game fish: trout, salmon, grayling, Bonneville cisco, all bass species, bluegill, crappie, walleye, northern pike, whitefish, yellow perch, channel catfish and bullhead catfish. All other species are designated as nongame fish.

A.4. Limits-Bag and Possession

Daily bag and possession limits are identical. This means any person may not have more than a daily bag limit in his possession regardless of the number of days spent fishing. Possession shall include: home freezers, trailers, cold-storage lockers, detached buildings, etc.

a. TROUT, SALMON in the aggregate — January 1 through May 29 and June 1 through December 31, eight (8) fish, provided that not more than two (2) lake trout can be taken. May 30 and May 31, six (6) fish, provided that not more than two (2) lake trout can be taken.

In all rivers and streams open to angling, daily bag and possession limit shall not include more than two (2) fish exceeding thirteen (13) inches in total length.

EXCEPTIONS:

(1) Bear Lake — see Bear Lake Agreement (Section J.).

(2) Lake Powell — Ten (10) trout and/or salmon in the aggregate.

(3) Provo River from Highway U-35 bridge east of Woodland downstream to Highway U-113 at Deer Creek Reservoir and from Deer Creek Reservoir Dam downstream to the Olmstead diversion — See Waters With Special Regulations (Section C.).

b. GRAYLING — Eight (8) fish.

c. BONNEVILLE CISCO — Fifty (50) fish.

d. SMALLMOUTH BASS AND/OR LARGEMOUTH BASS IN THE AGGREGATE — Ten (10) fish. Mantua Reservoir — see Waters With Special Regulations (Section C.) and Section A.5. Size Limits.

e. STRIPED BASS — Two (2) fish.

f. WALLEYE — Six (6) fish EXCEPT in tributaries to Utah Lake where the limit is two (2) fish. In Willard Bay Reservoir, not more than two (2) walleye may exceed sixteen (16) inches.

g. NORTHERN PIKE — Six (6) fish.

h. WHITEFISH — Twenty (20) fish.

i. CHANNEL CATFISH — Twenty-four (24) fish EXCEPT in Utah Lake and Willard Bay Reservoir where the limit is eight (8) fish.

j. BLUEGILL — No limit EXCEPT in Pelican Lake where the bluegill limit is twenty (20) fish.

k. BULLHEAD CATFISH, CRAPPIE, WHITE BASS, YELLOW PERCH — No bag or possession limit.

l. SALAMANDERS AND CRAYFISH — No bag or possession limit.

m. BRINE SHRIMP AND BRINE SHRIMP EGGS — A weekly total of ten (10) pounds of unwashed brine shrimp and/or brine shrimp eggs may be taken

by an individual for noncommercial purposes (see seining regulations).

n. BULLFROGS — No bag or possession limit.

o. THE INDIGENOUS SPECIES LISTED BELOW CANNOT BE TAKEN WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION FROM THE UTAH STATE DIVISION OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES BECAUSE OF LIMITED NUMBERS OR DISTRIBUTION: HUMPBACK SUCKER, (Xyrauchen texanus) LEAST CHUB (Iotichthys phlegelionis), HUMBAC CHUB (Gila cypha), COLORADO SQUAWFISH (Ptychocheilus lucius), WOUNDBIN (Plegopterus argentissimus), BONYTAIL CHUB (Gila elegans), VIRGIN RIVER SPINEDACE (Lepidomeda molispinis), VIRGIN RIVER CHUB (Gila robusta seminuda).

p. NONGAME FISH SPECIES — No bag or possession limit.

q. BAG AND POSSESSION LIMITS FOR JUVENILES UNDER TWELVE (12) YEARS OF AGE:

(1) Resident juveniles — one half the adult bag and possession limit EXCEPT fish taken by juveniles under six (6) years of age must be included in the limit of the licensed angler who must accompany the juvenile. The reg-

ulations for juveniles under six (6) years of age do not apply to resident or nonresident juveniles under six (6) years of age on Flaming Gorge Reservoir (see Flaming Gorge regulations — Section H.).

(2) Licensed nonresident juveniles — same as adult bag and possession limit.

(3) Nonlicensed nonresident juveniles — bag and possession limits must be included in the limits of the licensed angler who must accompany the juvenile.

r. ALL FISH POSSESSED in the field or transported must be kept in such a manner that species and numbers can be determined. It shall be unlawful to can, bottle or otherwise preserve any protected aquatic wildlife EXCEPT at a cannery or one's principal place of domicile. Principal place of domicile does not include campers, house trailers, summer homes, or other temporary living quarters.

SAVE A PLACE FOR WILDLIFE

A.5. Size Limits

No size limits on any protected aquatic wildlife species except:

a. In all rivers and streams open to angling, daily bag and possession limit shall not include more than two (2) trout and/or salmon exceeding thirteen (13) inches in total length.

b. Mantua Reservoir (Box Elder County) — Largemouth bass between ten (10) and thirteen (13) inches in total length cannot be taken.

c. See Bear Lake Agreement (Section J.)

d. Provo River (portion) — Brown, brook and cutthroat trout larger than thirteen (13) inches cannot be taken (see Waters With Special Regulations, Section C.)

e. Willard Bay Reservoir — Not more than two (2) walleye may exceed sixteen (16) inches in total length.

