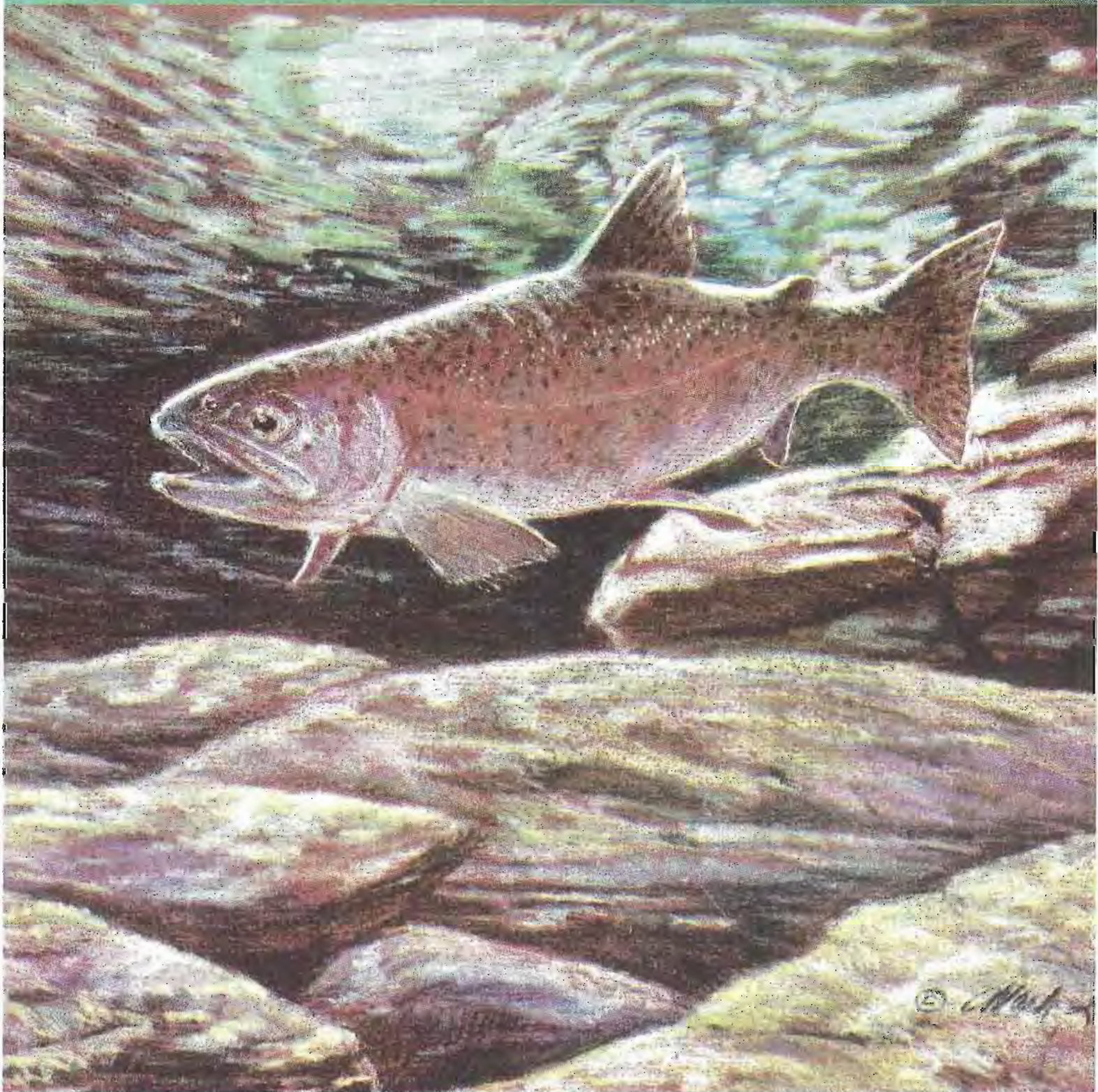


1998 Utah Fishing Proclamation

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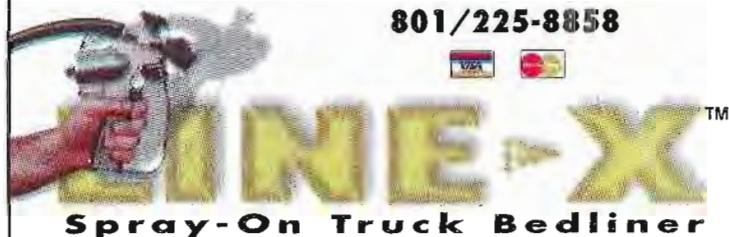


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SOME CHANGES TO THE 1998 FISHING PROCLAMATION

1) TROUT LIMIT WAS REDUCED FROM 8 TO 4 FISH AT:

Deer Creek Reservoir
Farmington City Reservoir
Tony Grove Reservoir
Honeyville Pond
Indian Peaks Pond
Kaysville Pond
Pine Grove Pond
Twenty-First Street Pond
Logan River - from Card Canyon Bridge
downstream to Cutler Marsh (including all
impoundments)
Stoddard Slough (above Stoddard Lane)

2) CHANGES IN WALLEYE LIMITS ARE:

- Deer Creek and Yuba reservoirs and Utah
Lake: Walleye limit six, with no more than
one walleye over 20 inches
- Starvation Reservoir: Walleye limit 10,
with no more than one walleye over 20
inches

3) BAIT IS NOW DEFINED AS "... a digestible
substance, including worms, cheese, salmon
eggs, marshmallows or manufactured baits
including human-made items that are chem-
ically treated with food stuffs, chemical fish
attractants or feeding stimulants."

4) NEW REGULATION AT KOLOB RESERVOIR:
Artificial flies and lures only. **ONLY** two
trout over 18 inches may be kept; all others
must be immediately released.

5) AT BEAR LAKE ALL CUTTHROAT TROUT
AND TROUT WITH CUTTHROAT MARKINGS
with all fins intact are to be immediately
released. Only cutthroat trout and trout
with cutthroat markings that have one or
more healed fins clipped may be kept.

6) AT ECHO RESERVOIR ALL BASS less than
12 inches must be immediately released.

7) NEW REGULATION AT EAST FORK LITTLE
BEAR RIVER: (Porcupine Dam downstream to
the Avon-Paradise County road) Artificial flies
and lures only. Trout and salmon limit 2.

8) As of July 1, 1997, the WILDLIFE HABITAT
AUTHORIZATION is \$5.25.

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STATE OF UTAH
DIVISION OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES
PROCLAMATION OF THE WILDLIFE BOARD
FISH AND CRAYFISH 1998

I. DEFINITIONS

(23-13-2 & R657-13-2)

- (1) **"Aggregate"** means the combined total of two or more species of fish or two or more size classes of fish which are covered by a limit distinction (i.e., trout and salmon in the aggregate).
 - (2) **"Angling"** means fishing with a rod, pole, tipup, handline or trollboard that has a single line with legal hooks, baits or lures attached to it, and is held in the hands of, or within sight of (not to exceed 100 feet), the person fishing.
 - (3) (a) **"Artificial fly"** means a fly made by the method known as fly tying.
(b) **"Artificial fly"** does not mean a weighted jig, lure, spinner, attractor blade or bait.
 - (4) **"Artificial lure"** means a device made of rubber, wood, metal, glass, fiber, feathers, hair or plastic with a hook or hooks attached. Artificial lures (including artificial flies) do not include fish eggs or other chemically treated or processed natural baits or any natural or human-made food, or any lures that have been treated with a natural or artificial fish attractant or feeding stimulant.
 - (5) **"Bag limit"** means the maximum limit, in number or amount, of protected wildlife that one person may legally take during one day.
 - (6) **"Bait"** means a digestible substance, including worms, cheese, salmon eggs, marshmallows or manufactured baits including human-made items that are chemically treated with food stuffs, chemical fish attractants or feeding stimulants. Legal baits are described in Section II.B.7. Bait, page 8.
 - (7) **"Chumming"** means dislodging or depositing in the water any substance not attached to a hook, line or trap, which may attract fish.
 - (8) (a) **"Domicile"** means the place:
 - (i) where an individual has a fixed permanent home and principal establishment;
 - (ii) to which the individual if absent, intends to return; and
 - (iii) in which the individual and the individual's family voluntarily reside, not for a special or temporary purpose, but with the intention of making a permanent home.
 (b) To create a new domicile an individual must:
 - (i) abandon the old domicile; and
 - (ii) be able to prove that a new domicile has been established.
 - (9) **"Fishing"** means to take fish or crayfish by any means.
 - (10) **"Fishing contest"** means any organized event or gathering where anglers are awarded prizes, points or money for their catch.
 - (11) **"Float tube"** means an inflatable floating device less than 48 inches in any dimension, capable of supporting one person.
 - (12) **"Gaff"** means a spear or hook, with or without a handle, used for holding or lifting fish.
 - (13) **"Game fish"** means Bonneville cisco; bluegill; bullhead; channel catfish; crappie; green sunfish; largemouth bass; Northern pike; Sacramento perch; smallmouth bass; striped bass; trout (rainbow, albino, cutthroat, brown, golden, brook, lake/mackinaw, kokanee salmon, and grayling or any hybrid of the foregoing); tiger muskellunge; walleye; white bass; whitefish; wiper; and yellow perch.
 - (14) **"Handline"** means a piece of line held in the hand and not attached to a pole used for taking fish or crayfish.
 - (15) **"Immediately released"** means that the fish should be quickly unhooked and released back into the water where caught. Fish that must be immediately released cannot be held on a stringer, or in a live well or any other container or restraining device.
 - (16) **"Lake"** means the standing water level existing at any time within a lake basin. Unless posted otherwise, a stream flowing inside or within the high water mark is not considered part of the lake.
 - (17) **"Length measurement"** means the greatest length between the tip of the head or snout and the tip of the caudal (tail) fin when the fin rays are squeezed together. Measurement is taken in a straight line and not over the curve of the body.
 - (18) **"Motor"** means an electric or internal combustion engine.
 - (19) **"Nongame fish"** means species of fish not listed as game fish.
- (See Section II. C. Prohibited Fish for prohibited nongame fish on page 8).
- (20) **"Nonresident"** means a person who does not qualify as a resident.
 - (21) **"Possession"** means actual or constructive possession.
 - (22) **"Possession limit"** means, for purposes of this proclamation only, one bag limit, including fish at home, in a cooler, camper, tent, freezer or any other place of storage.
 - (23) **"Protected aquatic wildlife"** means, for purposes of this proclamation only, all species of fish, crustaceans or amphibians.
 - (24) **"Reservoir"** means the standing water level existing at any time within a reservoir basin. Unless posted otherwise, a stream flowing inside or within the high water mark is not considered part of the reservoir.
 - (25) (a) **"Resident"** means a person who:
 - (i) has been domiciled in the state of Utah for six consecutive months immediately preceding the purchase of a license; and
 - (ii) does not claim residency for hunting, fishing or trapping in any other state or country.
 (b) A Utah resident retains Utah residency if that person leaves this state:
 - (i) to serve in the armed forces of the United States or for religious or educational purposes; and
 - (ii) complies with Subsection (a)(ii).
 (c)(i) A member of the armed forces of the United States and dependents are residents for the purposes of this chapter as of the date the member reports for duty under assigned orders in the state if the member:
 - (A) is not on temporary duty in this state; and
 - (B) complies with Subsection (a)(ii).
 (ii) A copy of the assignment orders must be presented to a wildlife Division office to verify the member's qualification as a resident.
 - (d) A nonresident attending an institution of higher learning in this state as a full-time student may qualify as a resident for purposes of this chapter if the person:
 - (i) has been present in this state for 60 consecutive days immediately preceding the purchase of the license; and
 - (ii) complies with Subsection (a)(ii).
 - (e) A Utah resident license is invalid if a resident license for hunting, fishing or trapping is purchased in any other state or country.
 - (f) An absentee landowner paying property tax on land in Utah does not qualify as a resident.
- (26) **"Second pole"** means fishing with one additional rod, pole, tipup, handline or trollboard that has a single line with legal hooks, bait or lures attached to it, and is held in the hands of, or within sight (not to exceed 100 feet) of the person fishing. (A valid fishing or combination license and second pole permit are required to use a second pole on selected waters).
 - (27) **"Setline"** means a line anchored to a non-moving object and not attached to a fishing pole.
 - (28) **"Single hook"** means a hook or multiple hooks having a common shank.
 - (29) **"Snagging"** or **"gaffing"** means to take a fish in a manner that the fish does not take the hook voluntarily into its mouth.
 - (30) **"Take"** means to:
 - (a) hunt, pursue, harass, catch, capture, possess, angle, seine, trap or kill any protected wildlife; or
 - (b) attempt any action referred to in Subsection (a).
 - (31) **"Tributary"** means a stream flowing into a larger stream, lake or reservoir.
 - (32) (a) **"Trout"** means species of the family Salmonidae, including rainbow, albino, cutthroat, brown, golden, brook, lake/mackinaw, kokanee salmon, and grayling or any hybrid of the foregoing.
(b) "Trout" does not include whitefish or Bonneville cisco.
 - (33) **"Underwater spearfishing"** means fishing by a person swimming or diving and using a mechanical device held in the hand which uses a rubber band, spring or pneumatic power to propel a spear to take fish.
 - (34) **"Waste"** means to abandon protected wildlife or to allow protected wildlife to spoil or to be used in a manner not normally associated with its beneficial use.

