



# 1983-84 FISHING REGULATIONS

## Proclamation for Fish and Other Protected Aquatic Wildlife

After due investigation, we, the Utah State Wildlife Board by authority granted us under the Wildlife Resources Code of Utah (Section 23-14-20), hereby proclaim the following regulations governing the taking of protected aquatic wildlife from the

waters of Utah. Protected aquatic wildlife is defined as all fish, bullfrogs, salamanders, brine shrimp and crayfish. These regulations will rescind all previous regulations and shall be effective January 1, 1983, through December 31, 1984, unless other-

wise altered by our own executive action. All dates herein mentioned shall be inclusive. As a conservation measure, any water or area may be closed to fishing by properly posting with suitable signs and markers and without further notice. It is

unlawful for any person to damage, move, remove, or destroy any signs, placards, or floating markers ordered placed in any part of this State by the Wildlife Board to enforce provisions of this proclamation or other actions of the Wildlife Board.



### Summary of 1983-84 Changes

Listed below are some of the major changes; be sure to acquaint yourself with the regulations for your favorite waters.

**General Season:** This proclamation covers a TWO-YEAR period—season dates May 28 through November 30, 1983, and June 2 through November 30, 1984.

**Limits:** Bonneville Cisco -- 30  
Largemouth and Smallmouth Bass -- 6 (except Lake Powell)  
Channel Catfish on Bear River -- 8  
Striped Bass -- 4

**Whitefish:** Provo River from County Road 241 to State Highway U-35 opened for the 11-month whitefish season.

**Size Limit:** Removed the two fish over 13-inch trout limit on streams EXCEPT on the Weber River (see waters with special regulations).  
Provo River size limits still in effect.  
Largemouth and Smallmouth Bass

**Stream Fishing:** West Fork of the Duchesne River -- artificial lures and flies only.

**Closed Waters:** Mantua Reservoir added due to chemical treatment

**Year-round Waters:** Deer Creek for YELLOW PERCH and WALLEYE ONLY

**Other changes:** Resident juveniles 6 to 12 years old, are given the option of purchasing a resident fishing license and catching a full limit of fish.  
Starvation Reservoir will be CLOSED to the taking of BASS.  
\$1,000 reward for information leading to the apprehension and conviction of anyone possessing or stocking fish without proper authority in any water of the state.  
June Sucker—protected from taking.

### A.1. Season Dates

The taking of protected aquatic wildlife shall be permitted from May 28 through November 30, 1983, and June 2 through November 30, 1984, during the hours from 5:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. in all waters of the State of Utah EXCEPT where otherwise specified under Closed Waters (Section B.), Waters With Special Regulations (Section C.), and Year-Round Waters (Section D.) of this proclamation.

### A.3. Game Fish

The following Utah fish species are designated as game fish: trout, salmon, grayling, Bonneville cisco, all bass species, bluegill, crappie, walleye, northern pike, whitefish, yellow perch, channel catfish and bullhead catfish. All other species are designated as non-game fish.

### A.4. Definition

The term lake or reservoir refers to all water at and below the standing water level existing at any time within the lake or reservoir. Unless posted otherwise, a stream or river flowing into or within a lake or reservoir high water mark is not considered part of the lake or reservoir.

### A.2. Licenses

a. The Utah State Division of Wildlife Resources cannot legally refund the purchase price of a hunting or fishing license, stamp, or certificate of registration for any reason.

b. It shall be unlawful for any person, EXCEPT children under twelve (12) years of age, to take, pursue, or angle for any protected aquatic wildlife, except brine shrimp, salamanders and crayfish for noncommercial use, without first procuring and having on one's person a suitable license or permit to do so EXCEPT as provided in Section A.2.c. below.

c. Juvenile licenses:  
Resident juveniles less than six (6) years of age may fish without a license while in the company of a licensed angler. Fish taken must be included in the limit of the licensed angler. Resident juveniles six (6) through eleven (11) years may fish without a license. The bag limit is one-half (1/2) of the adult limit. Resident juveniles may also purchase a resident fishing license. Bag and possession limits with a resident license are the same as for an adult.

Nonresident juveniles less than twelve (12) years may fish without a license in the company of a licensed angler. Fish caught must be included in the limit of the licensed angler, EXCEPT as provided in Section A.2.d. below. Nonresident juveniles less than twelve (12) years of age may purchase a nonresident fishing license. Bag and possession limits are the same as for an adult licensed angler.

d. Special regulations governing licensing and fishing are now in effect for the waters of BEAR LAKE, LAKE POWELL, and FLAMING GORGE RESERVOIR and are governed by agreements between the respective states. The pertinent stipulations resulting from these agreements are incorporated in this proclamation.

### A.5. Bag and Possession Limits

Daily bag and possession limits are identical. This means any person may not catch or have more than one (1) daily bag limit in his possession regardless of the number of days spent fishing. Possession shall include: home freezers, trailers, cold-storage lockers, detached buildings, etc.

a. TROUT, SALMON IN THE AGGREGATE—

1983: January 1 through May 27 and May 31 through December 31 — eight (8) fish, provided that not more than two (2) lake trout can be taken. May 28 through May 30 — six (6) fish, provided that not more than two (2) lake trout can be taken.

1984: January 2 through June 1 and June 5 through December 31 — eight (8) fish, provided that not more than two (2) lake trout can be taken. June 2 through June 4 — six (6) fish, provided that not more than two (2) lake trout can be taken.

EXCEPTIONS:

(1) Bear Lake — see Bear Lake Agreement (Section J.).

(2) Lake Powell — ten (10) trout and/or salmon in the aggregate.

(3) Panguitch Lake — ice fishing limit five (5) trout (see C.1.f.).

(4) Blacksmith Fork from source to Rock Creek (see C.1.b.).

(5) Flaming Gorge Reservoir — see Flaming Gorge Agreement (Section H.).

(6) Provo River from County Road 241 directly south of Woodland downstream to Highway U-113 at Deer Creek Reservoir and from Deer Creek Reservoir dam downstream to the Olmstead diversion located approximately 6½ miles below Deer Creek Dam — see Waters With Special Regulations (Section C.).

(7) Weber River in Summit County — see Waters With Special Regulations (Section

C.).

b. GRAYLING — Eight (8) fish.

c. BONNEVILLE CISCO — Thirty (30) fish.

d. SMALLMOUTH BASS AND/OR LARGEMOUTH BASS IN THE AGGREGATE —

Six (6) fish, twelve (12) inches minimum size (see Section A.6., size limits) EXCEPT Lake Powell, where the limit is ten (10) fish — see Section C.1.d. (Waters With Special Regulations) for Starvation Reservoir.

e. STRIPED BASS — Four (4) fish.

f. WALLEYE — Six (6) fish EXCEPT in Lake Powell the limit is ten (10) fish, and two (2) fish in tributaries to Utah Lake. In Willard Bay Reservoir, not more than two (2) walleye may exceed sixteen (16) inches in length.

g. NORTHERN PIKE — Six (6) fish.

h. WHITEFISH —

Twenty (20) fish.

i. CHANNEL CATFISH — Twenty-four (24) fish EXCEPT in Utah Lake, Bear River and Willard Bay Reservoir, where the limit is eight (8) fish; and Flaming Gorge Reservoir — see Flaming Gorge Agreement (Section H.).

j. BULLHEAD CATFISH — Twenty-four (24) fish.

k. BLUEGILL — Twenty (20) fish.

l. CRAPPIE — Fifty (50) fish EXCEPT in Lake Powell where there is no bag or possession limit.

m. WHITE BASS, YELLOW PERCH — No bag or possession limit.

n. SALAMANDERS AND CRAYFISH — No bag or possession limit.

o. BRINE SHRIMP AND BRINE SHRIMP EGGS — A weekly total of ten (10) pounds of unwashed brine shrimp and/or brine shrimp

eggs may be taken by an individual for noncommercial purposes (see seining regulations).

p. BULLFROGS —

No bag or possession limit.  
q. THE INDIGENOUS SPECIES LISTED BELOW CANNOT BE TAKEN WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION FROM THE UTAH STATE DIVISION OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES BECAUSE OF LIMITED NUMBERS, OR DISTRIBUTION:  
HUMBACK SUCKER — (Xybrauchen texanus)  
LEAST CHUB — (Iotichthys phlegothontis)  
HUMBACK CHUB — (Gila cypha)  
COLORADO SQUAWFISH — (Ptychocheilus luctus)  
WOUNDFIN — (Plegopterus argentissimus)