B. Closed Waters

1. The following waters are closed to fishing:

a. State Property — All waters managed by the Utah State Division of Wildlife Resources for propagation, spawning and fish rearing purposes. Waterfowl nesting grounds and state waterfowl management areas closed as posted.

b. Juab County — Trout Creek, Birch Creek.

c. Washington County — Kolob Creek upstream from Kolob Reservoir.

A.6. Methods of Angling-Baits, Lures

The following regulations governing methods of angling apply to all waters of the state unless detailed in interstate agreements.

a. It shall be unlawful to take or attempt to take game fish by any means other than angling EXCEPT as provided in Use of Set Lines (Section A.6.h.) and Use of Dip Nets (Special Cisco Season — Section C.3.). Angling shall mean fishing with one (1) rod, pole, tip-up, or troll board, held in the hand of, or attended by, the person angling, and having attached thereto a single line with legal hooks, baits, or lures as permitted in this proclamation. "Attended" shall mean the angler shall be within ten (10) feet of equipment being used at all times.

b. "Snagging" and "Gaffing" are illegal. "Snag or Gaff Hooks" are hooks with or without handles used to take fish in such a manner that the fish does not take the hook voluntarily in its mouth. A gaff or landing net may be used in landing fish already caught by lawful means.

c. "Chumming" is prohibited. Chumming is defined as the placing into the water of any substance or material, including but not limited to fish or parts thereof, which is not affixed to a hook and line and which may tend to attract fish to the place where the substance or material is placed.

d. BAITS: Angling is permitted with any bait EXCEPT corn, hominy, any live fish, game fish or parts thereof (EXCEPT dead cisco may be used in Bear Lake proper — see Bear Lake Agreement). The eggs of all fish species are permitted for bait. The possession of corn and hominy when fishing is illegal.

e. LURES: Angling is permit-

ted with any one mechanical lure, EXCEPT no lure shall have more than three (3) groups of hooks, and no line shall have attached thereto more than two (2) baited hooks or two (2) artificial flies. Multiple prongs attached to a single shaft are defined as one (1) hook (see Flaming Gorge and Special Fishing Regulations for Willard Bay Inlet Channel).

f. LIGHTS, ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL LURES: The use of surface artificial light is permitted for the taking of fish. Lures operated by batteries or other mechanical devices which attract fish by artificial light or sound waves and induce the fish to take the hook voluntarily may be used, provided they do not emit an organic substance to attract fish. It is unlawful to use any device which shocks fish.

g. NONGAME FISH, SALAMANDERS, CRAYFISH, BRINE SHRIMP AND BULLFROGS (except fish listed in Section A.4.o.) may be taken for personal noncommercial use from waters open to angling, by angling, and/or any other method or means EXCEPT gill nets, trammel nets, hoop nets, fyke nets, electrical devices, chemicals, explosives, or firearms.

h. SET LINES may be used to take game fish day or night in (1) Bear River proper, including Cutler Reservoir and outlet canals downstream from the Idaho state line; Little Bear River proper and the Malad River; (2) Green River below the Colorado state line and the Colorado and San Juan rivers above the maximum high water line (3,700 feet) of Lake Powell; and (3) Utah Lake.

(1) Set lines are defined as an unattended line anchored at one end to a nonmoving object and not attached to a pole.

(2) Conventional angling with one (1) pole is permitted concurrent with set line fishing.

(3) No more than two (2) set lines per angler may be used and they shall not contain more than thirty (30) hooks in the aggregate.

(4) When fishing set lines, the angler must be on the surface or the bank of the water being fished.

(5) Any set lines must have attached a legible tag with the name and address of the angler fishing the line(s).

A.6.i. Boats and Motors

i. USE OF BOATS AND MOTORS: Fishing from boats, rafts, or other floating devices with or without motors is permitted on all waters of the state EXCEPT the following:

(1) Daggett County — Boats, rafts, or other floating devices without motors are permitted on the Green River from Flaming Gorge Dam downstream to its confluence with Red Creek.

(2) Juab County — Burrington Ponds.

(3) Kane County — Duck Creek Spring Lake, Aspen-Mirror Lake.

(4) San Juan County — Foy Lake, Monticello Lake and Blanding Reservoir #3.

(5) Sanpete County — Boats, rafts, or other floating devices without motors are permitted on Palisade Lake.

(6) Utah County — Payson Lakes and Spring Lake. Boats, rafts, or other floating devices without motors are permitted on Tibble Fork Reservoir and Silver Flat Lake Reservoir.

(7) Washington County — Pine Valley Reservoir.

C. Waters with Special Regulations

1. The following waters have special regulations:

a. Box Elder County — Locomotive Springs open to angling from January 15 through November 15.