II. GENERAL PROVISIONS

This section sets forth general provisions of statute and rule which apply to taking fish and crayfish. Exceptions to these provisions are provided in IV. PROVISIONS FOR SPECIFIC WATERS beginning on page 12.

A. LICENSES, PERMITS AND STAMPS

1. Licenses, Permits & Stamps (23-19-1)

(1) A person may not engage in fishing or seining protected wildlife or in the sale, trade or barter of protected wildlife or their parts without first having procured the necessary licenses, Certificates of Registration, permits and tags as provided under Title 23, Wildlife Resources Code, and having at the same time the licenses, Certificates of Registration, permits and tags on his or her person, except as provided in Section 3.

(2) A person may not lend, transfer, sell, give or assign licenses, Certificates of Registration, permits, or tags belonging to the person or the rights granted by licenses, Certificates of Registration, permits or tags or use or attempt to use a license, Certificates of Registration, permit or tag of another person.

2. Wildlife Habitat Authorization

(23-19-42)

(1) A person 14 years of age or older must purchase an annual Wildlife Habitat Authorization before purchasing any license, permit or a Wildlife Heritage Certificate required by this proclamation, except one day fishing licenses, reciprocal fishing stamps and special licenses.

(2) A person must purchase only one Wildlife Habitat Authorization each year regardless of the number of licenses or permits purchased during that year.

(3) A person is not required to have the Wildlife Habitat Authorization on his or her person while hunting or fishing.

3. Free Fishing Day (23-19-1 & R657-13-3)

A license is not required on Free Fishing Day, Saturday, June 6, 1998. All other laws and rules apply.

4. Fishing License - Season (23-19-18)

(1) A person (resident or nonresident) 14 years of age or older may purchase a season (annual) fishing license.

(2) A person (resident or nonresident) under 14 years of age may:

(a) fish without a license and take one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) a bag and possession limit; or

(b) purchase a license and take a full bag and possession limit.

5. Fishing License - Limited Number of Days (23-19-21)

(1) A person (resident or nonresident) may purchase a license to fish:

(a) for one day; or

(b) for seven consecutive days.

(2) The effective date shall be indicated on the license.

6. Fishing Contests (R657-13-4)

A Certificate of Registration from the Division is required for fishing contests with 50 or more contestants or those contests offering total prizes of \$500 or more. Additional information and application information may be obtained from Division offices.

Fishing methods and harvest requirements for fishing contests can be more restrictive than the general regulations on a particular water (for those contests that require permits). These more restrictive requirements can be imposed for biological or social reasons.

7. Interstate Waters (R657-13-5)

(1) Lake Powell and Flaming Gorge Reservoir

(a) The purchase of a reciprocal fishing stamp allows a person to fish across state boundaries of interstate waters.

(b) Reciprocal fishing stamps are offered for Lake Powell and Flaming Gorge Reservoir.

(c) Any person qualifying as an Arizona resident having in their possession a valid resident Arizona fishing license and a Utah reciprocal fishing stamp for Lake Powell can fish within the Utah boundaries of Lake Powell.

(d) Any person possessing a current valid Wyoming fishing license and a Utah reciprocal fishing stamp for Flaming Gorge is permitted to fish within the Utah waters of Flaming Gorge Reservoir.

(e) Utah residents may obtain reciprocal fishing stamps by contacting the state of Arizona for Lake Powell and the state of Wyoming for Flaming Gorge.

(f) Nonresidents may obtain reciprocal fishing stamps from Division offices and selected license agents.

(g) The reciprocal fishing stamp must be:

(i) signed across the face by the holder as the holder's name appears on the valid fishing or combination license; and

(ii) attached to the fishing or combination license.

(h) Reciprocal fishing stamps are valid on a calendar year basis.

(i) Anglers are subject to the laws and rules of the state in which they are fishing.

(j) Only one bag limit may be taken and held in possession even if licensed in both states.

(2) Bear Lake

(a) The holder of a valid Utah or Idaho fishing or combination license may fish within both the Utah and Idaho boundaries of Bear Lake.

(b) Only one bag limit may be taken and held in possession even if licensed in both states. (See other Bear Lake provisions page 12).

8. Fees

RESIDENTS

Combination license (12 and over)\$25

Season (Annual) (*14 and under 65)	\$18
65 and over	\$9
*1-day (14 and over)	\$4
(Wildlife Habitat Authorization not required)	
*7-days (14 and over)	\$9
Wildlife Habitat Authorization (14 and over)	\$5.25

NONRESIDENTS

Season (Annual) (*14 and over)	\$40
*1 day (14 and over)	\$5
(Wildlife Habitat Authorization not required)	
*7 days (14 and over)	\$15
1-day fishing stamp	\$5
(Used to extend 1- or 7-day license.)	
Wildlife Habitat Authorization (14 and over)	\$5.25

**A license may be purchased by a person 13 or under wanting to take a full bag and possession limit.*

RECIPROCAL FISHING STAMP (NONRESIDENTS ONLY)

Flaming Gorge Reservoir (for use with Wyoming resident and nonresident license) \$10

Lake Powell (for use with Arizona resident license) . . . \$8

SETLINE PERMIT (RESIDENTS & NONRESIDENTS)

For use with any valid fishing or combination license. Anglers under 14 years of age must purchase a fishing or combination license and setline permit in order to use a setline.

Permits are available at Division offices only. \$10

SECOND POLE PERMIT (RESIDENTS & NONRESIDENTS)

For use on selected waters with any valid fishing or combination license. Anglers under 14 years of age must purchase a fishing or combination license and second pole permit in order to use a second pole. \$10

9. Special Resident Licenses and Fees (23-19-36 & 23-19-37)

(1) A resident who is blind, paraplegic or otherwise permanently disabled so as to be permanently confined to a wheelchair or the use of crutches, or who has lost either or both lower extremities, may receive a license to fish upon:

(a) furnishing satisfactory proof of this fact to the Division of Wildlife Resources; and

(b) payment of a fee of 50 cents.

(2) A resident who is a mentally retarded person and is not eligible under Section 23-19-14 to fish without a license may receive a license to fish upon:

(a) furnishing verification of mental retardation, as defined in Section 62A-5-101, from a physician; and

(b) payment of a fee of \$5.

(3) A resident who is terminally ill, and has less than five years to live, may receive a free license to fish:

(a) upon furnishing verification from a physician; and

(b) if he qualifies for assistance under any low income public assistance program administered by the Department of Human Services.

(4) Forms to obtain special resident licenses are available at

Division offices.

(5) A disabled veteran of the United States armed forces who is domiciled in a veterans hospital or veterans nursing home in Utah may receive an annual fishing license free of charge upon furnishing proof of his or her disability and domicile in a veterans hospital or veterans nursing home in Utah.

10. Sales of Licenses Final (23-19-38)

(1) Sales of licenses, certificates or permits are final, and no refunds may be made by the Division except as provided in Subsection (2).

(2) The Division may refund the amount of the license, certificate or permit if:

(a) the Division or the Wildlife Board discontinues the activity for which the license, certificate or permit was obtained; or

(b) the person to whom the license, certificate or permit is issued dies prior to that person's being able to participate in the activity for which the license, certificate or permit was obtained.

11. Exhibit of License, Stamp and Wildlife (23-20-25)

Any person while engaged in any activity regulated under the Wildlife Resources Code, shall be required upon demand of any conservation officer or any other peace officer to exhibit:

(1) the required license, permit or tag;

(2) any device or apparatus in that person's possession used for any activity regulated under the Wildlife Resources Code; or

(3) any wildlife in that person's possession.