## A.5. Bag & Possession Limits Continued

**BONYTAIL CHUB** — (Gila elegans)  
**VIRGIN RIVER SPINEDACE** — (Lepidomedea mollispinis)  
**VIRGIN RIVER CHUB** — (Gila robusta seminuda)

**JUNE SUCKER** — (Chasmistes liorus)  
**r. NONGAME FISH SPECIES** — No bag or possession limit.

## A.6. Size Limits

No size limits on any protected aquatic wildlife species EXCEPT:

- Blacksmith Fork River — No trout over thirteen (13) inches may be taken from Blacksmith Fork River from its source downstream to the confluence with Rock Creek (see Waters with Special Regulations, Section C.).
- Bear Lake — See Bear Lake Agreement (Section J.).
- Special Provo River Section — Brown, brook and cutthroat trout larger than thirteen (13) inches cannot be taken (see Waters With Special Regula-

tions, Section C.).

d. Special Weber River Section —

Only two (2) fish exceeding thirteen (13) inches may be included in the daily limit (see Waters with Special Regulations, Section C.).

e. Willard Bay Reservoir — Not more than two (2) walleye may exceed sixteen (16) inches in total length.

f. Flaming Gorge Reservoir — See Flaming Gorge Agreement (Section H.).

g. Statewide largemouth and small-mouth bass minimum size limit

Twelve (12) inches EXCEPT Lake Powell.

## A.5.s. Juvenile Limits

s. BAG AND POSSESSION LIMITS FOR JUVENILES UNDER TWELVE (12) YEARS OF AGE:

(1) Nonlicensed resident juveniles — one-half (1/2) the adult bag and possession limit EXCEPT fish taken by juveniles under six (6) years of age must be included in the limit of the

licensed angler who must accompany the juvenile. The regulations for juveniles under six (6) years of age do not apply to resident or nonresident juveniles under six (6) years of age on Flaming Gorge Reservoir (see Flaming Gorge Regulations — Section H.) and Lake Powell (see Lake Powell Regulations —

Section I.).

(2) Nonlicensed nonresident juveniles — bag and possession limits must be included in the limits of the licensed angler who must accompany the juvenile.

(3) Licensed juveniles — same as adult bag and possession limit. (See Sections H and I referred to under (1) above.)

## A.5.t. Fish Identification

t. ALL FISH POSSESSED IN THE FIELD OR TRANSPORTED MUST BE KEPT IN SUCH A MANNER THAT SPECIES AND NUMBERS CAN

BE DETERMINED. It shall be unlawful to can, bottle or otherwise preserve any protected aquatic wildlife EXCEPT at a cannery or one's principal place

of domicile. Principal place of domicile does not include campers, house trailers, summer homes or other temporary living quarters.

## B. Closed Waters

1. The following waters are closed to fishing:

- State Property — All waters managed by the Utah State Division of Wildlife Resources for propagation, spawning and fish rearing purposes. Waterfowl nesting grounds and state waterfowl

management areas closed as posted.

b. Box Elder County — Mantua Reservoir closed in 1983 and 1984.

c. Duchesne County — The upper Stillwater Dam construction zone as marked and posted by the Wildlife Board.

- Juab County — Trout Creek, Birch Creek.
- Washington County — Kolob Creek upstream from Kolob Reservoir. Baker Reservoir closed in 1983 and open to the general fishing season in 1984.

## A.7. Methods of Angling — Baits, Lures, Set Lines

### 7. METHODS OF ANGLING

The following regulations governing methods of angling apply to all waters of the State unless detailed in interstate agreement.

a. It shall be unlawful to take or attempt to take game fish by any means other than angling EXCEPT as provided in the Use of Set Lines (Section A.7.h.) and use of Dip Nets (Special Cisco Season — Section C.3.). Angling shall mean fishing with one (1) rod, pole, tip-up, or troll board, held in the hand of, or attended by, the person angling, and having attached thereto a single line with legal hooks, baits, or lures as permitted in this proclamation. "Attended" shall mean the angler shall be within ten (10) feet of equipment being used at all times.

b. "SNAGGING" and "GAFFING" are illegal. "Snag or Gaff Hooks" are hooks with or without handles used to take fish in such a manner that the fish does not take the hook voluntarily in its mouth. A gaff or landing net may be used in landing fish already caught by lawful means.

c. "CHUMMING" is prohibited. Chumming is defined as the placing into the water of any substance or material, including but not limited to fish or parts thereof, which is not affixed to a hook and line and which may tend to attract fish to the place where the substance or material is placed.

d. BAITS: Angling is permitted with any bait EXCEPT corn, hominy, any live fish, game fish or parts thereof (EXCEPT dead cisco may be used in Bear Lake proper — see Bear Lake Agreement). The eggs of all fish species are permitted for bait. The possession of corn and hominy when fishing is illegal.

e. LURES: Angling is permitted with any one mechanical lure, EXCEPT no lure shall have more than three (3) groups of hooks and no line shall have attached thereto more than two (2) baited hooks or two (2) artificial flies. Multiple prongs attached to a single shaft are defined as one (1) hook (see Flaming Gorge Agreement).  
f. LIGHTS, ELECTRICAL AND

MECHANICAL LURES: The use of surface artificial light is permitted for the taking of fish. Lures operated by batteries or other mechanical devices which attract fish by artificial light or sound waves and induce the fish to take the hook voluntarily may be used, provided they do not emit an organic substance to attract fish. It is unlawful to use any device which shocks fish.

g. NONGAME FISH, SALAMANDERS, CRAYFISH, BRINE SHRIMP AND BULLFROGS (except fish listed in Section A.5.q.) may be taken for personal noncommercial use from waters open to angling, by angling, and/or any other method or means EXCEPT gill nets, trammel nets, hoop nets, fyke nets, electrical devices, chemicals, explosives, or firearms.

h. SET LINES may be used to take game fish day or night in Bear River proper including Cutler Reservoir and outlet canals downstream from the Idaho state line, Little Bear River below Valley View Highway (U-30), Malad River, Green River below the Colorado state line, Colorado River, San Juan River, and Utah Lake.  
(1) Set lines are defined as an unattended line anchored at one end to a nonmoving object and not attached to a pole.  
(2) Conventional angling with one (1) pole is permitted concurrent with set line fishing.  
(3) No more than two (2) set lines per angler may be used and they shall not contain more than thirty (30) hooks in the aggregate.  
(4) When fishing set lines, the angler must be on the surface or the bank of the water being fished.  
(5) Any set lines must have attached a legible tag with the name and address of the angler fishing the line(s).

i. USE OF BOATS AND MOTORS: Fishing from boats, rafts, or other floating devices with or without motors is permitted on all waters of the State EXCEPT the following:

- Carbon County — Whitmore Reservoir
- Daggett County — Boats, rafts, or other floating devices without motors are permitted on the Green River from Flaming Gorge Dam downstream to its confluence with Red Creek.
- Juab County — Burriston Ponds.
- Kane County — Duck Creek Spring Lake, Aspen-Mirror Lake.
- San Juan County — Foy Lake, Monicello Lake and Blanding Reservoir #3.
- Sanpete County — Boats, rafts, or other floating devices without motors are permitted on Palisade Lake.
- Utah County — Payson Lakes and Spring Lake. Boats, rafts, or other floating devices without motors are permitted on Tibble Fork Reservoir and Silver Flat Lake Reservoir.
- Washington County — Pine Valley Reservoir.