Willard Bay Reservoir Inlet Channel east of boat harbor buoys as posted shall be closed to angling from March 1 through April 30.

Mantua Reservoir — largemouth bass between ten (10) and thirteen (13) inches in total length cannot be taken, and if caught, must be released.

b. Cache County — Blacksmith Fork River from its source to its confluence with Rock Creek shall be open to angling from May 30 through November 30, and only artificial flies and lures may be used.

East Fork of the Little Bear River upstream from Porcupine Reservoir shall be closed to angling from September 1 through September 30.

c. Daggett County — Carter Creek below Highway 44 downstream to Flaming Gorge Reservoir only open to angling from July 1 through November 30.

Sheep Creek below Highway 44 downstream to Flaming Gorge Reservoir only open to angling from May 30 through August 30 and from October 1 through November 30. The demarcation of the mouths of the above streams will be buoyed.

d. Duchesne County — Strawberry River from Soldier Creek Dam downstream to its confluence with Red Creek shall be open to angling July 1 through September 15, and only artificial flies (does not include weighted ligs) may be used.

West Fork drainage of Duchesne River shall be open to angling July 1 through November 30.

Red Creek proper north of Highway 40 upstream to and

including Red Creek Reservoir shall be open to angling July 1 through November 30.

e. Emery County — That portion of Huntington Creek below Electric Lake Dam downstream to Flood and Engineer's Canyon (approximately four (4) miles) shall be open to angling year-round using artificial flies only which does not include weighted ligs.

All tributaries in the Huntington Creek drainage above Electric Lake Dam shall be open to angling from July 15 through November 30.

f. Kane County — Navajo Lake open to angling the entire year EXCEPT for the period from April 1 through May 30.

g. Morgan County — East Canyon Creek upstream from East Canyon Reservoir closed to angling from September 1 through September 30.

h. Piute County — Manning Meadows Reservoir open only to angling from July 1 through November 30.

i. Rich County — Swan Creek open to angling July 15 through November 30. Swan Creek Bay of Bear Lake shall be closed to angling as marked from April 1 through July 14.

j. Summit County — Provo River in Summit and Wasatch counties from the Highway U-35 bridge east of Woodland downstream to Highway U-113 at Deer Creek Reservoir and from Deer Creek Reservoir Dam downstream to the Olmstead diversion shall be open during the general trout season with the following special regulations:

The creel limit on brown, brook and cutthroat trout shall be two (2) fish of each species less than thirteen (13) inches in total length, and on rainbow trout shall be eight (8) fish of which only two

(2) may be thirteen (13) inches or larger (EXCEPT on May 30 and May 31 when the limit shall be six (6) fish). Only a total of eight (8) trout in the aggregate can be taken. Only artificial flies and lures may be used.

k. Uintah County — Ashley Creek from the mouth of Ashley Creek Gorge downstream to the Steinkner (Thornburg) diversion, the following regulations shall apply: open to angling during the general trout season using artificial flies only which does not include weighted ligs. Bag and possession limit is eight (8) trout (EXCEPT on May 30 and May 31 when the limit is six (6) trout of which not more than four (4) may be brown trout.

l. Utah County — All tributaries to Utah Lake west and south of Highway 89 and the Provo River from Highway U-52 to Highway U-89 EXCEPT Thistle, Bennie, Payson, Nebo, Santaquin and Goshen creeks shall be open to year-round, 24-hour-a-day angling EXCEPT from February 1 to April 30 when angling shall be permitted only between the hours of 5:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m.

m. Wasatch County — Curren Creek drainage from Highway 40 to source, West Fork drainage of Duchesne River and all tributaries to Strawberry Reservoir open to angling from July 1 through November 30.

Strawberry River from Soldier Creek Dam downstream to its confluence with Red Creek shall be open to angling from July 1 through September 15, and only artificial flies (which does not include weighted ligs) may be used.

Provo River in Summit and Wasatch counties from the Highway U-35 bridge east of Woodland downstream to Highway U-113 at Deer Creek Reservoir, and from

Deer Creek Reservoir Dam downstream to the Olmstead diversion shall be open during the general trout season with the following special regulations:

The creel limit on brown, brook and cutthroat trout shall be two (2) fish of each species less than thirteen (13) inches in total length, and on rainbow trout shall be eight (8) fish of which only two (2) may be thirteen (13) inches or larger (EXCEPT on May 30 and May 31 when the limit shall be six (6) fish). Only a total of eight (8) trout in the aggregate can be taken. Only artificial flies and lures may be used.

n. Washington County — Baker Reservoir open to angling from April 1 through November 30.

C.2. Whitefish

The following waters are open year-round to the taking of Rocky Mountain whitefish: Duchesne River proper downstream from the confluence of West Fork; Logan River proper downstream from Temple Fork; Blacksmith Fork River proper downstream from the confluence of Rock Creek in Cache County; Echo Reservoir; and Weber River downstream from Wanship Dam. Two (2) trout may be taken from these waters under the provisions of this section during the nongeneral season. During the general season, regular trout and possession limits apply.