B. FISHING METHODS

GAME FISH MAY BE TAKEN ONLY BY THE FOLLOWING METHODS:

1. Angling (R657-13-6)

(1) While angling, the angler shall be within sight of (not to exceed 100 feet) the equipment being used at all times, except set lines.

(2) Angling with more than one line is unlawful, except when fishing for crayfish without the use of fish hooks and on selected waters with a valid Second Pole Permit (see Fishing with a Second Pole. B.2.). A Second Pole Permit is not required when fishing for crayfish with lines without hooks.

(3) No artificial lure may have more than three hooks.

(4) No line may have attached to it more than two baited hooks, two artificial flies, or two artificial lures, except for a setline or while fishing at Flaming Gorge Reservoir.

(5) When angling through the ice, the hole may not exceed 12 inches across the widest point, except at Bear Lake, Flaming Gorge Reservoir and Fish Lake where specific limitations apply. (See IV. PROVISIONS FOR SPECIFIC WATERS page 12).

2. Fishing With A Second Pole

(R657-13-7)

(1) Residents and nonresidents may use a second pole to take fish only in the Bear River from the Idaho state line downstream, including Cutler Reservoir and the outlet canals; Little Bear River

below Valley View Highway (SR-30); Malad River; Willard Bay Reservoir; Pineview Reservoir; Flaming Gorge Reservoir; Pelican Lake; Starvation Reservoir; Utah Lake; Yuba Reservoir (Sevier Bridge); D.M.A.D.; Gunnison Bend; Lake Powell; Gunlock Reservoir; and Huntington North Reservoir.

(2) A Second Pole Permit is required in addition to a valid fishing or combination license and may be obtained for a \$10 fee.

(3) Anglers under 14 years of age must purchase a fishing or combination license and Second Pole Permit in order to use a second pole.

3. Setline Fishing (R657-13-8)

(1) Residents and nonresidents may use a setline to take fish only in the Bear River proper downstream from the Idaho state line, including Cutler Reservoir and outlet canals; Little Bear River below Valley View Highway (SR-30); Malad River; and Utah Lake.

(2) Angling with one pole is permitted while setline fishing.

(3) No more than one setline per angler may be used and it may not contain more than 15 hooks.

(4) A setline permit is required in addition to a valid fishing or combination license and may be obtained for a \$10 fee from any Division office.

(5) When fishing with a setline, the angler shall be within 100 yards of the surface or bank of the water being fished.

(6) A setline shall have one end attached to a nonmoving object, not attached to a fishing pole, and shall have attached a legible tag with the name, address and setline permit number of the angler.

(7) Anglers under 14 years of age must purchase a fishing license and setline permit in order to use a setline.

4. Underwater Spearfishing (R657-13-9)

(1) Underwater spearfishing is permitted from official sunrise to official sunset.

(2) Use of artificial light is unlawful while underwater spearfishing.

(3) Deer Creek Reservoir, Starvation Reservoir, Fish Lake and Flaming Gorge Reservoir are open to taking game fish by means of underwater spearfishing from June 1 through September 4, 1998. These are the only waters open to underwater spearfishing for game fish.

(4) The bag and possession limit is two game fish. No more than one lake trout (mackinaw) greater than 20 inches may be taken at Fish Lake. At Flaming Gorge Reservoir only one lake trout (mackinaw) greater than 28 inches may be taken. (See IV. PROVISIONS FOR SPECIFIC WATERS page 12).

(5) Nongame fish may be taken by spearfishing only in the waters listed in Subsection (3) above and as provided in Section D. TAKING NONGAME FISH on page 9.

5. Dipnetting (R657-13-10)

(1) Hand-held dipnets may be used to take Bonneville cisco only at Bear Lake. (See IV. PROVISIONS FOR SPECIFIC WATERS page 12).

(2) The opening of the dipnet may not exceed 18 inches.

(3) When dipnetting through the ice, the size of the hole is unrestricted.

6. Restrictions on Taking Fish and Crayfish (R657-13-11)

(1) Artificial light is permitted, except when underwater spearfishing.

(2) A person may not obstruct a waterway, use a chemical, explosive, electricity, poison, crossbow, archery equipment (except as provided in Section D. TAKING NONGAME FISH page 9), firearm or pellet gun to take fish or crayfish.

(3)(a) A person may not use a snag or gaff to take protected aquatic wildlife; however, a gaff may be used to land fish caught by lawful means, except at Flaming Gorge Reservoir and Fish Lake.

(b) "Snagging or gaffing" means to take a fish in a manner that the fish does not take the hook voluntarily into its mouth. A gaff is a spear or hook, with or without a handle, used for holding or lifting fish.

(4) Chumming is prohibited, on all waters except Lake Powell where dead anchovies ONLY may be used for taking striped bass (see special provisions for Lake Powell, page 15).

(5) The use of a float tube or a boat, with or without a motor, for fishing is unlawful on some waters. (See IV. PROVISIONS FOR SPECIFIC WATERS page 12). Boaters should be aware that other agencies may have additional restrictions on the use of float tubes, boats or boats with motors on some waters.

(6) Nongame fish and crayfish may be taken only as provided in Sections D. TAKING NONGAME FISH page 9, and E. TAKING CRAYFISH page 9.

7. Bait (R657-13-12)

(1) (a) Fishing is permitted with any bait, except corn, hominy or live fish.

(b) Possession or use of corn or hominy while fishing is unlawful.

(2) Use or possession of any bait while fishing on waters designated artificial fly and lure only is unlawful.

(3) Game fish or their parts may not be used, except for the following:

(a) Dead Bonneville cisco may be used as bait only in Bear Lake.

(b) Dead yellow perch may be used as bait only in: Fish Lake, Echo, Gunnison, Hyrum, Newton, Pineview, Rockport, Yuba Reservoir (Sevier Bridge) and Willard Bay reservoirs.

(c) Dead white bass may be used as bait only in Utah Lake.

(d) The eggs of any species of fish may be used.

(4) Use of live crayfish for bait is legal only on the water where the crayfish is captured. It is unlawful to transport live crayfish away from the water where captured.

(5) Manufactured, human-made items (e.g. rubber worms, plastic baits, sponge, etc.) that are chemically treated with food stuffs, chemical fish attractants, or feeding stimulants may not be used on waters where bait is prohibited.

C. PROHIBITED FISH (R657-13-13)

(1) The following species of nongame fish are classified as prohibited and may not be taken or held in possession:

(a) Bonytail chub (*Gila elegans*)

(b) Colorado squawfish (*Ptychocheilus lucius*)

(c) Flannelmouth sucker (*Catostomus latipinnis*)

- (d) Gizzard shad (*Dorosoma cepedianum*)
- (e) Grass carp (*Ctenopharyngodon idella*)
- (f) Humpback chub (*Gila cypha*)
- (g) June sucker (*Chasmistes liorus*)
- (h) Least chub (*Lotichthys phlegethontis*)
- (i) Leatherside chub (*Gila copei*)
- (j) Razorback sucker (*Xyrauchen texanus*)
- (k) Roundtail chub (*Gila robusta*)
- (l) Virgin River chub (*Gila robusta seminuda*)
- (m) Virgin spinedace (*Lepidomeda mollispinis*)
- (n) Woundfin (*Plagopterus argentissimus*)

(2) Any of these species taken while attempting to take other legal species shall be immediately released.

D. TAKING NONGAME FISH

(R657-13-14)

(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (b) and (c), a person possessing a valid Utah fishing or combination license may take nongame fish for personal, noncommercial purposes during the open fishing season set for the given body of water.

(b) A person may not take any species of fish designated as prohibited in Section C. PROHIBITED FISH.

(c) Nongame fish may not be taken in the following waters, except carp may be taken by angling, archery (excluding cross-bows), spear or underwater spearfishing:

- (i) San Juan River;
- (ii) Colorado River;
- (iii) Green River (from confluence with Colorado River upstream to Colorado state line in Dinosaur National Monument);
- (iv) Green River (from Colorado state line in Brown's Park upstream to Flaming Gorge Dam, including Gorge Creek, a tributary entering the Green River at Little Hole);
- (v) White River (Uintah County);
- (vi) Duchesne River (from Myton SR-40 bridge) to confluence with Green River;
- (vii) Virgin River (Main stem, North and East Forks).
- (viii) Ash Creek;
- (ix) Beaver Dam Wash;
- (x) Fort Pierce Wash;
- (xi) La Verkin Creek;
- (xii) Santa Clara River (Baker Reservoir downstream to the confluence with the Virgin River);
- (xiii) Diamond Fork;
- (xiv) Thistle Creek;
- (xv) Main Canyon Creek (tributary to Wallsburg Creek);
- (xvi) South Fork of Provo River (below Deer Creek Dam); and

(xvii) Snake Valley waters (west and north of US-6 and that part of US-6 and US-50 in Millard and Juab counties).

(2) Nongame fish, EXCEPT those species listed in C. PROHIBITED FISH, may be taken by spear or underwater spearfishing in the waters specified in Section B.4. (3) UNDERWATER SPEARFISHING on page 8, angling, traps, bow and arrow, liftnets or seine.

(3) Seines shall not exceed 10 feet in length or width.

(4) Lawfully taken nongame fish shall be either released or killed immediately upon removing them from the water; however, they may not be abandoned on the shoreline.

E. TAKING CRAYFISH (R657-13-15)

(1) A person possessing a valid Utah fishing or combination license may take crayfish for personal, noncommercial purposes during the open fishing season set for the given body of water.

(2) Crayfish may be taken by hand or with a trap, liftnet, hand-line, pole or seine, provided that:

- (a) game fish or their parts, or any substance unlawful for angling, is not used for bait;
- (b) seines shall not exceed 10 feet in length or width;
- (c) no more than five lines are used, and no more than one line may have hooks attached (bait is tied to the line so that the crayfish grasps the bait with its claw); and
- (d) live crayfish are not transported from the body of water where taken.

F. POSSESSION AND TRANSPORTATION

1. Dead Fish and Crayfish (R657-13-16 and 4-37-305)

(1) Fish held in possession in the field or in transit shall be kept in such a manner that:

- (a) the species of fish can be readily identified;
- (b) the number of fish can be readily counted;
- (c) the size of the fish can be readily measured where size limits apply; and
- (d) fillets shall have attached sufficient skin to include the conspicuous markings so species may be identified.

(2) A legal limit of game fish or crayfish may accompany the holder of a valid fishing or combination license within Utah or when leaving Utah.

(3) A person may possess or transport a legal limit of game fish or crayfish for another person when accompanied by a donation letter. (See Section H.1. Donating, page 10).