## C. Waters with Special Regulations

1. The following waters have special regulations:

- Box Elder County — Locomotive Springs open to angling from January 1 through November 15, 1983, and January 14 through November 15, 1984. Willard Bay Reservoir Inlet Channel east of boat harbor buoys as posted shall be closed to angling from March 1 through April 29, 1983 and from March 1 through April 30, 1984.

b. Cache County — Blacksmith Fork River from its source to its confluence with Rock Creek shall be open to angling from May 28 through November 30, 1983, June 2 through November 30, 1984, and only artificial flies and lures may be used. All trout taken over thirteen (13) inches must be released.

c. Daggett County — Sheep Creek below Highway 44 downstream to Flaming Gorge Reservoir only open to angling from May 28 through August 30 and from October 1 through November 30, 1983; and from June 2 through August 30 and

October 1 through November 30, 1984. The demarcation of the mouths of the above stream will be buoyed.

d. Duchesne County — Strawberry River from Soldier Creek Dam downstream to its confluence with Red Creek shall be open to angling July 1 through September 15, 1983, and from June 30 through September 15, 1984. Only artificial flies (does not include weighted lures) may be used.

e. Emery County — West Fork drainage of Duchesne River shall be open to angling July 1 through November 30, 1983 and from June 30 through November 30, 1984. Only artificial lures and flies may be used.

f. Garfield County — Starvation Reservoir is closed only to the taking of largemouth and smallmouth bass.

g. Kane County — That portion of Huntington Creek below Electric Lake Dam downstream to Flood and Engineer's Canyon (approximately four (4) miles) shall be open to angling year-round using artificial flies only which does not include weighted lures.

h. Morgan County — All waters entering Electric Lake shall be open to angling only from July 15 through November 30, 1983, and from July 14 through November 30, 1984.

i. Rich County —

Panguitch Lake is open to fishing only through the ice from January 1 through March 15, 1983, and from January 2 through March 15, 1984. The limit is five (5) trout. A five dollar (\$5.00) Panguitch Lake Ice Fishing Stamp is required and must be in possession and signed across the face thereof when fishing.

j. San Juan County — Navajo Lake open to angling the entire year EXCEPT for the period from April 1 through May 27, 1983, and April 1 through June 1, 1984.

k. Stoddard Slough from Stoddard Lane (northwest of Division of Wildlife Resources property) downstream to the Weber River shall be open to angling only with artificial flies from January 1 through April 30 and May 28 through December 31, 1983; and January 2 through April 30 and June 2 through December 31, 1984.

l. Summit County — Provo River in Summit and Wasatch counties from the County Road 241 directly south of Woodland to Highway U-113 at Deer Creek Reservoir and from Deer Creek Reservoir dam downstream to the Olmstead diversion shall be open during the general trout season with the following special regulations:  
The creel limit on brown, brook and cutthroat trout shall be two (2) fish of each species less than thirteen (13) inches in total length, and on rainbow trout shall be eight (8) fish of which only two (2) may be thirteen (13) inches or larger (EXCEPT on May 28 through June 4, 1984, when the limit shall be six (6) fish). Only a total of eight (8) trout in the aggregate can be taken. Only artificial flies and lures may be used.  
On that reach of the Weber River between Wanship Dam and the backwaters of Echo Reservoir, the daily bag and possession limit shall not include more than two (2) fish exceeding thirteen (13) inches in total length. Only artificial lures and flies may be used after two (2) trout or salmon exceeding thirteen (13) inches in total length have been taken.

1 through July 14, 1983 and from April 1 through July 13, 1984.

m. Utah County — The following regulations shall apply to Ashley Creek from the mouth of Ashley Creek Gorge downstream to the Steinaker (Thornburg) diversion: open to angling during the general trout season using artificial flies only which does not include weighted lures. Bag and possession limit eight (8) trout (EXCEPT on May 28 through May 30, 1983, and June 2 through June 4, 1984, when the limit is six (6) trout) of which not more than four (4) may be brown trout.)  
Brough Reservoir open to angling May 14 through November 30, 1983, and from May 15 through November 30, 1984.

n. Utah County — All tributaries to Utah Lake west and south of Highway U.S. 89 and the Provo River from Highway U-52 to Highway U-89 EXCEPT Payson Lake, McClellan Reservoir, Maple Lake, Red Lake, Payson Creek, Thistle Creek, Bennie Creek, Nebo Creek, Santaquin Creek and Goshen Creek shall be open to year-round 24-hour-a-day angling EXCEPT from February 1 through April 30, when angling shall be permitted only between the hours of 5:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m.  
That section of the lower Provo River from a point ap-

## C. Waters with Special Regulations Cont.

proximately 1.5 miles upstream from Utah Lake to a point 2.0 miles upstream from Utah Lake shall be closed, as posted, to angling between the period February 1 through April 29, 1983, and from February 1 through April 30, 1984.

m. Wasatch County  
Current Creek drainage from Highway U.S. 40 to source, West Fork drainage of Duchesne River and all tributaries to Strawberry Reservoir open to angling July 1 through November 30, 1983, and June 30 through November 30, 1984.

Strawberry River from Soldier Creek Dam downstream to its confluence with Red Creek shall be open to angling from July 1 through September 15, 1983, and from June 30 through September 15, 1984. Only artificial flies (which does not include weighted iigs) may be used.

## C.3. Cisco

Bear Lake is open to the dip netting of Bonneville cisco from January 1 through February 15, 1983, and from January 2 through February 15, 1984. Dip nets shall have a handle not exceeding fourteen (14) feet in length, a net opening not greater than eighteen (18) inches in any diameter and shall be fished by hand without the aid of rope or other attached materials.

## C.4. Walleye and Perch

Deer Creek Reservoir will be open year-round to the taking of yellow perch and walleye. All other species can be taken only during the general fishing season, May 28 through November 30, 1983, and June 2 through November 30, 1984.

## C.5. Spearfishing

Deer Creek Reservoir and Fish Lake are open to taking of trout only by scuba and snorkeling spearfishing between June 1 and September 5. The daily bag and possession limit shall be two (2) fish. Spearfishing shall be permitted from sunrise to sunset, and attracting or immobilizing fish by use of artificial light at any time is prohibited. A spearfishing permit is required and may be obtained without charge from the Salt Lake office of the Division of Wildlife Resources or any of its regional offices.

### FISHES OF UTAH

Find out about Utah's fish species, their life history and habits. Line drawings of all species and colored plates of the trout and other fish found in Utah. Available at all Division offices—Salt Lake, Springville, Ogden, Price, Vernal and Cedar City—in paperback for \$2.00 (add 50 cents if ordering by mail).

## C.2. Whitefish

The following waters are open to the taking of Rocky Mountain whitefish during the period January 1 through April 30 and May 28 through December 31, 1983 and January 2 through April 30, and June 2 through December 31, 1984: Duchesne River proper downstream from the confluence of West Fork; Logan

River proper downstream from Temple Fork; Blacksmith Fork River proper downstream from the confluence of Rock Creek in Cache County; Provo River from county road 241 directly south of Woodland, upstream to Highway U-35; Echo Reservoir; and Weber River in Summit and Morgan counties downstream

from Wanship Dam. Two (2) trout may be taken from these waters under the provisions of this section during the nongeneral fishing season. During the general fishing season, regular trout and possession limits apply.

## F. Trespass

shall elapse from the date of revocation.

Private property shall be deemed posted properly when "No Trespassing" signs and/or a minimum of 100 square inches of fluorescent or bright yellow paint (on exterior fenceposts, trees; or when metal fenceposts are used the entire exterior side must be painted) are displayed at all corners, and at all fishing streams that cross property lines, and along all roads, and trails, gates and rights-of-way entering such land. Posting must be confined to privately owned land under the control of an individual, group or organization and is not valid in restricting access to public lands other than lands controlled by public agencies posted as conservation measures.

Any landowner desiring enforcement of this provision must notify the Division of Wildlife Resources in writing 14 days prior to the opening of any

hunting and fishing season that property is posted in the prescribed manner and that unless anyone has written permission to hunt or fish on the property, the landowner expects the Division to apprehend and prosecute the trespasser.

This section shall not apply to peace or conservation officers in the performance of their duties.

Any person, firm or corporation desiring to permit hunting on privately owned property by the owner or owners and not others, except by permission, may post a special sign "hunting by permission only."

"Hunting by Permission Cards" will be provided to land holders by the Division upon request, for use in granting access to such lands.

Written permission is not required for access to lands posted "hunting by permission"; verbal permission is sufficient for access to such lands.

## D. Year-round Waters

1. The following waters are open to 24-hour year-round angling:

a. Beaver County  
All waters west of Interstate 1-15 EXCEPT Minersville Reservoir.

b. Box Elder County  
All waters EXCEPT Locomotive Springs, Mantua (Box Elder) Creek above the Brigham City Equalization Reservoir, Honeyville Ponds and tributaries to Brigham City (Mantua) Reservoir.

c. Cache County  
Hyrum Reservoir, Little Bear River below Hyrum Reservoir, the Blacksmith Fork River below the Highway U-101 Bridge (mouth of Blacksmith Fork Canyon); and all waters in Cache County west of Highway U.S. 91 EXCEPT Wellsville Reservoir, Newton Reservoir and Spring Creek Reservoir.

d. Carbon County (Emery, Utah)  
Green River; and Price River downstream from Scofield Reservoir Dam.

e. Daggett County  
Flaming Gorge Reservoir but not including the Green River below the reservoir.

f. Davis County

All waters within Davis County, EXCEPT Farmington City Reservoir (located 450 North Main, Farmington, Utah).

g. Duchesne County  
Starvation Reservoir and the Duchesne River downstream from Highway U-208 Bridge.