C.3. Cisco

Bear Lake is open to the dip netting of Bonneville cisco from January 1 through February 15. Dip nets shall have a handle not exceeding fourteen (14) feet in length, a net opening not greater than eighteen (18) inches in any diameter and shall be fished by hand without the aid of rope or other attached materials.

C.4. Spearfishing

The following waters are open to taking of trout only by scuba and snorkeling spearfishing between June 1 and September 5: Deer Creek Reservoir and Fish Lake. The daily and possession limit shall be two (2) fish. Spearfishing shall be permitted from sunrise to sunset, and attracting or immobilizing fish by use of artificial light at any time is prohibited. A spearfishing permit is required and may be obtained without charge from the Salt Lake office of the Division of Wildlife Resources or any of its regional offices.

E. Shipping, Possession, Transport of Fish

E. POSSESSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF FISH

1. SHIPPING
It shall be lawful for any fishing license holder to annually ship out of this state two (2) limits of game fish legally taken from the waters of Utah hereby declared open to angling; provided that no more than one (1) limit is shipped per day and is accompanied with a shipping permit obtained from the Utah State Division of Wildlife Resources. Possession ceases when delivered to a common carrier for shipment. A legal limit of game fish may accompany a bona fide fishing license holder as he leaves the state.

2. POSSESSION
It shall be unlawful for any person EXCEPT valid fishing license holders or those holding a valid certificate of registration to have in his possession any species of game fish unless they are accompanied by a seller's receipt or a donation certificate which specifies the number and species of fish donated and/or purchased, the license or certificate number, name, address and signature of the donor and/or seller and the place where the game fish were taken. It is unlawful to transport game fish on a donation certificate across state lines.

3. SELLING
Selling of any protected aquatic wildlife is unlawful unless the seller has a valid private fish installation, seiner's or bait dealer's certificate of registration.

4. POSSESSION AND TRANSPORTATION OF LIVE PROTECTED AQUATIC WILDLIFE

a. It is unlawful for any person to possess or transport live protected aquatic wildlife EXCEPT Utah licensed seiners, or properly registered bait dealers, or as provided in Section E.4.b. of this proclamation, or without written permission from the Utah State Division or Wildlife Resources. However, any person may use, possess and transport live salamanders, crayfish and brine shrimp. This section shall not apply to tropical and goldfish species intended for exhibition or commercial purposes. Operators of properly registered private fish installations may transport live aquatic wildlife specified by the Wildlife Board in the operator's certificate of registration.

b. None of the above sections shall preclude the use of fish stringers or holding-type cages as part of normal angling procedures provided they are within one hundred (100) feet of the angler. However, this does not permit the transportation of live fish from waters from which they are taken.

5. STOCKING
No person may place into any of the waters of the state of Utah any species of live protected aquatic wildlife without first obtaining written permission from the Utah State Wildlife Board (EXCEPT when using salamanders and crayfish for angling).



DO SOMETHING WILD!

D. Year-round Waters

1. The following waters are open to 24 hour year-round angling:

a. Beaver County — All waters west of Interstate 1-15 EXCEPT Minersville Reservoir.

b. Box Elder County — All waters EXCEPT Locomotive Springs, Mantua (Box Elder) Creek above the Brigham City Equalization Reservoir, Honeyville Ponds and tributaries to Brigham City (Mantua) Reservoir.

c. Cache County — Hyrum Reservoir and all waters in Cache County west of Highway 91 EXCEPT Wellsville Reservoir and Spring Creek and Spring Creek Reservoir.

d. Carbon (Emery, Utah) counties — Price River downstream from Scofield Reservoir Dam.

e. Daggett County — Flaming Gorge Reservoir but not including the Green River below the reservoir.

f. Davis County — All waters within Davis County EXCEPT Farmington City Reservoir.

g. Duchesne County — Starvation Reservoir and the Duchesne River downstream from Highway 208 bridge.

h. All ponds, lakes and reservoirs below U.S. Forest Service boundaries EXCEPT Red Creek and Big Sand Wash reservoirs.

i. Emery County — Huntington Creek below Electric Lake Dam downstream to Flood and Engineer's Canyon (see Waters With Special Regulations), and Cottonwood Creek below Joe's Valley Reservoir Dam.

j. All waters downstream from Manti Forest boundary EXCEPT Huntington North Reservoir.

k. Garfield County — Colorado River, Sevier River proper, Asay Creek proper including entire West Fork and the East Fork of the Sevier River proper downstream from Highway 12, and Lake Powell.

l. Grand County — Colorado River, Dolores River and Green River, and Mill Creek from 4th East in Moab to the Colorado River confluence.

m. Juab County — All waters EXCEPT Burrison Ponds, Goshen Creek and streams draining the Deep Creek Mountains.

n. Kane County — Lake Powell.