(4) A person may not take more than one bag limit in any one day or possess more than one bag limit of each species or species aggregate regardless of the number of days spent fishing.

(5) A person may possess or transport dead fish on a receipt from a registered commercial fee fishing installation, a private pond owner or a short-term fishing event. This receipt shall specify:

- (a) species and number of fish;
- (b) date caught;
- (c) the Certificate of Registration number of the installation, pond or short-term fishing event; and
- (d) the name, address and telephone number of the seller.

2. Live Fish and Crayfish (R657-13-17)

(1) A person may not possess or transport live protected aquatic wildlife except as provided by the Wildlife Code or the rules and proclamation of the Wildlife Board.

(2) For purposes of this proclamation, a person may not transport live fish or crayfish away from the water where taken.

(3) This does not preclude the use of live fish stringers, live wells or hold type cages as part of normal angling procedures while on the same water in which the fish or crayfish are taken.

3. Release of Aquatic Wildlife Unlawful (23-13-14)

A person may not release any terrestrial or aquatic wildlife into the wild except as provided in the Wildlife Code. Any person who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

4. Release of Tagged or Marked Fish (R657-13-18)

Without prior authorization from the Division, a person may not:

- (1) tag, mark or fin-clip fish for the purpose of offering a prize or reward as part of a contest;
- (2) introduce a tagged, marked or fin-clipped fish into the water; or
- (3) tag, mark or fin-clip a fish and return it to the water.

G. CHECKING STATIONS AND ROADBLOCKS

The Division monitors the taking and possession of wildlife, the required licenses, permits, tags and Certificates of Registration, and firearms, devices and equipment used for taking wildlife. Anglers should expect to encounter conservation officers checking people in the field, at checking stations and check points.

These contacts allow the Division to collect valuable information concerning wildlife populations and trends as well as helping to fulfill the Division's responsibility as trustee and custodian of wildlife.

H. DISPOSAL OF AQUATIC WILDLIFE

1. Donating (23-20-9)

(1) A person may donate protected wildlife or their parts to another person only at the following places:

- (a) the residence of the donor;
 - (b) the residence of the person receiving protected wildlife or their parts;
 - (c) a meat locker;
 - (d) storage plant; or
 - (e) a meat processing facility.
- (2) A written statement of donation must be kept with the protected wildlife or parts showing:
- (a) the number and species of protected wildlife or parts donated;
 - (b) the date of donation;
 - (c) the license or permit number of the donor; and
 - (d) the signature of the donor.

2. Purchasing or Selling (23-20-3)

Except as otherwise provided in the Wildlife Code, rule, proclamation or order of the Wildlife Board, a person may not purchase or sell protected aquatic wildlife or their parts.

3. Wasting (23-20-8)

It is unlawful to waste or permit to be wasted or spoiled any protected wildlife or any part of them.

I. AIDING AND ASSISTING

(23-20-23)

It is unlawful for any person to aid or assist any other person to violate any provision of the Wildlife Code or rule promulgated under it.

J. INDIAN RESERVATIONS AND TRUST LANDS

Sportsmen must observe tribal regulations concerning wildlife while on Indian reservations and trust lands.

K. TRESPASS (23-20-14)

(1) While taking wildlife or engaging in wildlife related activities, a person may not:

- (a) without the permission of the owner or person in charge, enter upon privately owned and properly posted land of any other person, firm or corporation;
 - (b) refuse to immediately leave the private land if requested to do so by the owner or person in charge; or
 - (c) obstruct any entrance or exit to private property.
- (2) "Permission" means written authorization from the owner or person in charge to enter upon private land that is properly posted, and must include:
- (a) the signature of the owner or person in charge;
 - (b) the name of the person being given permission;
 - (c) the appropriate dates; and
 - (d) a general description of the property.

(3) "Properly posted" means that "No Trespassing" signs or a minimum of 100 square inches of bright yellow or fluorescent paint are displayed at all corners, fishing streams crossing property lines, roads, gates and rights-of-way entering the land. If metal fence posts are used, the entire exterior side must be painted.

(4) "Hunting by permission cards" will be provided to landowners by the Division upon request.

(5) A person may not post:

- (a) private property he does not own or legally control; or
- (b) land that is open to the public as provided by Section 23-21-4.

(6) A person convicted of violating any provision of Subsection (1) may have his license, tag, Certificate of Registration or permit relating to the activity engaged in at the time of the violation, revoked by the Wildlife Board for a period of up to five years.

(7) (a) Subsection (1) does not apply to peace or conservation officers in the performance of their duties.

(b) Any person who violates any provision of Subsection (1) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

III. GENERAL SEASON DATES AND BAG & POSSESSION LIMITS

(R657-13-19)

This section sets forth general provisions. Where a more localized and specific provision is given in IV. PROVISIONS FOR SPECIFIC WATERS beginning on page 12, the more specific provision takes precedence.

A. Closed Areas

(1) All waters of state fish raising and spawning facilities are closed to fishing.

(2) State waterfowl management areas are closed to fishing except as posted or as listed under IV. PROVISIONS FOR SPECIFIC WATERS on page 12.

B. General Season Dates

The general season for taking fish and crayfish is January 1 through December 31, 1998, 24 hours each day.

C. General Season Bag and Possession Limits

(1) A person may not fish in waters that have a specific bag or size limit while possessing fish in violation of that limit.

(2) Fish not meeting the size, bag or species provisions on specified waters shall be returned to the water immediately.

(3) A person may not take more than one bag limit in any one day or have in possession more than one bag limit of each species or species aggregate regardless of the number of days spent fishing.



WHAT YOU CAN DO TO REDUCE THE SPREAD OF WHIRLING DISEASE

Thoroughly clean mud from all of your equipment (e.g. waders, boots, boat, boat trailer, anchors, etc.) before you go to another water to fish. This applies to moving above barriers and dams on the same water as well as going between drainages.

Do not clean fish from one stream reach or lake in another body of water or different area of the stream. Whirling disease spores from infected fish could be released into new areas this way. Adult fish that were infected with whirling disease after they had reached 5 to 6 inches may not show any head or body deformities indicating they are infected with whirling disease. If you clean your fish in the field, do it where you catch the fish. (Remember you have to leave enough skin or the head for species identification, and if you are in or going to an area with length limits, make sure you leave the head and tail on so officers can determine that the fish was legal).

(4) A person (resident or nonresident) under 14 years of age may:

(a) fish without a license and take one-half ($1/2$) a bag and possession limit; or

(b) purchase a license and take a full bag and possession limit.

(5) The following bag and possession limits apply statewide, except as provided in IV. PROVISIONS FOR SPECIFIC WATERS AND II.B.4. UNDERWATER SPEARFISHING:

(a) Bonneville cisco	30 fish
(b) *Bluegill and green sunfish in the aggregate	50 fish
(c) Bullhead	24 fish
(d) *Channel catfish	8 fish
(e) *Crappie	50 fish
(f) Crayfish	No Limit
(g) *Largemouth and smallmouth bass in the aggregate	6 fish
(h) Nongame species	No Limit
(i) *Northern pike	6 fish
(j) *Tiger muskellunge (hybrid)	1 fish over 40 inches
(k) Sacramento perch	10 fish
(l) Striped bass	No Limit
(m) *Trout, including salmon, grayling and hybrids in the aggregate, except no more than two shall be lake trout/mackinaw	8 fish
(n) *Walleye	6 fish
(o) *Whitefish	10 fish
(p) White bass	No Limit
(q) Wiper (hybrid white bass x striped bass)	2 fish
(r) *Yellow perch	No Limit

*On some waters, specific bag or size restrictions apply. (See IV. PROVISIONS FOR SPECIFIC WATERS for variations).

Don't transport live fish; it is illegal. Live fish should never be moved from one water to another. Nor should they be moved upstream in the same drainage. A disease may be confined to the lower reach of a stream below a diversion or dam. By putting fish above the obstruction, you could move the disease into a new area.

If you observe fish stocking in public waters from a truck that is not marked as a Division of Wildlife Resources vehicle, contact your local conservation officer directly or call the poaching hotline at 1-800-662-3337 as soon as possible. If you observe several fish with possible whirling disease symptoms (e.g. deformed head or spine, black tail or swimming in a whirling manner) call a Division of Wildlife Resources office.



FISHING AND RECREATION TODAY, DRINKING WATER TOMORROW. —

Most of Utah's fishing and recreation waters are also drinking water sources treated for a large portion of the population. Please do your part to protect these and all waters from pollution by properly disposing of all wastes.

IV. PROVISIONS FOR SPECIFIC WATERS

(1) The provisions set forth in this section take precedence over general provisions. Seasons, bag limits and other restrictions stated herein apply only during the times and waters listed.

(2) General provisions apply to all waters not listed in this section.

(3) General Season Bag and Possession Limits (III)(C) page 11, apply to the catch and harvest of fish not identified in the specific exceptions for the following waters.

THE FOLLOWING WATERS HAVE SPECIFIC EXCEPTIONS TO THE GENERAL RULES:

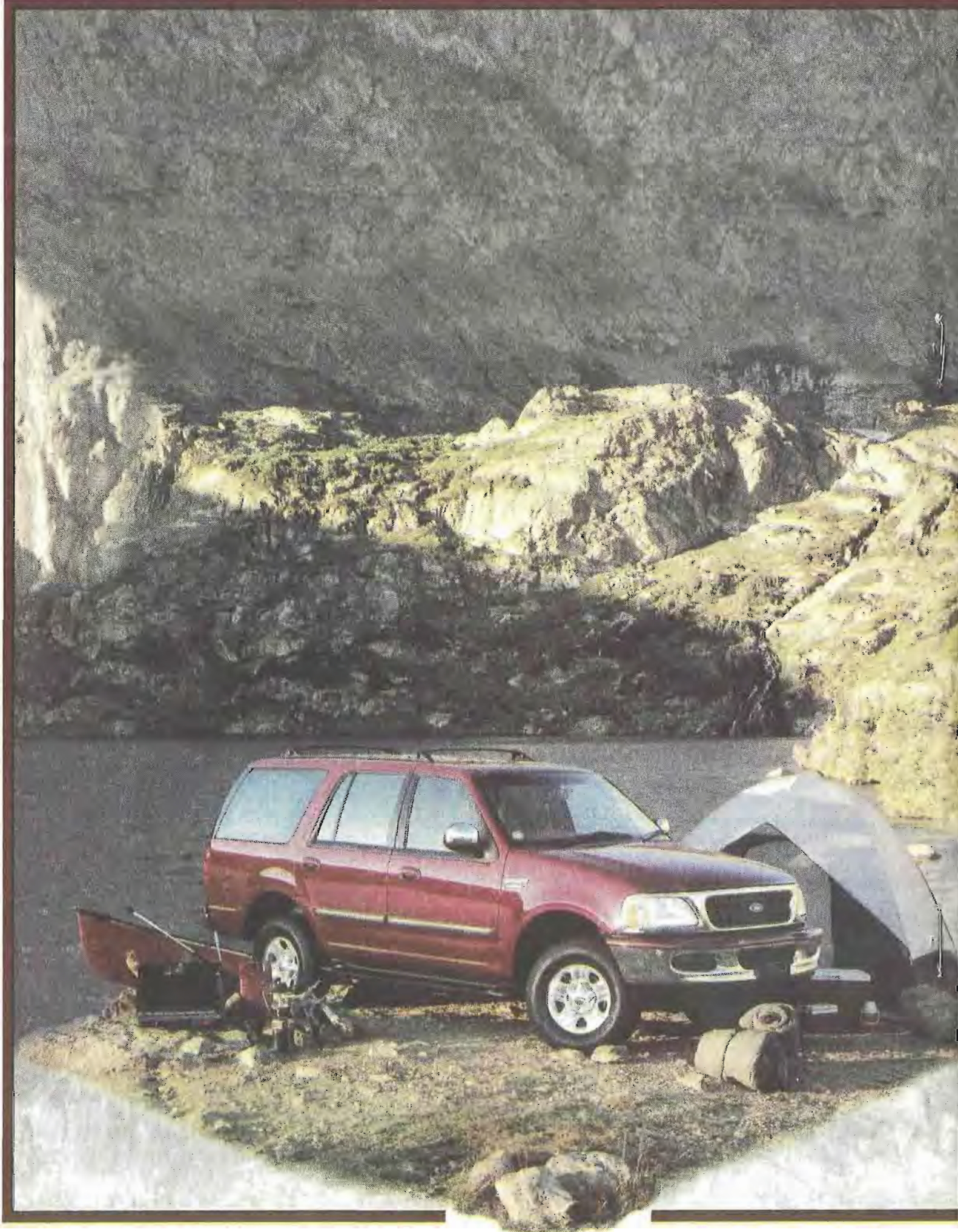
WATER	LIMITS	BAIT / RESTRICTIONS
(1) AMERICAN FORK CREEK (Utah County) (east from Utah Lake to I-15) CLOSED between 7 p.m. and 7 a.m., March 1 through 7 a.m. the last Saturday of April (April 25, 1998).	Walleye limit 2.	
(2) ASHLEY CREEK (Uintah County) (Steinaker (Thornburg) diversion to the water treatment plant near the mouth of Ashley Gorge)	Trout limit 2.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(3) ASPEN-MIRROR LAKE (Kane County) CLOSED January 1 through April 24.	Trout limit 4.	Fishing from a boat or a float tube is unlawful.
(4) BADGER HOLLOW (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries).		
(5) BARNEY LAKE (Piute County)	Trout limit 2.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(6) BEAR LAKE (Rich County) See Interstate Waters page 6 for license requirements. • Cutthroat trout and trout with cutthroat markings with all fins intact must be immediately released. Only cutthroat trout that have had one or more healed fins clipped may be kept. • Cisco may be taken with a hand-held dipnet January 1 through February 13. Net opening may not exceed 18 inches in any dimension. When dipnetting through the ice, the size of the hole is unrestricted. • When ice fishing for fish other than cisco, the size of the hole may not exceed 18 inches • Big Spring Creek from Lamborn Diversion (approximately 500 yards below SR-30) out into the lake as buoyed or posted, CLOSED April 15 through 6 a.m. the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998). • Big Spring Creek from Lamborn Diversion (approximately 500 yards below SR-30) downstream to Bear Lake, CATCH AND RELEASE ONLY AND ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY (January 1 through April 14 and from 6 a.m. the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998) through December 31). All fish caught must be immediately released. • Swan Creek and that area extending from its mouth into the lake 2,000 feet, or as buoyed, CLOSED April 15 through 6 a.m. the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998). • Swan Creek from Bear Lake to its headwaters spring CATCH AND RELEASE ONLY AND ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY (January 1 through April 14 and from 6 a.m. the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998) through December 31). All fish caught must be immediately released.	Trout limit 2.	
(7) BEAVER RIVER (Beaver County)(from Minersville Reservoir upstream to bridge at Greenville) CLOSED January 1 through May 22.		
(8) BEER CREEK (Utah County) (Benjamin Slough, east from Utah Lake to I-15) CLOSED between 7 p.m. and 7 a.m., March 1 through 7 a.m. on the last Saturday of April (April 25).	Walleye limit 2.	
(9) BIG SAND WASH RESERVOIR (Duchesne County)	January 1 through May 22, trout limit 4. May 23 through December 31, trout limit 8.	
(10) BIG SPRING CREEK (Rich County)(tributary to Bear Lake - from Lamborn Diversion, approximately 500 yards below SR-30, out into Bear Lake as buoyed or posted). CLOSED April 15 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998). • Big Spring Creek tributary to Bear Lake from Lamborn Diversion (approximately 500 yards below SR-30) downstream to Bear Lake, CATCH AND RELEASE ONLY AND ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY (January 1 through April 14 and from 6 a.m. the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998) through December 31). All fish caught must be immediately released.		
(11) BIRCH CREEK (Juab County)(Deep Creek Mountains) CLOSED		
(12) BOULDER MOUNTAIN STREAMS AND LAKES. (Wayne and Garfield counties) (including the Dixie National Forest; Teasdale and Escalante Ranger Districts: general locations known as the North Boulder Slope, East Boulder Slope, South Boulder Slope, Griffin Top, Boulder Top, Escalante Mountain; EXCEPT Pine Lake, Wide Hollow Reservoir, and Lower Bowns Reservoir in Garfield County where statewide rules apply, and EXCEPT Dougherty Basin, North Creek lakes, Garfield County, where separate specific rules apply).	Trout limit 6. Only 2 trout over 13 inches	
(13) BROAD HOLLOW (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(14) BROWN DUCK BASIN (Duchesne County)(Uinta Mountains - all streams in the Brown Duck Basin and the outlet of Clements Reservoir to its confluence with Lake Fork Creek) CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998).		

WATER SEASON	LIMITS	BAIT / RESTRICTIONS
(15) BRYANTS FORK (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(16) CALDER RESERVOIR (Uintah County)	Trout limit 4.	
(17) CAUSEY RESERVOIR (Weber County)	January 1 through May 22, trout limit 4. Closed to the possession of kokanee salmon with any red color from August 15 through September 30.	
(18) CAUSEY RESERVOIR TRIBUTARIES (Weber County)	CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998). CLOSED August 15 through September 30.	
(19) CHICKEN CREEK (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(20) CHIPMAN CREEK (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(21) CLYDE CREEK (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(22) CO-OP CREEK (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(23) COAL CANYON (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(24) COLORADO RIVER	Channel catfish limit 24. Northern pike limit 12. (Species of threatened and endangered fish occur in the Colorado. See page 8, C. Prohibited Fish)	
(25) COTTONWOOD RESERVOIR (Uintah County)	Bass limit 6, only 1 of which may be larger than 12 inches.	
(26) COW HOLLOW (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(27) CROUSE RESERVOIR (Uintah County)	Trout limit 4.	
(28) CURRENT CREEK (Wasatch County) (from Water Hollow Creek upstream to headwaters, including all tributaries to Current Creek Reservoir, but not the reservoir itself)	Trout limit 2.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(29) DEER CREEK RESERVOIR (Wasatch County)	Trout limit 4 Walleye limit 6 but only 1 over 20 inches. Minimum bass size is 12 inches. CLOSED to the possession of yellow perch.	
(30) DEER VALLEY LAKES (Wasatch County)	January 1 through September 30, CATCH AND RELEASE ONLY. October 1 through December 31, trout limit 2 under 16 inches.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(31) DIAMOND FORK CREEK (INCLUDING ALL TRIBUTARIES) (Utah County) from Springville Crossing to the headwaters	CLOSED to the possession of cutthroat trout or trout with cutthroat markings. All other trout species limit 8.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(32) DOUGHERTY BASIN LAKE (Garfield County) (Boulder Mountain).	CLOSED to the possession of cutthroat trout or trout with cutthroat markings Brook trout limit 4.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(33) DRY CREEK (Utah County) (east from Utah Lake to I-15)	Walleye limit 2. CLOSED between 7 p.m. and 7 a.m., March 1 through 7 a.m. on the last Saturday of April (April 25, 1998).	
(34) DUCK CREEK (Kane County)	Trout limit 4. CLOSED January 1 through April 24.	
(35) DUCK FORK CREEK (Sanpete County) (Ferron Creek drainage from Duck Fork Reservoir upstream to its headwaters)	CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998). Trout limit 8 ALL trout 12 to 20 inches must be immediately released. ONLY 1 trout over 20 inches	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(36) DUCK FORK RESERVOIR (Sanpete County)	Trout limit 8. ALL trout 12 to 20 inches must be immediately released. ONLY 1 trout over 20 inches	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(37) DUCK CREEK SPRINGS LAKE (Kane County)	Trout limit 4. CLOSED January 1 through April 24. Fishing from a boat or a float tube is unlawful.	
(38) EAST CANYON CREEK (Morgan County) (from White's Crossing located approximately 2 miles upstream from Porterville upstream to the East Canyon Reservoir Dam)	CLOSED January 1 through March 31, and November 1 through December 31.	
(39) EAST CANYON RESERVOIR (Morgan County)	January 1 through May 22, trout limit 4.	
(40) EAST FORK LITTLE BEAR RIVER AND ITS TRIBUTARIES (Cache County) (upstream from Porcupine Reservoir)	CLOSED August 15 through September 30.	
(41) EAST FORK LITTLE BEAR RIVER (Cache County) (Porcupine Dam downstream to the Avon-Paradise County Road, second stream crossing below reservoir)	Trout and salmon limit 2	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY
(42) EAST FORK SEVIER RIVER (Piute County)	(a) Feeder canal from diversion near Antimony to Otter Creek Reservoir: CLOSED January 1 through May 22.	May 23 through December 31, trout limit 6.