All ponds, lakes and reservoirs below U.S. Forest Service boundaries EXCEPT Red Creek and Big Sand Wash reservoirs.

h. Emery County  
Green River; and Huntington Creek below Electric Lake Dam downstream to Flood and Engineer's Canyon (see Waters With Special Regulations) and Cottonwood Creek below Joe's Valley Reservoir Dam.

All waters downstream from Mantu Forest boundary EXCEPT Huntington North Reservoir.

i. Garfield County  
Colorado River, Sevier River proper, Asay Creek proper including entire West Fork, East Fork of the Sevier River proper downstream from Highway U-12, Mammoth Creek downstream from Highway U.S. 89 and Lake Powell.

j. Grand County  
Colorado River, Dolores River, Green River, and Mill

Creek from 4th East in Moab to the Colorado River confluence.

k. Juab County

All waters EXCEPT Burrison Ponds, Goshen Creek and streams draining the Deep Creek Mountains.

l. Kane County  
Lake Powell.

m. Millard County  
All waters downstream from the National Forest boundary EXCEPT Oak Creek east of Oak City.

n. Piute County  
Piute Reservoir, Sevier River proper, East Fork Sevier River proper, and Otter Creek below Otter Creek Reservoir Dam, excluding that portion of the spillway from the reservoir to a point 300 feet downstream.

o. Rich County

Big Spring Creek (tributary to Bear Lake), Bear River downstream from Wyoming state line and Bear Lake EXCEPT Swan Creek Bay (see Waters With Special Regulations — Section C.).

p. Salt Lake County  
All waters west of Bonneville Boulevard, Foothill Drive, Wasatch Drive and Wasatch Boulevard.

q. San Juan County

Colorado River, Green River, San Juan River and Lake Powell.

r. Sanpete County  
Gunnison Reservoir, Sandpich River proper, Sevier River proper, Wales Reservoir and Yuba Reservoir.

s. Sevier County  
All waters below National Forest boundary EXCEPT Koosharem Reservoir and Otter Creek.

t. Tooele County  
All waters within Tooele County EXCEPT Clover Creek, North Willow Creek, South Willow Creek, Settlement Creek, Settlement Canyon Reservoir, Vernon Creek, Vernon Creek Reservoir, Little Valley Creek, and streams draining the Deep Creek Mountains.

u. Uintah County  
East Park Reservoir, Paradise Park Reservoir, Green River downstream from the Colorado state line, Central Canal of Ashley Creek south of Maeser Road, all ponds, lakes and reservoirs below U.S. Forest Service boundaries EXCEPT Steinaker, Calder, Matt Warner, Crouse, Red Fleet and Brough reservoirs. (Brough Reservoir, see Waters With Special Regulations

Section C.1.1.).

v. Utah County  
Salem Pond, Spring Lake and all waters west and south of Highway U.S. 89 and the Provo River from Highway U-52 (800 North Orem) to Highway U.S. 89 EXCEPT Payson Lake, McClellan Reservoir, Maple Lake, Red Lake, and Payson, Thistle, Bennie, Nebo, Santaquin and Goshen creeks (see Waters with Special Regulations — Section C.).

w. Wasatch County  
Deer Creek Reservoir for yellow perch and walleye only. (See Waters with Special Regulations, Special Yellow Perch and Walleye Season — Section C.4.)

x. Washington County

All waters below National Forest boundary EXCEPT Baker Reservoir, Kolob Reservoir and tributaries to Kolob Reservoir.

y. Wayne County  
All waters below National Forest boundary EXCEPT Mill Meadow Reservoir.

x. Weber County

Pineview Reservoir; Ogden River drainage below Pineview Reservoir Dam and Weber River drainage in Weber County.

## E. Shipping, Possession, Transportation of Fish

### 1. SHIPPING

It shall be lawful for any fishing license holder to annually ship out of this State two (2) limits of game fish legally taken from the waters of Utah hereby declared open to angling; provided that no more than one (1) limit is shipped per day and is accompanied with a shipping permit obtained from the Utah State Division of Wildlife Resources. Possession ceases when delivered to a common carrier for shipment. A legal limit of game fish may accompany a bona fide fishing license holder as he leaves the State.

### 2. POSSESSION

It shall be unlawful for any person EXCEPT valid fishing

license holders or those holding a valid certificate of registration to have in his possession any species of game fish unless they are accompanied by a seller's receipt or a donation certificate which specifies the number and species of fish donated and/or purchased, the license, or certificate number, name, address and signature of the donor and/or seller and the place where the game fish were taken. It is unlawful to transport game fish on a donation certificate across State lines.

### 3. SELLING

Selling of any protected aquatic wildlife is unlawful unless the seller has a valid private fish installation, seiner's or bait

dealer's certificate of registration.

### 4. POSSESSION AND TRANSPORTATION OF LIVE PROTECTED AQUATIC WILDLIFE

a. It is unlawful for any person to possess or transport live protected aquatic wildlife EXCEPT Utah licensed seiners, or properly registered bait dealers, or as provided in Section E.4.b. of this proclamation, or without written permission from the Utah State Division of Wildlife Resources. However, any person may use, possess and transport live salamanders, crayfish and brine shrimp. This section shall not apply to tropical and goldfish species intended for exhibition or commercial purposes.

Operators of properly registered private fish installations may transport live aquatic wildlife specified by the Wildlife Board in the operator's certificate of registration.

b. None of the above sections shall preclude the use of fish stringers or hold-type cages as part of normal angling procedures, provided they are within one hundred (100) feet of the angler. However, this does not permit the transportation of live fish from waters from which they are taken.

### 5. STOCKING

No person may place into any of the waters of the State of Utah any species of live protected aquatic wildlife without first

obtaining written permission from the Utah State Wildlife Board (EXCEPT when using salamanders and crayfish for angling).

## E.6. Reward

### 6. REWARD

A reward of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) will be paid to any individual providing information which leads to the apprehension and conviction of any individual violating Paragraphs E.4.a. and E.5. of this Section.

## H. Flaming Gorge Regulations

This agreement shall govern only the waters of the Flaming Gorge Reservoir lying below the elevation of 6,040 feet, which is the maximum impoundment elevation of said reservoir. When the surface elevation of the reservoir is below 6,040 feet, the streams tributary to said reservoir may be fished as part of the waters of the reservoir up to said elevation of 6,040 (except Utah tributaries as posted), and all such streams will be clearly marked at such elevation by the respective Commission or Board.

### LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

1. A person having in possession a valid Wyoming fishing license must have in his possession a Utah fishing stamp (three dollars [\$3.00]) to fish in the Utah part of Flaming Gorge Reservoir. A person having in possession a valid Utah fishing license must have in his possession a Wyoming fishing stamp (three dollars [\$3.00]) to fish in the Wyoming portion of Flaming Gorge Reservoir.

2. Any nonresident of Utah not having in possession a valid Wyoming fishing license and who would be required by Utah law to purchase a nonresident Utah fishing license to fish Utah waters, in order to be entitled to fish the Utah part of Flaming Gorge Reservoir, will be required to purchase an appropriate nonresident Utah fishing

license. Conversely, any nonresident of Wyoming not having in possession a valid Utah fishing license and who would be required by Wyoming law to purchase a nonresident Wyoming fishing license to fish Wyoming waters, in order to be entitled to fish the Wyoming part of the Flaming Gorge Reservoir, will be required to purchase an appropriate nonresident Wyoming fishing license.

3. Persons who are either residents or nonresidents of Utah and who are not required by Utah law to purchase a Utah fishing license may fish the Utah part of Flaming Gorge Reservoir under such laws and regulations of Utah as may from time to time be in effect, and under such mutual regulations as the Wyoming Commission and Utah Board from time to time establish. Conversely, persons who are either residents or nonresidents of Wyoming and who are not required by Wyoming law to purchase a Wyoming fishing license may fish the Wyoming part of Flaming Gorge Reservoir under such laws and regulations of Wyoming as may from time to time be in effect, and under such mutual regulations as the Wyoming Commission and the Utah Board from time to time establish.