o. Millard County — All waters west of Interstate 1-15 EXCEPT Oak Creek east of Oak City.

p. Morgan County — Stoddard Slough from Stoddard Lane (northwest of Division of Wildlife Resources property) downstream to the Weber River.

q. Piute County — Piute Reservoir, Sevier River proper and East Fork Sevier River proper and Otter Creek below Otter Creek Reservoir Dam.

r. Rich County — Big Spring Creek (tributary to Bear Lake), Bear River downstream from Wyoming state line and Bear Lake EXCEPT Swan Creek Bay (see Waters With Special Regulations — Section C.).

s. Salt Lake County — All waters west of Bonneville Boulevard, Foothill Drive, Wasatch Drive and Wasatch Boulevard.

t. San Juan County — Colorado River, San Juan River and Lake Powell.

u. Sanpete County — Gunnison Reservoir, Sanpitch River proper, Sevier River proper, Wales Reservoir and Yuba Reservoir.

v. Sevier County — All waters below forest boundary EXCEPT Koosharem Reservoir and Otter Creek.

w. Uintah County — East Park Reservoir, Paradise Park Reservoir and Green River downstream from the Colorado state line, Central Canal of Ashley Creek south of Maeser Road, all ponds, lakes and reservoirs below U.S. Forest Service boundaries, EXCEPT Steinaker, Calder, Matt Warner, Crouse, Bullock Draw and Brough reservoirs.

x. Utah County — Salem Pond, Spring Lake and all tributaries to Utah Lake west and south of Highway 89 and the Provo River from Highway U-52 (800 North, Orem) to Highway U-89 EXCEPT Thistle, Bennie, Payson, Nebo, Santaquin and Goshen creeks (see Waters With Special Regulations — Section C.).

y. Washington County — All waters below Forest Service boundary EXCEPT Baker Reservoir, Kolob Reservoir and tributaries to Kolob Reservoir.

z. Wayne County — All waters below Forest Service boundary EXCEPT Mill Meadow Reservoir.

aa. Weber County — Pineview Reservoir; Ogden River drainage below Pineview Reservoir Dam and Weber River drainage in Weber County.

F. Trespass

Any person entering upon privately-owned land of any other person, firm or corporation which is property posted, without permission from the owner or person in charge, is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

Any person who upon request of the owner or person in charge of private land shall refuse to immediately leave such private land, whether posted or not, is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

Any person who without the owner's permission shall obstruct any entrance or exit to private property is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

Any person convicted of violating any provisions of this section while in the act of hunting or fishing may have his license, certificate or permit relating to the activity engaged in at the time of such violation revoked by the Division, and such person may not obtain another license, certificate or permit for that activity until a period of one year shall elapse from the date of revocation.

Private property shall be deemed posted properly when "No Trespassing" signs and/or a minimum of 100 square inches of fluorescent or bright yellow paint (on exterior fenceposts, trees, or when metal fenceposts are used, the entire exterior side must be painted) or displayed at all corners, and at all fishing streams that cross property lines, and

along all roads and trails, gates and rights-of-way entering such land. Posting must be confined to privately owned land under the control of an individual, group or organization and is not valid in restricting access to public lands other than lands controlled by public agencies posted as conservation measures.

Any landowner desiring enforcement of this provision must notify the Division of Wildlife Resources in writing 14 days prior to the opening of any hunting and fishing season that property is posted in the prescribed manner and that unless anyone has written permission to hunt or fish on the property, the landowner expects the Division to apprehend and prosecute the trespasser.

This section shall not apply to peace or conservation officers in the performance of their duties.

Any person, firm or corporation desiring to permit hunting on privately owned property by the owner or owners and not others, except by permission, may post a special sign "hunting by permission only."

"Hunting by Permission Cards" will be provided to land holders by the Division upon request, for use in granting access to such lands.

Written permission is not required for access to lands posted "hunting by permission"; verbal permission is sufficient for access to such lands.

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G. Ute Indian Tribe and State Agreement

Indian Trust Lands of the Uintah and/or Ouray Reservation are administered separately from state, private and other federal lands. Non-members of the Tribe will be required to obtain a permit from the Tribe for fishing on Trust Lands of the reservation, in addition to a state license. The Utah Division of Wildlife Resources will prosecute all non-members fishing upon those lands in violation of the terms of such permits and licenses, including all bag limits as provided by Tribal ordinance, state and Tribal proclamations except Bottle Hollow. Only one (1) daily limit of fish may be taken by an individual either on or off Indian lands or both.

When Cleaning Fish. . .

. . .on lakes and reservoirs in a boat: break air bladder. Deposit offal at least 100 feet from shore.

. . .on lakes and reservoirs on shore: depositing fish remains is prohibited within 100 feet of shore. Dispose of by burying, depositing in trash can, or by carrying home.

. . .on streams: deposit in stream away from shoreline. Break air bladder. Treat as on lakes and reservoirs on shore.

. . .for identification of species: leave enough skin to show proof of species when skinning or filleting.