Alphabetical listing of Waters

WATER	LIMITS	BAIT / RESTRICTIONS
(b) Kingston Canyon, including all portions of the river and spillway ponds between Otter Creek and Piute reservoirs:	Trout limit 6.	
(43) EAST FORK SMITHS FORK DRAINAGE (Summit County)(from Stateline Reservoir to the bridge on USFS Road 072, at China Meadows, including the branch from China Lake Dam down to East Fork Smiths Fork) CLOSED August 15 through September 30.		
(44) ECHO RESERVOIR (Summit County)	Minimum bass size 12 inches (all bass less than 12 inches must be immediately released).	
(45) ELECTRIC LAKE (Emery County)	Trout limit 4; all trout over 12 inches must be immediately released.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(46) ELECTRIC LAKE TRIBUTARIES (Emery County)(streams ONLY, this excludes Boulger Reservoir but includes those streams flowing into Boulger Reservoir) CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998).	Trout limit 4; all trout over 12 inches must be immediately released.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(47) ENTERPRISE DITCH (Morgan County) (Stoddard Slough)		
(a) From Stoddard Lane Bridge upstream to its source: CLOSED January 1 through May 22.	Trout limit 4.	
(b) From Stoddard Lane Bridge downstream to where it goes west under I-84 the last time (approximately 1-1/2 miles east of Petersen):	Trout limit 2.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(48) ENTERPRISE RESERVOIRS TRIBUTARIES (Washington County)(tributaries to Upper and Lower reservoirs) CLOSED January 1 through May 22.		
(49) FARMINGTON CITY RESERVOIR (Davis County)	Trout limit 4.	
(50) FERRON RESERVOIR TRIBUTARIES (Sanpete County)(Ferron Creek drainage above Ferron Reservoir) CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998).		
(51) FISH LAKE (Sevier County) • January 1 through May 22, trout limit 4, no more than 2 may be lake trout/mackinaw and only 1 may be a lake trout/mackinaw larger than 20 inches. • May 23 through December 31, trout limit 8, no more than 2 may be lake trout/mackinaw and only 1 may be a lake trout/mackinaw larger than 20 inches. • When ice fishing, the hole size may not exceed 18 inches. • Possession of a gaff while fishing is unlawful.		
(52) FLAMING GORGE RESERVOIR (Daggett County)		
See INTERSTATE WATERS page 6 for license and stamp requirements.		
• Licensed anglers, limit 6 trout or kokanee salmon in the aggregate, no more than 3 may be kokanee salmon and no more than 3 may be lake trout/mackinaw. Only 1 lake trout may exceed 28 inches.		
• Unlicensed anglers 13 years of age or younger, limit 3 trout or kokanee salmon in the aggregate, and no more than 2 may be kokanee salmon and no more than 2 may be lake trout/mackinaw. Only one lake trout/mackinaw may exceed 28 inches.		
• Catfish limit 6.		
• Smallmouth and largemouth bass in the aggregate, limit 10.		
• No line may have more than 3 baited hooks or artificial flies in series, or more than 3 lures.		
• Possession of a gaff while fishing is unlawful.		
• When ice fishing, the hole size may not exceed 18 inches.		
(53) GRANDDADDY LAKE TRIBUTARIES (Duchesne County) (Uinta Mountains)		
All tributaries to Granddaddy Lake CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998).		
(54) GREEN RIVER (Carbon, Daggett, Grand and Uintah counties)		
(a) From confluence with Colorado River upstream to Colorado state line in Dinosaur National Monument:	Channel catfish limit 24.	
	Northern pike limit 12.	
(b) From Colorado state line in Brown's Park upstream to Flaming Gorge Dam; including Gorge Creek, a tributary entering the Green River at Little Hole:		
• ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.		
• CLOSED to fishing from a boat with a motor between the Utah-Colorado state line and Flaming Gorge Dam.		
• Licensed anglers, trout limit is 3 (2 under 13 inches and 1 over 20 inches).		
• Unlicensed anglers 13 years of age or younger, trout limit is 2 (2 under 13 inches or 1 under 13 inches and 1 over 20 inches).		
(55) GUNLOCK RESERVOIR (Washington County)		
• Bass limit 6 (4 under 10 inches and 2 over 20 inches).		
(56) HOBBLE CREEK (Utah County) (east from Utah Lake to I-15)	Walleye limit 2.	
CLOSED between 7 p.m. and 7 a.m., March 1 through 7 a.m. on the last Saturday of April (April 25, 1998).		
(57) HONEYVILLE PONDS (Cold Springs Lakes) (Box Elder County)	Trout limit 4.	
CLOSED January 1 through May 22.		
(58) HORSE CREEK (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(59) HUNTINGTON CREEK (Emery County)		
(a) Right Fork (from Flood and Engineers canyons upstream to Electric Lake Dam):		ARTIFICIAL FLIES ONLY.
	ALL trout 12 to 20 inches must be immediately released.	

WATER	LIMITS	BAIT / RESTRICTIONS
(b) Tributaries to Electric Lake (streams only, this excludes Boulder Reservoir):	Only 1 trout over 20 inches. CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998). Trout limit 4; all trout over 12 inches must be immediately released.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(c) Left Fork (from top of USFS Campground, near confluence with Right Fork, to headwaters, including all tributaries: Scad Valley Creek, Rolfson Creek, Lake Creek, Staker Creek, Millers Flat Creek, Paradise Creek and Spring Creek):	CLOSED to the possession of cutthroat trout or trout with cutthroat markings. All other trout species limit 8.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(60) HUNTINGTON (MAMMOTH) RESERVOIR (Sanpete County)	CLOSED to the possession of cutthroat trout and trout with cutthroat markings. Trout limit 4.	
(61) HUNTINGTON (MAMMOTH) RESERVOIR TRIBUTARIES (Sanpete County)	CLOSED TO FISHING	
(62) HUNTINGTON NORTH RESERVOIR (Emery County)	Largemouth bass limit 4. All bass over 12 inches must be immediately released.	
(63) HYRUM RESERVOIR (Cache County)	Minimum bass size is 15 inches.	
(64) INDIAN CREEK (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(65) INDIAN PEAKS POND (Beaver County)	Trout limit 4	
(66) JOE'S VALLEY (Emery County)	All splake less than 16 inches must be immediately released.	
(67) JONES HOLE CREEK (Uintah County)	Trout limit 2; no more than 1 may be a brown trout larger than 15 inches.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(68) JORDANELLE RESERVOIR (Wasatch County)	Trout limit 4. Minimum bass size is 12 inches.	
(69) KAYSVILLE PONDS (Davis County)	Trout limit 4.	
(70) KOLOB CREEK (Washington County)(Upstream from Kolob Reservoir)	CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998).	
(71) KOLOB RESERVOIR (Washington County)	ONLY 2 trout over 18 inches ALL trout less than 18 inches must be immediately released	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(72) LAKE POWELL (Kane, Garfield and San Juan counties) See INTERSTATE WATERS FOR LICENSE AND STAMP REQUIREMENTS page 6.	Chumming with dead anchovies ONLY is allowed for taking striped bass. Crappie limit 20. Channel catfish limit 25. Striped bass no limit. Walleye limit 10. Unlicensed anglers 13 years of age or younger may take a full bag and possession limit.	
(73) LITTLE CO-OP CREEK (Wasatch County)(See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(74) LITTLE DELL RESERVOIR (Salt Lake County)	CATCH & RELEASE ONLY Fishing from a boat with a motor is unlawful.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
Note: Little Dell Reservoir is managed by the Salt Lake Public Utilities Department. Access to Little Dell Reservoir is CLOSED November 1 through March 31. Access is open during daylight hours only from April 1 through October 31.		
(75) LOCOMOTIVE SPRINGS (Box Elder County)	Trout limit 4.	
(76) LOGAN RIVER (Cache County)		
(a) From Card Canyon Bridge downstream to Cutler Marsh including all three impoundments	Trout limit 4.	
(b) From Card Canyon Bridge upstream to the highway bridge at Red Banks Campground, including all tributaries in between:		ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For licensed anglers, the limit for any combination of trout and whitefish is 3 (2 under 12 inches and 1 over 18 inches), and only 1 trout may be a cutthroat, rainbow or their hybrid cross. All other fish must be immediately released. For unlicensed anglers 13 years of age or younger, the limit for any combination of trout and whitefish is 2 (2 under 12 inches, or 1 under 12 inches and 1 over 18 inches), and only 1 trout may be a cutthroat, rainbow, or their hybrid cross. All other fish must be immediately released. 		
(c) From the highway bridge at Red Banks Campground upstream to the Idaho state line, including all tributaries:		
CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998).		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For licensed anglers, the limit for any combination of trout and whitefish is 3 (2 under 12 inches and 1 over 18 inches), and only 1 trout may be a cutthroat, rainbow or their hybrid cross. All other fish must be immediately released. For unlicensed anglers 13 years of age or younger, the limit for any combination of trout and whitefish is 2 (2 under 12 inches, or 1 under 12 inches and 1 over 18 inches), and only 1 trout may be a cutthroat, rainbow or their hybrid cross. All other fish must be immediately released. 		
(77) LOST CREEK (Morgan County)(the entire drainage upstream, beginning at the bridge (culvert) approximately 1/4 mile above Lost Creek Reservoir; EXCEPT Squaw Creek)	CATCH AND RELEASE ONLY.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(78) LOST CREEK RESERVOIR (Morgan County)		
(The U.S. Bureau of Reclamation drained Lost Creek Reservoir for dam repair beginning in 1997. Under the proposed work the fishery will be lost for at least 2 years.)		
CLOSED.		