4. The fishing stamps, when accompanied by a proper license (in those situations where a

license is required), will allow fishing in any portion of said waters as described and limited above and will permit fishermen to enter the described waters from any point. The fishing stamps of either state MUST BE SIGNED ACROSS THE FACE thereof by the person in possession thereof in the same manner as his name appears on either the Wyoming fishing license or the Utah fishing license which he holds (in those situations where a license is required).

### CREEL AND POSSESSION LIMITS

1. It is agreed that only one (1) daily limit of fish may be taken from the reservoir by any one (1) holder of a valid fishing license from either or both of the states of Utah and Wyoming, all to the end that a person will not be permitted to buy both a Utah license and a Wyoming license for the purpose of taking a daily limit of fish in the Wyoming part of the reservoir and a second daily limit of fish on the same day in the Utah part of the reservoir.

2. Adults  
a. Eight (8) trout or salmon in the aggregate, provided that no more than one (1) may be twenty (20) inches or longer; provided further that no more than two (2) fish may be lake trout.

b. Ten (10) black bass and catfish in the aggregate.  
3. Juveniles

a. Utah and Wyoming resident juveniles under twelve (12) years of age are not required to have a license or stamp to fish any portion of the reservoir. The creel limit shall be four (4) game fish of any species, provided that no more than one (1) is a lake trout and only one (1) game fish may exceed twenty (20) inches in length.

b. Utah and Wyoming nonresident juveniles under twelve (12) years of age are not required to have a license or stamp to fish any portion of the reservoir. However, they must be accompanied by a licensed angler and their creel limit included as part of the creel limit of the accompanying licensed angler.

Any nonresident under twelve (12) years of age in Utah and fourteen (14) years of age in Wyoming holding a Utah or Wyoming license may fish in the respective state portion of the reservoir for which they hold a license. A reciprocal stamp is required to fish in the entire reservoir. Creel limits are the same as adults.

c. Wyoming resident juveniles twelve (12) and thirteen (13) years of age are not required to purchase a license to fish any part of the reservoir. However, a Utah stamp is required to fish in Utah. The creel limit shall be four (4) game fish of any species, provided that not more than one (1) is a lake trout and

only one (1) game fish may exceed twenty (20) inches in length.

d. Utah resident juveniles twelve (12) and thirteen (13) years of age must have a Utah license to fish in Utah and a Wyoming stamp is required to fish in Wyoming. The creel limit shall be the same as for adults. See Wyoming regulations which permit a Utah resident unlicensed juvenile to fish in Wyoming; however, they must be accompanied by an angler possessing a valid license and fish caught must be included in the limit of the accompanying angler.

e. A nonresident of Utah and Wyoming twelve (12) and thirteen (13) years of age must possess a Utah license or a Wyoming license and Utah stamp to fish in the Utah portion of the reservoir. The creel limit shall be the same as for adults (see Wyoming Regulations when fishing in Wyoming.)

No line may have more than three (3) hooks or flies in series or more than one (1) lure. This section shall be interpreted as meaning that the ordinary bass plug, or flatfish or spinner, etc., is legal so long as it does not bear more than the three (3) treble hooks. A gaff or landing net may be used in landing fish already caught by lawful means.

## I. Lake Powell Regulations

1. Any person possessing a valid Arizona license may fish in the waters of Lake Powell within Arizona without a Utah stamp, and any person possessing a valid Utah license may fish in the waters of Lake Powell within Utah without an Arizona stamp.

2. Any person qualifying as an Arizona resident having in his possession a valid resident Arizona fishing license and an eight dollar (\$8.00) Utah stamp shall be permitted to fish within

the Utah boundaries of Lake Powell.

3. Any person qualifying as a Utah resident having in his possession a valid Utah fishing license and a three dollar (\$3.00) Arizona stamp shall be permitted to fish within the Arizona boundaries of Lake Powell.

4. Juveniles under the age of fourteen (14) may fish without a license. Creel and possession limits shall be the same as for adults EXCEPT only one-half

(1/2) the legal limit of trout may be taken.

5. Any person properly licensed pursuant to the regulations set forth above may fish in any and all waters of Lake Powell and may enter said waters from any point. The fishing stamps of either state MUST BE SIGNED ACROSS THE FACE by the holder thereof in the same manner as his name appears on the fishing license of either state.

6. The fishing stamps of either state shall be valid from January 1 to December 31 of the year of issuance, and sale of fishing stamps may be conducted in any manner mutually agreed upon by the Utah Board and Arizona Commission. The respective Board or Commission, in their discretion, may establish licensed dealers in the other state for the purpose of selling licenses and fishing stamps.

7. It is further agreed that each state shall permit only one (1) daily limit of fish per licensed fisherman, and no person shall be permitted to take a daily limit of fish under the regulations of both states in any one (1) day.

8. This agreement shall be applicable to bank fishermen as well as all other fishermen.

## J. Bear Lake

1. That the Wildlife Board of Utah and the Idaho Fish and Game Commission recognize the license rights of both Idaho and Utah fishing license holders to fish in the waters of Bear Lake, whether or not the said waters are within the State of Idaho or the State of Utah.

2. That in all regulations hereinafter enacted by either state only one (1) daily limit of fish may be taken by the holder of a valid fishing license from either or both the states of Utah and Idaho.

### BAG LIMITS

a. Trout and salmon in the aggregate — six (6) fish, provided that:

(1) Of those six (6), only two (2) may be over sixteen (16) inches.

(2) Only two (2) lake trout (mackinaw) may be included in the daily limit.

b. Whitefish—twenty (20) fish.  
c. Cisco—see Section C.3. (Waters With Special Regulations), and Section A.5.c. (limits).

### BAIT

Dead Bonneville cisco, *Protopomus gemmiferum*, taken from Bear Lake may be used as bait in Bear Lake proper. All other proclamation regulations pertaining to baits apply including prohibition on use of live fish.

Indian Trust Lands of the Uintah and/or Ouray Reservation are administered separately from state, private and other federal lands. Nonmembers of the Tribe will be required to obtain a permit from the Tribe for fishing on Trust lands of the

## G. Ute Indians

reservation, in addition to a State license, except a State license is not required at Bottle Hollow by nonresidents of the State of Utah. The Utah Division of Wildlife Resources will prosecute all nonmembers fishing upon those lands in violation of

the terms of such permits and licenses, including all bag limits as provided by Tribal ordinance, State and Tribal proclamations including Bottle Hollow. Only one (1) daily limit of fish may be taken by any individual either on or off Indian lands or both.

It is provided by law that the above rules and regulations shall have the full force and effect of law. Any violation shall be considered a misdemeanor and shall be prosecuted as such. Each act in violation shall constitute a separate offense.

Adopted by the Utah State Wildlife Board on the 17th day of November, 1982.

UTAH STATE WILDLIFE BOARD

By Warren T. Harward

Chairman of the Board

By Douglas F. Day

Board Secretary

STATE OF UTAH  
COUNTY OF SALT LAKE  
ss:

On this 17th day of November, 1982, personally appeared before me Douglas F. Day, Director of the Division of Wildlife Resources, acting on behalf of the Division of Wildlife Resources, who duly acknowledged to me that he signed the foregoing proclamation of the Utah Wildlife Board and that the same has been duly adopted and filed and will be published in accordance with the Wildlife Resource Code of Utah.

Douglas L. Pay

Notary Public Residing in Salt

Lake County

My Commission Expires:

July 9, 1983



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# STATE OF UTAH

## AMENDMENT TO THE PROCLAMATION OF THE WILDLIFE BOARD FOR THE TAKING OF FISH AND OTHER PROTECTED AQUATIC WILDLIFE IN 1983-1984

After due investigation, we, the Utah State Wildlife Board, by authority granted us in the Wildlife Resources Code of Utah, hereby amend Sections A.2.c., A.5.d. and A.6.g. of the 1983-1984 Proclamation For the Taking of Fish and Other Protected Aquatic Wildlife. Additionally, a new Section A.2.e. is hereby incorporated and made a part of the original proclamation. This amendment shall be effective May 28, 1983. (Changes are denoted by including the old wording in brackets [ ] and the new wording in bold print.)

### Section A.2.c. (amended):

Resident juveniles less than six (6) years of age may fish without a license while in the company of a licensed angler. Fish taken must be included in the limit of the licensed angler. Resident juveniles six (6) through eleven (11) years may fish without a license. The bag limit is one-half (½) of the adult limit. [Resident juveniles may also purchase a resident fishing license.]

Resident juveniles six (6) through eleven (11) years may also purchase a Utah Resident Fishing License Age 1 and Under 12.

Bag and possession limits with a resident license are the same as for an adult.