If caught littering with fish offal you may be required to clean up shore or be cited for littering.

H. Flaming Gorge Regulations

PERTINENT STIPULATIONS

1. A person having in possession a valid Wyoming fishing license must have in his possession a Utah fishing stamp three dollars (\$3.00) to fish in the Utah part of Flaming Gorge Reservoir. A person having in possession a valid Utah fishing license must have in his possession a Wyoming fishing stamp three dollars (\$3.00) to fish in the Wyoming portion of Flaming Gorge Reservoir.

2. Any nonresident of Utah not having in possession a valid Wyoming fishing license and who would be required by Utah law to purchase a nonresident Utah fishing license to fish Utah waters, in order to be entitled to fish the Utah part of Flaming Gorge Reservoir, will be required to purchase an appropriate nonresident Utah fishing license. Conversely, any nonresident of Wyoming not having in possession a valid Utah fishing license and who would be required by Wyoming law to purchase a nonresident Wyoming fishing license to fish Wyoming waters, in order to be entitled to fish the Wyoming part of the Flaming Gorge Reservoir, will be required to purchase an appropriate nonresident Wyoming fishing license.

3. Persons who are either residents or nonresidents of Utah and who are not required by Utah law to purchase a Utah fishing license may fish the Utah part of Flaming Gorge Reservoir under such laws and regulations of Utah as may from time to time be in effect, and under such mutual regulations as the Wyoming Commission and Utah Board from time to time establish. Conversely, persons who are either residents or nonresidents of Wyoming and who are not required by Wyoming law to purchase a Wyoming fishing license may fish the Wyoming part of Flaming Gorge Reservoir under such laws and regulations of Wyoming as may from time to time be in effect, and under such mutual regulations as the Wyoming Commission and the Utah Board from time to time establish.

4. The fishing stamps, when accompanied by a proper license (in those situations where a license is required), will allow fishing in any portion of said waters as described and limited above and will permit fishermen to enter the described waters from any point. The fishing stamps of either state **MUST BE SIGNED ACROSS THE FACE** thereof by the person in possession thereof in the same manner as his name appears on either the Wyoming fishing license or the Utah fishing license which he holds (in those situations where a license is required).

5. This agreement shall govern only the waters of the Flaming Gorge Reservoir lying below the elevation of 6,040 feet, which is

the maximum impoundment elevation of said reservoir. When the surface elevation of the reservoir is below 6,040 feet, the streams tributary to said reservoir may be fished as part of the waters of the reservoir up to said elevation of 6,040 (except Utah tributaries as posted), and all such streams will be clearly marked at such elevation by the respective Commission and Board.

6. It is agreed that only one (1) daily limit of fish may be taken from the reservoir by any one (1) holder of a valid fishing license from either or both of the states of Utah and Wyoming, all to the end that a person will not be permitted to buy both a Utah license and a Wyoming license for the purpose of taking a daily limit of fish in the Wyoming part of the reservoir and a second daily limit of fish on the same day in the Utah part of the reservoir.

7. Juvenile Licensing and Creel Limits

a. Utah and Wyoming resident juveniles, under twelve (12) years of age, are not required to have a license or stamp to fish any part of the reservoir. The creel limit shall be four (4) trout or salmon in the aggregate, not to exceed two (2) lake trout and four (4) game fish of any other species.

b. Utah and Wyoming nonresident juveniles, under twelve (12) years of age, are not required to have a license or stamp to fish any part of the reservoir. However, they must be accompanied by a licensed angler and their creel limit included as part of the creel limit of the accompanying licensed angler.

c. Wyoming resident juveniles, twelve (12) and thirteen (13) years of age, are not required to purchase a license to fish any part of the reservoir. However, a Utah stamp is required to fish in Utah. The creel limit shall be the same as for adults.

d. Utah resident juveniles, twelve (12) and thirteen (13) years of age, must have a Utah license to fish in Utah. Only a Wyoming stamp is required to fish in Wyoming. The creel limit shall be the same as for adults.

e. A nonresident of Utah and Wyoming, twelve (12) and thirteen (13) years of age, must possess a Utah stamp to fish in Utah and a Wyoming stamp to fish in Wyoming. However, no license is required. The creel limit shall be the same as for adults.

8. No line may have more than three (3) hooks or flies in series or more than one (1) lure. This section shall be interpreted as meaning that the ordinary bass plug, or flatfish or spinner, etc., is legal so long as it does not bear more than the three (3) treble hooks. A gaff or landing net may be used in landing fish already caught by lawful means.

I. Lake Powell Regulations

PERTINENT STIPULATIONS

1. Any person possessing a valid Arizona license may fish in the waters of Lake Powell within Arizona without a Utah stamp, and any person possessing a valid Utah license may fish in the waters of Lake Powell within Utah without an Arizona stamp.

2. Any person qualifying as an Arizona resident having in his possession a valid resident Arizona fishing license and an eight dollar (\$8.00) Utah stamp shall be permitted to fish within the Utah boundaries of Lake Powell.