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Alphabetical listing of Waters

WATER	LIMITS	BAIT / RESTRICTIONS
(79) MANNING MEADOW RESERVOIR, SPILLWAY (cement structure on top of the dam and extending to the downstream toe of the dam)(Piute County) CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998).	Trout limit 2.	AND TRIBUTARIES ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(80) MANTUA RESERVOIR (Box Elder County)	Minimum bass size is 15 inches.	
(81) MATT WARNER RESERVOIR (Uintah County)	Trout limit 4.	
(82) MEADOW CREEK (Grand County)(Book Cliffs Area) CLOSED TO FISHING.		
(83) MINERSVILLE RESERVOIR (Beaver County) Cement outlet channel between dam and spillway pond, approximately 55 feet long is CLOSED.	Trout limit 1 for all anglers, minimum size 20 inches.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(84) MOUNTAIN DELL CREEK (Salt Lake County) (a) From Mountain Dell Reservoir water line upstream to Little Dell Reservoir CLOSED. (b) From Little Dell Reservoir water line upstream to headwaters CLOSED to the possession of cutthroat trout and trout with cutthroat markings		ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(85) MUD CREEK (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(86) NEWCASTLE RESERVOIR (Iron County)	Trout limit 4.	
(87) NEWTON RESERVOIR (Cache County)	Minimum bass size is 15 inches. Minimum tiger musky size is 40 inches and limit is 1.	
(88) OGDEN RIVER (Weber County) CLOSED from Pineview Dam downstream to the first bridge (approximately 1/2 mile).		
(89) OTTER CREEK RESERVOIR (Piute County)(and spillway ponds immediately downstream from dam)	Trout limit 6.	
(90) OTTER CREEK STREAM (Piute County)(from Otter Creek Reservoir upstream to the Angle Diversion) CLOSED January 1 through May 22.	Trout limit 6.	
(91) PANGUITCH LAKE (Garfield County)	Trout limit 6.	
(92) PANGUITCH LAKE TRIBUTARIES (Garfield County)(excluding Blue Springs Creek upstream from Bunker Creek Road Bridge, bridge is approximately one mile upstream from Panguitch Lake; and excluding Clear Creek upstream from the Panguitch Lake North Shore Highway, located approximately one-fourth mile upstream from Panguitch Lake). CLOSED January 1 through May 22.	Trout limit 6.	
(93) PARAGONAH (RED CREEK) RESERVOIR TRIBUTARIES (Iron County) CLOSED January 1 through May 22.		
(94) PARLEYS CREEK (Salt Lake County) CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998). CLOSED to the possession of cutthroat trout and trout with cutthroat markings.		ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(95) PELICAN LAKE (Uintah County)	Bluegill and green sunfish in the aggregate, limit 10.	
(96) PETE'S HOLE RESERVOIR TRIBUTARIES (Sanpete County) CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998).		
(97) PINE GROVE POND (Beaver County)	Trout limit 4.	
(98) PINE LAKE INFLOW (Garfield County) Inflow including newly constructed spawning channel. CLOSED.		
(99) PINE VALLEY RESERVOIR (Washington County)	Trout limit 4. Fishing from a boat or a float tube is unlawful.	
(100) PINEVIEW RESERVOIR (Weber County) CLOSED to possession of tiger muskies. CLOSED inside buoys by spillway near the dam.	Minimum bass size is 15 inches.	
(101) PIUTE RESERVOIR (Piute County)	Trout limit 6.	
(102) PORCUPINE RESERVOIR (Cache County) CLOSED to the possession of kokanee salmon with any red color from August 15 through September 30. See EAST FORK LITTLE BEAR RIVER		
(103) POT CREEK (INCLUDING TRIBUTARIES) (Uintah County)	Trout limit 4.	
(104) PROVO RIVER (a) East of Utah Lake to I-15 (Utah County): CLOSED to taking of nongame fish by methods other than angling. CLOSED between 7 p.m. and 7 a.m., March 1 through 7 a.m. on the last Saturday of April (April 25, 1998). (b) Upstream from Olmstead Diversion Dam to Deer Creek Reservoir (Utah and Wasatch counties): Brown trout limit is 2 under 15 inches. CLOSED to the possession of cutthroat and rainbow trout. All rainbow and cutthroat trout and their hybrids must be immediately released.	Walleye limit 2.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.

WATER	LIMITS	BAIT / RESTRICTIONS
(c) From Charleston Bridge just above Deer Creek Reservoir upstream to the Jordanelle Dam (including the Valeo Diversion, the Wasatch Diversion and streams that return flows from these diversions directly to the Provo River) (Wasatch County):	Brown trout limit is 2 under 15 inches.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
CLOSED to the possession of cutthroat and rainbow trout. All rainbow and cutthroat trout and their hybrids must be immediately released.		
(d) From Jordanelle Reservoir upstream to the confluence of the South Fork Provo River (Wasatch County):	Brown trout limit is 2 under 15 inches.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
CLOSED to the possession of cutthroat and rainbow trout and their hybrids. All rainbow and cutthroat trout and their hybrids must be immediately released.		
(105) QUAIL CREEK RESERVOIR (Quail Lake) (Washington County)	Trout limit 6. Bass limit 6 (4 under 10 inches and 2 over 20 inches).	
(106) RED BUTTE CREEK and RED BUTTE RESERVOIR (Salt Lake County)		
CLOSED TO FISHING.		
(107) RED CREEK RESERVOIR AND TRIBUTARIES (Duchesne County)		
CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. May 1		
(108) ROAD HOLLOW (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(109) ROCKPORT RESERVOIR (Wanship Reservoir) (Summit County)	Minimum bass size is 12 inches.	
(110) SAGE CREEK (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(111) SAN JUAN RIVER (San Juan County)	Channel catfish limit 24	
(112) SANTA CLARA RIVER (Washington County)	Trout limit 4.	
(From Baker Reservoir downstream to the confluence of the Virgin River)		
(113) SCOFIELD RESERVOIR TRIBUTARIES (Carbon County)(streams ONLY, this excludes Gooseberry Reservoir, Bensch Pond, and those streams flowing into Gooseberry Reservoir and Bensch Pond)	Trout limit 4.	
CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998)		
(114) SEVIER RIVER (Piute County)	Trout limit 6.	
(downstream from Piute Reservoir for 5 miles to the Dry Creek Road Bridge)		
(115) SHEEP CREEK (Daggett County)(from Flaming Gorge Reservoir upstream to Ashley National Forest boundary)		
CLOSED August 15 through October 30		
(116) SHEEP CREEK LAKE (Daggett County)		
CLOSED TO FISHING		
(117) SIXTH WATER CREEK (Utah County)	Trout limit 3. (2 under 12 inches and 1 over 20 inches).	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(118) SOLDIER CREEK (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(119) SOUTH FORK OGDEN RIVER (Weber County)	Trout limit 8; ONLY 2 brown trout.	
(120) SPANISH FORK RIVER (Utah County) (east from Utah Lake to I-15) Walleye limit 2.		
CLOSED between 7 p.m. and 7 a.m., March 1 through 7 a.m. on the last Saturday of April (April 25, 1998).		
(121) SPRING CREEK (Utah County)(east from Utah Lake to I-15)	Walleye limit 2.	
CLOSED between 7 p.m. and 7 a.m., March 1 through 7 a.m. on the last Saturday of April (April 25, 1998).		
(122) SQUAW CREEK (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(123) STARVATION RESERVOIR (Duchesne County)	Walleye limit 10, but only 1 over 20 inches.	
(124) STATELINE RESERVOIR (Summit County)		
CLOSED to the possession of kokanee salmon with any red color from August 15 through September 30.		
(125) STEINAKER RESERVOIR (Utah County)	Bass limit 6; only 1 may be larger than 15 inches.	
(126) STODDARD SLOUGH (Enterprise Ditch) (Morgan County)		
(a) From Stoddard Lane Bridge upstream to its source:		
CLOSED January 1 through May 22.	Trout limit 4.	
(b) From Stoddard Lane Bridge downstream to where it goes west under I-84 the last time (approximately 1 1/2 miles east of Petersen):		
	Trout limit 2.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(127) STRAWBERRY RESERVOIR (Wasatch County)		
• Trout and kokanee salmon in any combination; limit 4, ONLY 1 rainbow or cutthroat trout or rainbow-cutthroat hybrid over 18 inches. Anglers are encouraged to voluntarily release cutthroat and rainbow trout.		
(128) STRAWBERRY RESERVOIR TRIBUTARIES (Wasatch County)		
(a) Indian Creek and all tributaries to Indian Creek, Squaw Creek, Strawberry River from Strawberry Reservoir upstream to USFS Road 124 (Bull Springs Road), Co-op Creek from confluence with Strawberry River upstream to US-40, and the Central Utah Project Canal (commonly known as the "steps" or "ladders") from US-40 to Strawberry Reservoir as posted.		
CLOSED.		
(b) Strawberry River and its tributaries upstream from USFS Road 124 (Bull Springs Road) to its headwaters, Co-op Creek and its tributaries upstream from US-40 to its headwaters, Soldier Creek, Coal Canyon, Cow Hollow, Trout Creek, Sage Creek, Chicken Creek, Little Co-op Creek, Clyde Creek, Mud Creek, Bryants Fork, Horse Creek, Chipman Creek, Trail Hollow, Broad Hollow, Badger Hollow and Road Hollow.		
CLOSED May 15 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998) and September 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of October (October 10, 1998).		

Alphabetical listing of Waters

WATER	LIMITS	BAIT / RESTRICTIONS
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CATCH AND RELEASE ONLY (All fish must be immediately released, fishing with fish in possession is illegal) • ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY (Use or possession of bait while fishing is illegal). 	
(129) STRAWBERRY RIVER (Duchesne and Wasatch counties)		
(a) (from confluence with Red Creek, near Pinnacles, upstream to confluence of Willow Creek (about one mile below Soldier Creek Dam)		
CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998).		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLOSED to the possession of cutthroat trout or trout with cutthroat markings. • ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY. • No overnight camping on Division land. 		
(b) from Soldier Creek Dam downstream to the confluence of Willow Creek (approximately one mile)		ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(130) SWAN CREEK (Rich County)		
(a) tributary to Bear Lake, from the headwater spring downstream to the mouth into Bear Lake and that area extending from its mouth into Bear Lake 2,000 feet, or as buoyed):		
CLOSED April 15 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998).		
(b) From the mouth into Bear Lake upstream to the headwater spring:		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY • CATCH AND RELEASE ONLY • CLOSED April 15 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998). 		
(131) TOMS CREEK (Juab County)(Deep Creek Mountains)		
CLOSED.		
(132) TONY GROVE RESERVOIR (Cache County)	Trout limit 4.	
(133) TRAIL HOLLOW (Wasatch County) (see Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(134) TROUT CREEK (Juab County)(Deep Creek Mountains)		
CLOSED.		
(135) TROUT CREEK (Wasatch County) (See Strawberry Reservoir Tributaries)		
(136) TWENTY-FIRST STREET POND (Weber County)	Trout limit 4.	
(137) TWIN CREEK (tributary to Fish Lake, Sevier County)		
CLOSED.		
(138) UM CREEK (upstream from Forsyth reservoirs) (Sevier and Wayne counties)		
CLOSED to the possession of cutthroat trout or trout with cutthroat markings.		
	Trout limit 4.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
(139) UPPER KENTS LAKE INFLOW (Beaver County)(Inflow, approximately 900 feet, from the mouth up to the waterfall)		
CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998).		
(140) UTAH LAKE (Utah County)	Walleye limit 6, but only 1 over 20 inches.	
Geneva Bubble-up. Closed to fishing between 7 p.m. and 7 a.m. January 1 through 7 a.m. the last Saturday of April (April 25, 1998) in the area starting from the southwest corner of the Linden Marina Dike, south to an intersection with a line running west from the south dike of the Geneva Pond Dike, as posted.		
(141) WELLSVILLE RESERVOIR (Cache County)		
CLOSED January 1 through May 22.		
(142) WEST FORK DUCHESNE RIVER (from confluence with North Fork to headwaters including Wolf Creek) (Duchesne and Wasatch counties)		
	Only 2 trout may be cutthroat trout or trout with cutthroat markings.	ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998).		
(143) WHEELER CREEK (Weber County)		
CLOSED for approximately 1/4 mile from SR-39 to confluence with Ogden River.		
(144) WHITE RIVER (Uintah County)	Channel catfish limit 24.	
(145) WHITNEY RESERVOIR TRIBUTARIES (Summit County)	CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998).	
(146) WILLARD BAY RESERVOIR (Box Elder County)	Wiper (hybrid white bass x striped bass) limit 2 Crappie limit 10 Walleye limit 6 but only 1 over 20 inches	Possession of gizzard shad, dead or alive, is unlawful.
(147) WILLARD BAY RESERVOIR INLET CHANNEL (Box Elder County)(From the bouyed start of the channel near the South Marina boat ramp up the channel to the second set of baffles. This does not include the South Marina proper nor the normal boating channel out of the South Marina into the reservoir.)		
CLOSED March 1 through 6 a.m. on the last Saturday of April (April 25, 1998).		
	Crappie limit 10. Walleye limit 6, but only 1 over 20 inches.	Possession of gizzard shad, dead or alive is unlawful.
(148) WOLF CREEK (Duchesne and Wasatch counties)		ARTIFICIAL FLIES AND LURES ONLY.
CLOSED January 1 through 6 a.m. on the second Saturday of July (July 11, 1998).		
	Only 2 trout may be cutthroat trout or trout with cutthroat markings.	
(149) YUBA RESERVOIR (Sevier Bridge Reservoir) (Juab and Sanpete counties)		
	Yellow perch limit 10. Walleye limit 6, but only 1 over 20 inches.	