Nonresident juveniles less than twelve (12) years may fish without a license in the company of a licensed angler. Fish caught must be included in the limit of the licensed angler, EXCEPT as provided in Section A.2.d. below. Nonresident juveniles less than twelve (12) years of age may purchase a nonresident fishing license. Bag and possession limits are the same as for an adult licensed angler.

### Section A.2.e. (new):

#### Trout Stamp:

All persons licensed to fish in Utah are required to purchase a Trout Stamp before fishing for trout. EXCEPTIONS to this requirement are disabled persons (as described in Sections 23-19-36 and 23-19-37 of the Wildlife Resources Code of Utah), nonresident's fishing with a one (1) or five (5) day license, and anglers fishing the interstate waters of Boar Lake, Flaming Gorge and Lake Powell.

Trout Stamp fees are \$3.30 for licensed anglers sixteen (16) years of age and older and \$3.30 for licensed anglers under sixteen (16) years of age. License agents shall receive thirty cents (30c) for each Trout Stamp issued.

The Trout Stamp is nontransferable and must be validated by the signature of the angler across the face of the stamp. The Trout Stamp must be in possession of the angler while fishing, possessing and/or transporting trout. Trout shall mean all species of the family Salmonidae except whitefish.

### Section A.5.d. (amended):

#### SMALLMOUTH BASS AND/OR LARGEMOUTH BASS IN THE AGGREGATE

[Six (6) fish, twelve (12) inches minimum size (see Section A.6., size limits) EXCEPT Lake Powell, where the limit is ten (10) fish — see Section C.1.d. (Waters With Special Regulations) for Starvation Reservoir.]

Six (6) fish (see Section A.6.g., size limits), EXCEPT in interstate waters, such as Flaming Gorge, Boar Lake and Lake Powell, where the limit shall be ten (10) fish. Starvation Reservoir is closed to the taking of largemouth and smallmouth bass (see Section C.1.d.).

### Section A.6.o. (old):

[Statewide largemouth and smallmouth bass minimum size limit]

[Twelve (12) inches EXCEPT Lake Powell.]

### Section A.6.g. (amended):

There is no size limit on largemouth and smallmouth bass, EXCEPT at Lower Gunkick, Pineview, Deer Creek, Willard Bay and Cutler reservoirs and Utah Lake, where the minimum size limit shall be twelve (12) inches.

It is provided by law that the above amendment has the full force and effect of law. Only the above sections of the proclamation are amended. All other provisions of the proclamation remain in full force and effect. Any violation shall be considered a misdemeanor and shall be prosecuted as such. Each act in violation shall constitute a separate offense.

Adopted by the Utah State Wildlife Board on the 23rd day of December, 1982, and the 20th day of January, 1983.

UTAH STATE WILDLIFE BOARD  
By WARREN T. HARWARD  
Chairman of the Board  
By DOUGLAS F. DAY  
Board Secretary

STATE OF UTAH

COUNTY OF SALT LAKE

)  
) SS  
)

On this 20th day of January, 1983, personally appeared before me, Douglas F. Day, Director of the Division of Wildlife Resources, acting on behalf of the Division of Wildlife Resources, who duly acknowledged to me that he signed the foregoing amendment of the Utah Wildlife Board and that the same has been duly adopted and filed and will be published in accordance with the Wildlife Resources Code of Utah.

DOUGLAS L. PAY  
Notary Public Residing in Salt Lake County

My Commission Expires: July 9, 1983.

**STATE OF UTAH**  
**AMENDMENT TO THE PROCLAMATION OF THE**  
**WILDLIFE BOARD FOR THE TAKING OF FISH AND**  
**OTHER PROTECTED AQUATIC WILDLIFE IN 1983-1984**

After due investigation, we, the Utah Wildlife Board, by authority granted us under the Wildlife Resources Code of Utah, hereby amend Sections A.5.e. and A.5.1. (bag and possession limits) of the 1983-1984 Proclamation For The Taking of Fish and Other Protected Aquatic Wildlife. This amendment shall be effective January 1, 1984. (Changes are denoted by including the old wording in brackets [ ] and the new wording in bold print underlined.)

Section A.5.e. (amended):

STRIPED BASS—[Four (4) fish.] Six (6) fish.

Section A.5.1. (amended):

CRAPPIE—[Fifty (50) fish EXCEPT in Lake Powell where there is no bag or possession limit.] Fifty (50) fish.

It is provided by law that the above amendment has the full force and effect of law. Only the above sections of the proclamation are amended. All other provisions of the proclamation remain in full force and effect. Any violation shall be considered a misdemeanor and shall be prosecuted as such. Each act in violation shall constitute a separate offense.

Adopted by the Utah State Wildlife Board on the 9th day of November, 1983.

UTAH STATE WILDLIFE BOARD

By Warren T. Harward  
Chairman of the Board

By Douglas F. Day  
Board Secretary

STATE OF UTAH            )  
                                  ) ss  
COUNTY OF SALT LAKE

On this 9th Day of November, 1983, personally appeared before me, Douglas F. Day, Director of the Division of Wildlife Resources, acting on behalf of the Division of Wildlife Resources, who duly acknowledged to me that he signed the foregoing amendment of the Utah Wildlife Board and that the same has been duly adopted and filed and will be published in accordance with the Wildlife Resources Code of Utah.

My Commission Expires:  
July 10, 1987

Douglas L. Pay  
Notary Public Residing in Salt Lake County

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**AMENDMENT TO THE PROCLAMATION  
OF THE WILDLIFE BOARD  
FOR THE TAKING OF FISH AND OTHER PROTECTED  
AQUATIC WILDLIFE IN 1983-1984**

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After due investigation, we, the Utah Wildlife Board, by authority granted us under the Wildlife Resources Code of Utah, hereby amend Section A. 5.e. (bag and possession limits) of the 1983-1984 Proclamation For The Taking of Fish and Other Protected Aquatic Wildlife. This amendment shall be effective June 23, 1984. (Changes are denoted by including the old wording in brackets [ ] and the new wording in bold print.)

Section A. 5.e. (amended):

**STRIPED BASS —**

**[Six (6) fish] TEN (10) FISH PROVIDED  
THAT NOT MORE THAN TWO (2) FISH MAY  
BE LONGER THAN 30 INCHES EACH.**

It is provided by law that the above amendment has the full force and effect of law. Only the above section of the proclamation is amended. All other provisions of the proclamation remain in full force and effect. Any violation shall be considered a misdemeanor and shall be prosecuted as such. Each act in violation shall constitute a separate offense.

Adopted by the Utah State Wildlife Board on the 18th day of May, 1984.

UTAH STATE WILDLIFE BOARD

By Warren T. Harward  
Chairman of the Board

By William H. Geer  
Board Secretary

STATE OF UTAH )  
COUNTY OF SALT LAKE )SS

On this 18th day of May, 1984, personally appeared before me, William H. Geer, Acting Director of the Division of Wildlife Resources, acting on behalf of the Division of Wildlife Resources, who duly acknowledged to me that he signed the foregoing amendment of the Utah Wildlife Board and that the same has been duly adopted and filed and will be published in accordance with the Wildlife Resources Code of Utah.

DOUGLAS L. PAY  
Notary Public Residing in Salt Lake County

My Commission Expires:  
July 10, 1987



## 1983 UTAH TROUT STAMP

In an effort to increase funds available for the state's trout fishing programs, the Utah Wildlife Board has instituted a trout fishing stamp. Past efforts to increase fishing license fees have failed in the Utah Legislature. The trout stamp takes effect at the start of the regular fishing season (May 28, 1983).

Any licensed fisherman will be required to have a validated (signed) trout stamp in his/her possession while fishing for, possessing, or transporting trout. Interstate waters (Bear Lake, Flaming Gorge Reservoir, and Lake Powell) are exempt from the trout stamp requirement.

Fishing in waters not considered trout waters, such as Utah Lake, Willard Bay, and Blue Lake, will not require a trout stamp. However, when fishing in waters that contain trout in combination with other fish species (Pineview Reservoir, Deer Creek Reservoir, etc.) anglers are urged to have the stamp. If you catch a trout in one of those waters, you are required to have a trout stamp and may be given a citation if you do not.

The Utah Division of Wildlife Resources is anxious to progress with Utah trout fishery projects and sincerely appreciates your support of the trout stamp.