3. Any person qualifying as a Utah resident having in his possession a valid Utah fishing license and a three dollar (\$3.00) Arizona stamp shall be permitted to fish within the Arizona boundaries of Lake Powell.

4. Juveniles under the age of fourteen (14) may fish without a license. Creel and possession limits shall be the same as for adults EXCEPT only one-half the legal adult limit of trout may be taken.

5. Any person properly licensed pursuant to the regulations set

forth above may fish in any and all waters of Lake Powell and may enter said waters from any point. The fishing stamps of either state **MUST BE SIGNED ACROSS THE FACE** by the holder thereof in the same manner as his name appears on the fishing license of either state.

6. The fishing stamps of either state shall be valid from January 1 to December 31 of the year of issuance, and sale of fishing stamps may be conducted in any manner mutually agreed upon by the Utah Board and Arizona Commission. The respective Board or Commission, in their discretion, may establish licensed dealers in the other state for the purpose of selling licenses and fishing stamps.

7. It is further agreed that each state shall permit only one (1) daily limit of fish per licensed fisherman, and no person shall be permitted to take a daily limit of fish under the regulations of both states in any one (1) day.

8. This agreement shall be applicable to bank fishermen as well as all other fishermen.

J. Bear Lake Regulations

PERTINENT STIPULATIONS

1. That the Wildlife Board of Utah and the Idaho Fish and Game Commission recognize the license rights of both Idaho and Utah fishing license holders to fish in the waters of Bear Lake, whether or not the said waters are within the state of Idaho or the state of Utah.

2. That in all regulations hereinafter enacted by either state only one (1) daily limit of fish may be taken by the holder of a valid fishing license from either or both the states of Utah and Idaho.

3. BAG LIMITS

a. Trout and salmon in the aggregate — six (6) fish, provided that:

(1) Of those six (6), only two (2) may be over sixteen (16) inches.

(2) Only two (2) lake trout (mackinaw) may be included in the daily limit.

b. Whitefish — twenty (20) fish.

c. Cisco — see Section C.3. (Waters With Special Regulations), and Section A.4.c. (limits).

4. BAIT

Dead Bonneville cisco (*Propium gemmiferum*) taken from Bear Lake may be used as bait in Bear Lake proper. All other proclamation regulations pertaining to baits apply including prohibition on use of live fish.

CERTIFICATION

It is provided by law that the above rules and regulations shall have the full force and effect of law. Any violation shall be considered a misdemeanor and shall be prosecuted as such. Each act in violation shall constitute a separate offense.

UTAH STATE
WILDLIFE BOARD
By ROY L. YOUNG
Chairman of
the Board
By DOUGLAS F. DAY
Board Secretary

STATE OF UTAH
COUNTY OF SALT LAKE/ss

I, Douglas F. Day, Director of the Division of Wildlife Resources, acting on behalf of the Division of Wildlife Resources, do hereby certify that the proclamation attached hereto of the Wildlife Board is a true and correct copy and has been duly adopted, filed and published in accordance with the Wildlife Resources Code of Utah.

Noted this 18th day of November, 1980.

DIVISION OF
WILDLIFE RESOURCES
By DOUGLAS F. DAY
Its Director

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of November, 1980.

DOUGLAS L. PAY
Notary Public Residing
in Salt Lake County
My Commission Expires: July 9,
1983.



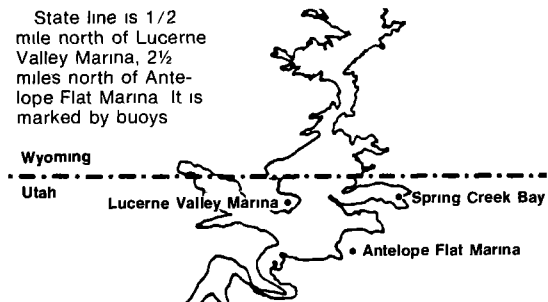
Angling Regulations
FLAMING GORGE

1981

UTAH STATE DIVISION OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES

Flaming Gorge Angling Regulations

State line is 1/2 mile north of Lucerne Valley Marina, 2½ miles north of Antelope Flat Marina. It is marked by buoys



I. LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

Special Use Stamps must be signed across the face.

A Utah residents Resident license plus a valid Wyoming special use stamp (\$3) to fish Wyoming portion of the reservoir

B Wyoming residents Resident license plus a valid Utah special use stamp (\$3) to fish Utah portion of the reservoir

C Nonresidents A Utah or Wyoming license plus an appropriate Utah or Wyoming stamp to fish the reservoir waters not in the state issuing the license

D Juveniles under 12

1 No license or stamp is necessary for residents of Utah or Wyoming

2 Nonresidents of Utah or Wyoming must be accompanied by licensed angler

E Juveniles 12 to 13 years of age

1 Utah residents must have a valid Utah license to fish in Utah. No license is required to fish in Wyoming, but a Wyoming stamp is required.