WHERE YOUR TROUT STAMP MONEY  
WILL BE SPENT TO SUPPORT  
FUTURE UTAH FISHING

Hatchery renovation:

- Rebuild Beaver Hatchery (over \$5 million) including a new water collection system, hatchery building, fish rearing facilities, and water outflow system;
- Provide a new water collection system at Springville Hatchery (\$1 million) to improve water quality and increase fish production;
- Improve filtration system at Glenwood and Mantua Hatcheries (\$1 million) to remove toxic ammonia from recycled hatchery water.

Conservation pools: \$800,000 needed to obtain conservation pools (areas where enough water is retained in a reservoir to insure fish survival).

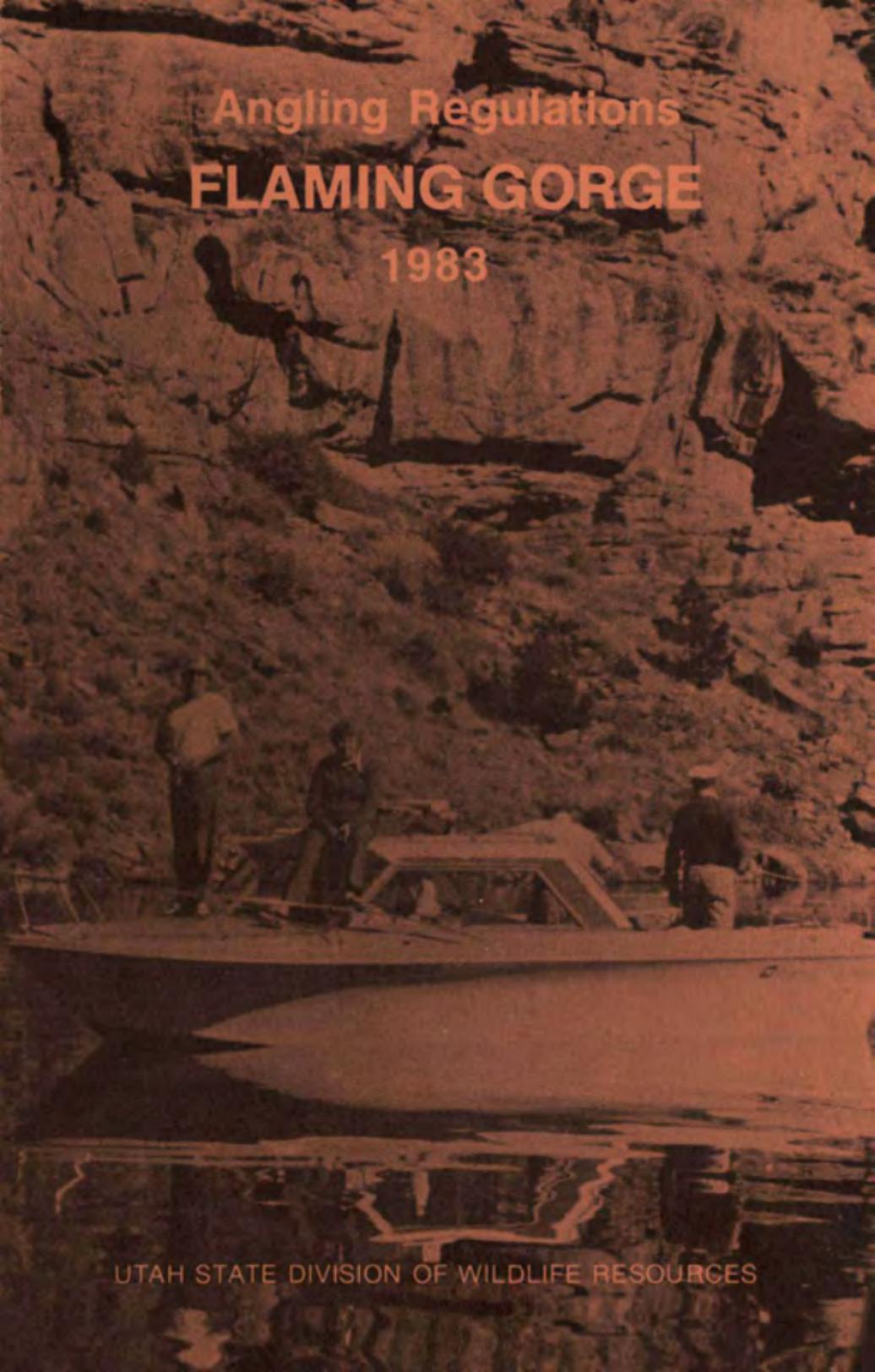
Public access: \$300,000 needed to start obtaining public access to streams and reservoirs including Current Creek and the Weber, Strawberry and Fremont Rivers.

Chemical treatment: treat declining fisheries including Strawberry Reservoir (\$2 million for Strawberry alone) to remove undesirable fish species.



UTAH  
NATURAL RESOURCES & ENERGY  
Wildlife Resources





Angling Regulations  
**FLAMING GORGE**  
1983

UTAH STATE DIVISION OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES

# LICENSE REQUIREMENTS TO FISH FLAMING GORGE RESERVOIR

UTAH PORTION						WYOMING PORTION					
RESIDENT UTAH LICENSE	UTAH STAMP	RESIDENT WYOMING LICENSE	NONRESIDENT UTAH LICENSE	NONRESIDENT WYOMING LICENSE	ACCOMPANIED BY LICENSED ADULT	RESIDENT UTAH LICENSE	RESIDENT WYOMING LICENSE	WYOMING STAMP	NONRESIDENT UTAH LICENSE	ACCOMPANIED BY LICENSED ADULT	
					UTAH RESIDENTS 14 AND OVER						
					UTAH RESIDENTS 12 AND 13						●
					UTAH RESIDENTS UNDER 12						●
					WYOMING RESIDENTS 14 AND OVER						
					WYOMING RESIDENTS 12 AND 13						
					WYOMING RESIDENTS UNDER 12						
					NONRESIDENTS OF UTAH AND WYOMING - 14 AND OVER						
	OR								OR		
					NONRESIDENTS OF WYOMING AND UTAH 12 AND 13						●
	OR										
					NONRESIDENTS OF UTAH AND WYOMING UNDER 12						●

● YOUTHS NOT REQUIRED TO BUY A LICENSE HAVE THE OPTION TO BUY A LICENSE AND APPROPRIATE STAMPS WHICH WILL ENTITLE THEM TO A FULL CREEL LIMIT .

## II. DAILY CREEL AND POSSESSION LIMITS.

### A. Fully Licensed Fishermen.

1. Eight (8) trout or salmon singly or in the aggregate, only one (1) may be 20 inches or

lake trout (Mackinaw).

2. Ten (10) black bass or catfish singly or in the aggregate (in addition to the trout and salmon limits).

B. Utah and Wyoming residents under 14 years of age who are not required to have a license or possess only a stamp.

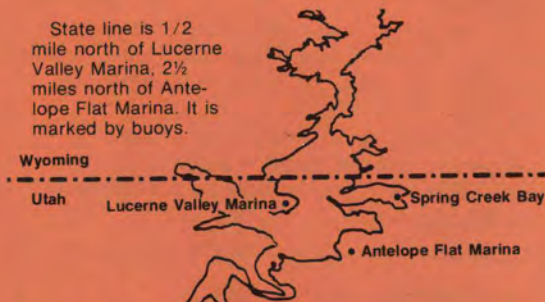
Four (4) game fish of any species, no more than one (1) can be a lake trout, and no more than one (1) can be 20 inches or longer.

C. Non-Wyoming and non-Utah resident youths not required to have a license.

Fish taken must be included in the creel limit of the licensed adult accompanying them.

D. Only one creel limit per person regardless of number of licenses or stamp held.

State line is 1/2 mile north of Lucerne Valley Marina, 2 1/2 miles north of Antelope Flat Marina. It is marked by buoys.



### III. FISHING HOURS

A. Fishing is permitted 24 hours a day on reservoir and tributary streams up to 6040 foot elevation.

#### **IV. ANGLING METHODS AND BAITS**

A. One rod, pole, tip-up, or troll board with one line and not more than three baited hooks or artificial lures may be used.

B. Any bait is allowed **except** the following: live fish, game fish, parts of game fish, corn or hominy.

C. Anglers must be within 10 feet of rod, pole, tip-up or troll board at all times.

D. Chumming is prohibited. Chumming is defined as the placing into the water any substance or material including but not limited to fish or parts thereof, which is not affixed to a hook or line, and which may tend to attract the fish to the place where the substance or material is placed.

#### **V. POSSESSION AND TRANSPORTATION**

A. All fish possessed or transported must be kept in such a manner that species, numbers, and length, when applicable, can be determined.

B. No live fish may be transported or possessed except that a live box or stringer may be used to hold a legal limit of game fish on the reservoir.

**THIS PAMPHLET IS PREPARED FOR  
INFORMATION ONLY.**

Please refer to Utah fishing proclamation or Wyoming fishing regulations for complete valid rules. Utah Wildlife Resources is an equal opportunity employer.

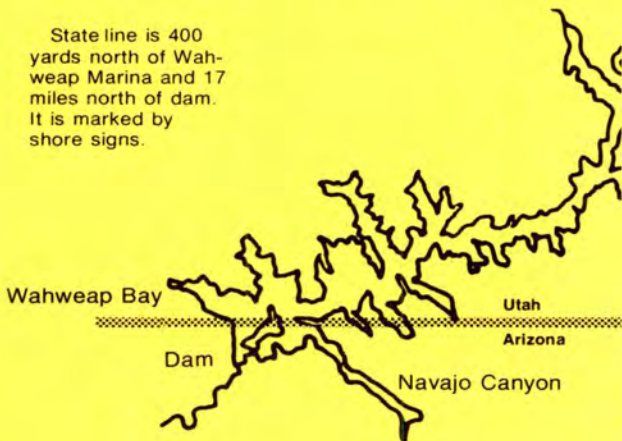
# Angling Regulations **LAKE POWELL** 1983



UTAH STATE DIVISION OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES

# Lake Powell Angling Regulations

State line is 400 yards north of Wahweap Marina and 17 miles north of dam. It is marked by shore signs.



## I. LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

*Special Use Stamps must be signed across the face.*

**A. Utah Residents:** resident license plus an Arizona special use stamp (\$3) to fish Arizona portion of the lake.

**B. Arizona Residents:** resident license plus Utah special use stamp (\$8) to fish Utah portion of the lake.

**C. Nonresidents of Utah or Arizona:** non-resident Utah short-term or season license for Utah portion of the lake, and/or nonresident Arizona short-term or season license for Arizona portion of the lake.

**D. Juveniles:** Resident and nonresident juveniles under 14 may fish without a license in both the Utah and Arizona portions of Lake Powell.

## **II. DAILY CREEL LIMITS**

<i>Daily creel and total possession limits are the same.</i>
--

A. Ten bass, six walleye, ten trout, four striped bass and twenty-four catfish regardless of weight.

B. All other fish have no bag, size, or possession limits.

C. For juveniles under 14, the creel limit is the same as adult *except* 1 / 2 the legal limit for trout.

## **III. FISHING HOURS**

A. Fishing is permitted 24 hours a day year-round.

## **IV. ANGLING METHODS AND BAITS**

A. One rod, pole, or troll board with one line and not more than two baited hooks, or two artificial flies, or one mechanical lure with not more than three gangs of hooks are legal.

B. Any bait is allowed *except* the following: *live fish*, game fish, parts of game fish, corn or hominy.

C. Chumming is prohibited. (Chumming is defined as the placing into the water any substance or material including but not limited to fish or parts thereof, which is not affixed to a hook and line, and which may tend to attract the fish to the place where the substance or material is placed.)

D. The angler must be within 10 feet of equipment being used at all times.

## **V. POSSESSION AND TRANSPORTATION**

A. All fish possessed or transported must be kept in such a manner that species and numbers can be determined.

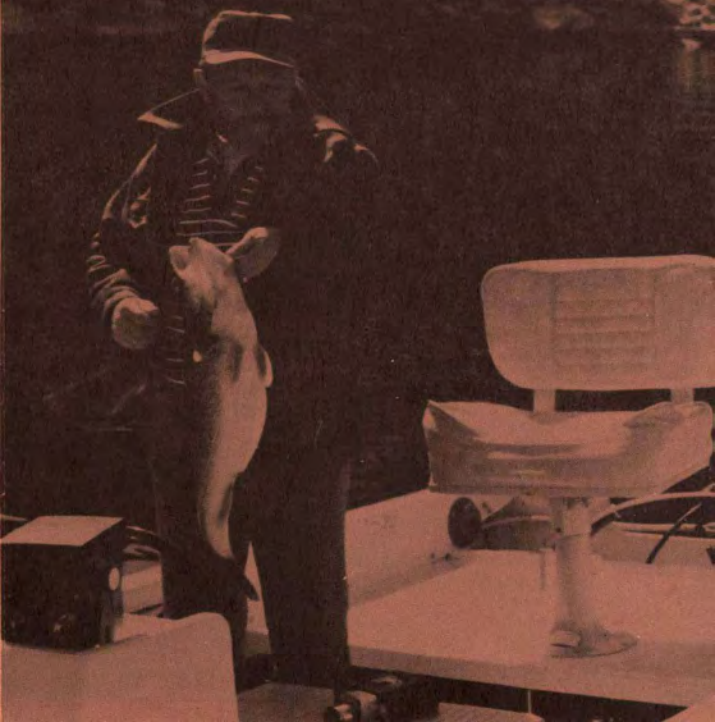
B. No live fish may be transported or possessed except that fishermen may use a live box to hold a legal limit of game fish.

### **NOTICE**

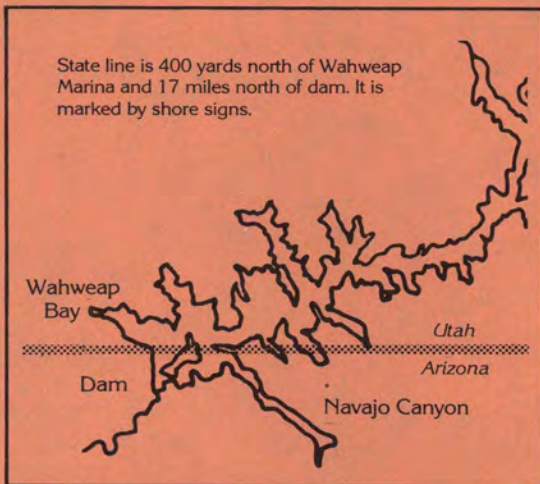
**THIS PAMPHLET IS PREPARED FOR  
INFORMATION ONLY.**

*Please refer to Utah fishing proclamation or Arizona  
fishing regulations for complete valid rules.*

Angling Regulations  
**LAKE POWELL**  
**1984**



# Lake Powell Angling Regulations



## I. LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

*Special Use Stamps must be signed across the face.*

**A. Utah Residents:** resident license plus an Arizona special use stamp (\$3) to fish Arizona portion of the lake.

**B. Arizona Residents:** resident license plus Utah special use stamp (\$8) to fish Utah portion of the lake.

**C. Nonresidents of Utah or Arizona:** non-resident Utah short-term or season license for Utah portion of the lake, and/or nonresident Arizona short-term or season license for Arizona portion of the lake.

**D. Juveniles:** Resident and nonresident juveniles under 14 may fish without a license in both the Utah and Arizona portions of Lake Powell.

## **II. DAILY CREEL LIMITS**

*Daily creel and total possession limits are the same.*

A. Ten bass, ten walleye, ten trout, six striped bass, fifty crappie and twenty-four catfish regardless of weight.

B. All other fish have no bag, size, or possession limits.

C. For juveniles under 14, the creel limit is the same as adult *except*  $\frac{1}{2}$  the legal limit for trout.

## **III. FISHING HOURS**

A. Fishing is permitted 24 hours a day year round

## **IV. ANGLING METHODS AND BAITS**

A. One rod, pole, or troll board with one line and not more than two baited hooks, or two artificial flies, or one mechanical lure with not more than three gangs of hooks are legal.

B. Any bait is allowed *except* the following: *live*

*fish, game fish, parts of game fish, corn or hominy.*

C. Chumming is prohibited. (Chumming is defined as the placing into the water of any substance or material including but not limited to fish or parts thereof, which is not affixed to a hook and line, and which may tend to attract the fish to the place where the substance or material is placed.)

D. The angler must be within 10 feet of equipment being used at all times.

## **V. POSSESSION AND TRANSPORTATION**

A. All fish possessed or transported must be kept in such a manner that species and numbers can be determined.

B. No live fish may be transported or possessed except that fishermen may use a live box to hold a legal limit of game fish.

**NOTICE  
THIS PAMPHLET IS PREPARED FOR  
INFORMATION ONLY.**

*Please refer to Utah fishing proclamation or Arizona fishing regulations for complete valid rules.*