2 Wyoming residents may fish without a license. A Utah stamp is required to fish in Utah.

3 Nonresidents of Utah or Wyoming must possess a Utah stamp to fish in Utah and a Wyoming stamp to fish in Wyoming. No license is required.

II. DAILY CREEL LIMITS

Creel and possession limits are the same.

A Ten bass, eight trout or salmon, not to include more than two lake trout (Mackinaw)

B For Utah and Wyoming residents under 12 years of age, creel and possession limits shall be four trout or salmon, not to include more than two lake trout, and four game fish of any other species.

C For nonresidents of Utah or Wyoming under 12 years of age, fish must be included in the creel limit of the licensed angler accompanying them.

III. FISHING HOURS

A Fishing is permitted 24 hours a day on reservoir and tributary streams up to 6040 foot elevation.

IV. ANGLING METHODS AND BAITS

A One rod, pole, tip-up, or troll board with one line and not more than three baited hooks or artificial lures may be used

B Any bait is allowed **except** the following live fish, game fish, parts of game fish, corn or hominy

C Anglers must be within 10 feet of rod, pole, tip-up or troll board at all times

D Chumming is prohibited (Chumming is defined as the placing into the water any substance or material including but not limited to fish or parts thereof, which is not affixed to a hook or line, and which may tend to attract the fish to the place where the substance or material is placed)

V. POSSESSION AND TRANSPORTATION

A All fish possessed or transported must be kept in such a manner that species and numbers can be determined

B **No** live fish may be transported or possessed except that fishermen may use a live box to hold a legal limit of game fish

NOTICE

This pamphlet is prepared for information only
Please refer to Utah fishing proclamation or Wyoming
fishing regulations for complete valid rules

A vintage, slightly faded photograph of a boat on a lake. The boat is a light-colored motorboat with a canopy. Several people are on board. One person is sitting on the edge of the boat in the foreground, looking towards the camera. Another person is standing in the middle of the boat, holding a long pole or oar. A dog is lying on the deck. In the background, there are rocky hills and trees. The overall tone is historical and documentary.

Angling Regulations

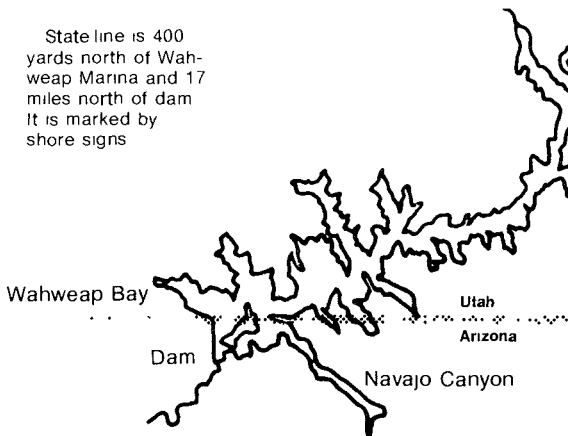
LAKE POWELL

1981

UTAH STATE DIVISION OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES

Lake Powell Angling Regulations

State line is 400 yards north of Wahweap Marina and 17 miles north of dam
It is marked by shore signs



I LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

Special Use Stamps must be signed across the face

A Utah Residents resident license plus an Arizona special use stamp (\$3) to fish Arizona portion of the lake

B Arizona Residents resident license plus Utah special use stamp (\$8) to fish Utah portion of the lake

C. Nonresidents of Utah or Arizona: non-resident Utah short-term or season license for Utah portion of the lake, and/or nonresident Arizona short-term or season license for Arizona portion of the lake.j

D. Juveniles: juveniles under 14 may fish without a license in both the Utah and Arizona portions of Lake Powell.

II. DAILY CREEL LIMITS

Creel and possession limits are the same.

A. Ten bass, six walleye, ten trout, **two** striped bass and twenty-four catfish regardless of weight.

B. All other fish have no bag, size, or possession limits.

C. For juveniles under 14, the creel limit is the same as adult *except* 1 / 2 the legal limit for trout.

III. FISHING HOURS

A. Fishing is permitted 24 hours a day year-round.

IV. ANGLING METHODS AND BAITS

A. **One** rod, pole, or troll board with one line and **not** more than two baited hooks, or two artificial flies, or one mechanical lure with not more than three gangs of hooks are legal.

B Any bait is allowed *except* the following *live fish*, game fish, parts of game fish, corn or hominy

C Chumming is prohibited (Chumming is defined as the placing into the water any substance or material including but not limited to fish or parts thereof, which is not affixed to a hook and line, and which may tend to attract the fish to the place where the substance or material is placed)

D The angler must be within 10 feet of equipment being used at all times

V POSSESSION AND TRANSPORTATION

A All fish possessed or transported must be kept in such a manner that species and numbers can be determined

B No live fish may be transported or possessed except that fishermen may use a live box to hold a legal limit of game fish

NOTICE

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Please refer to Utah fishing proclamation or Arizona
fishing regulations for complete valid rules*