V. WATERCRAFT RESTRICTIONS

FISHING FROM BOATS AND FLOAT TUBES IS PROHIBITED ON THE FOLLOWING WATERS:

1. Aspen-Mirror Lake
2. Duck Creek Springs Lake
3. Holmes Creek Reservoir
4. Pine Valley Reservoir
5. Settlement Canyon Reservoir

FISHING FROM A BOAT WITH A MOTOR OF ANY KIND IS PROHIBITED ON THE FOLLOWING WATERS:

1. Anderson Meadow Reservoir
2. Barney Lake (Monroe Mountain, Sevier County)
3. Bonnie Lake (Duchesne River drainage)
4. Boulder Mountain Lakes, Wayne and Garfield counties (North Boulder Slope, East Boulder Slope, South Boulder Top, Griffin Top, and Escalante Mountain; EXCEPT Pine Lake, Wide Hollow Reservoir and Lower Bowns Reservoir in Garfield County)
5. Bud Lake (Duchesne River drainage)
6. Burraston Ponds
7. Butterfly Lake (Duchesne River drainage)
8. Duck Creek
9. Fairview Lakes
10. Foy Lake
11. Green River (Flaming Gorge Dam downstream to Colorado state line.)
12. Labaron Reservoir
13. Lilly Lake (Provo River drainage)
14. Little Dell Reservoir

15. Little Reservoir
16. Lost Lake (Provo River drainage)
17. Maple Lake
18. McClellan Reservoir
19. Mirror Lake (Duchesne River drainage)
20. Monticello Lake
21. Moosehorn Lake (Duchesne River drainage)
22. Palisade Lake
23. Pass Lake (Duchesne River drainage)
24. Payson Reservoir
25. Red Creek Reservoir (near Payson)
26. Silver Lake Flat Reservoir
27. Teapot Lake (Provo River drainage)
28. Tibble Fork Reservoir
29. Trial Lake Reservoir (Provo River drainage)
30. Washington Lake (Provo River drainage)

FISHING FROM A BOAT WITH A GAS ENGINE IS PROHIBITED (AN ELECTRIC MOTOR MAY BE USED) ON THE FOLLOWING WATERS:

1. Grantsville Reservoir
2. Loyds Lake (South Creek Reservoir)
3. Vernon Reservoir

FISHING FROM BOATS IS PROHIBITED BUT FISHING FROM FLOAT TUBES IS ALLOWED ON THE FOLLOWING WATERS:

1. Blanding Reservoirs #3 and #4



Division Offices

Salt Lake Regional Office

1594 West North Temple, Suite 2110
P.O. Box 146301
Salt Lake City, UT 84114-6301
(801) 538-4700

Central Regional Office

1115 North Main St.
Springville, UT 84663
(801) 489-5678

Northern Regional Office

515 East 5300 South
Ogden, UT 84405
(801) 476-2740

Northeastern Regional Office

152 East 100 North
Vernal, UT 84078
(801) 789-3103

Southeastern Regional Office

475 West Price River Dr., Ste. C
Price, UT 84501
(801) 636-0260

Southern Regional Office

1470 N. Airport Road
Cedar City, UT 84720
(801) 865-6100

WILDLIFE BOARD MEMBERS

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GAME FISH OF UTAH

Native Game Fish



Mountain

Bear Lake whitefish and Bonneville whitefish – These two fish are indistinguishable beyond 10 inches in length. The Bonneville whitefish have gray-blue spots along their sides until they reach that size. These whitefish are elongate, relatively cylindrical fish. They are silvery-white along their sides grading into a charcoal gray to black on their backs.



Bonneville

Bonneville Cisco – A diminutive fish found only in Bear Lake. The Bonneville cisco is a long, slender, pearly-silver fish that rarely grows beyond seven inches. It has a dusky blue back and a brassy band along its flanks at spawning time. The snout is sharply pointed. It is noted for its mid-winter spawning concentrations along a rocky beach on the east side of Bear Lake in mid-January where it is dipnetted in large numbers. It is a prolific fish that is an important forage for the predatory species in Bear Lake.



Bear Lake



Bonneville Cisco



Cutthroat Trout – Two subspecies evolved from the only trout native to Utah. Cutthroats are best distinguished by their crimson slash along the lower jaw. They lack the iridescent pink stripe of the rainbow trout. The Bonneville cutthroat

inhabited the Bonneville Basin and has sparsely scattered, very distinctly round spots over the upper body. They are clothed in subdued colors of silver-gray to charcoal upper body with subtle hues of pink on flanks during spawning. They, particularly the Bear Lake strain, often lack the bright crimson jaw slash that at times may be yellow.

The Colorado River cutthroat trout evolved in the Colorado/Green River drainages and is noted for its brilliant coloration. The males, in spawning condition, have bright crimson stripes along their sides and their stomach is often crimson. Spotting is usually concentrated posteriorly.

The Yellowstone cutthroat was introduced into Utah early in the 1900s and has been the predominant subspecies used in management programs throughout the state. It is lightly spotted with distinctly round spots concentrated toward the tail area. Today, the native strains are becoming more extensively used in the sport fisheries programs and are being reintroduced to many of their former habitats.

Mountain whitefish – Light brown on the back and fins and silvery to white on the belly and sides. Snout and lower jaw are short and blunt, with a flap on each nostril.

Introduced Trouts

Rainbow Trout – Colors vary greatly, with patterns depending on habitat, size, and maturity. Stream residents and migrant spawners are darker and have more intense colors than lake residents or non-spawners. Lake residents tend to be silvery. A mature rainbow is dark green to bluish on the back with silvery sides. The reddish horizontal band typifies the species. The belly may be white to silvery. Irregular black spots are usually present on the head, back and sides. Rainbow trout are heavily stocked in almost every coldwater drainage in Utah.



Lake Trout – These fish have a background color of gray-brown overlaid with light spots that vary in intensity with age and environment. The background color covers the back, sides and fins and serves to highlight the lighter gray spots. Trout in large lakes are sometimes so silvery that the

spots are difficult to see. Spotting is usually more intense on small fish. The caudal fin is deeply forked. The mouth is large and terminal with strong teeth on both jaws. They are present in Fish Lake, Bear Lake and Flaming Gorge Reservoir.



Brook Trout – Exhibiting a wide range of colors, they may be olive to blue-gray on the back to white on the belly. Red spots, usually with bluish halos around them, are present on the sides. Characteristic light wavy marks on the back are a distinguishing feature. Obvious white and then black stripe along the fore edge of each of the lower fins aids in separating brook trout from

most other trouts. Caudal fin is square or lightly forked.



Grayling – Silvery to light purple colors on the sides and bluish-white on the belly are the distinctive colors of grayling. They are relatively slender and are most easily distinguished by their long, high, brilliantly-colored, bright purple, sail-like dorsal fin.

Kokanee Salmon – Kokanee are bright silvery fish with no definitive spotting pattern. Kokanee have a dark blue back with silvery sides. As the spawning season approaches, both male and female kokanee turn a deep red (shades from gold to orange to red) and the lower jaw of the male develops a characteristic hook common to the Pacific salmon. A deeply forked tail also distinguishes them from rainbow, cutthroat and brown trout. They are present in Flaming Gorge, Porcupine and Strawberry reservoirs.



Brown Trout – It is a very hardy trout that competes well with other fishes and endures marginal water qualities better than most trouts. It generally has golden brown hues with yellow under parts. The males during spawning are often brilliantly splashed with crimson spots circled with blue halos. Its upper body is usually profusely dappled with large, irregular dark-chocolate spots. It is quite carnivorous and sports a stronger, sharper set of teeth than most trouts. Brown trout often grow to considerable sizes in excess of 10 pounds.

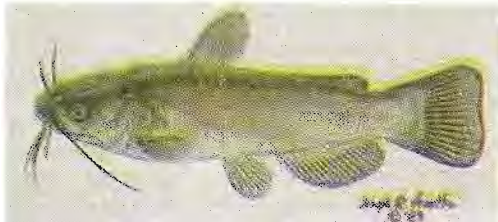
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Walleye – Prominent “canine” teeth distinguish this big perch from its smaller family member, the yellow perch. Color is brassy-olive buff, sometimes shading to yellowish sides and white beneath. Large, dark blotch at rear base of the first dorsal fin and the lower lobe of tail is white-tipped. The tail is moderately forked.

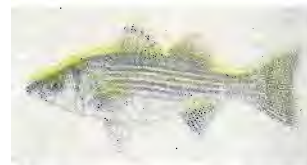


Smallmouth Bass – The snout is long and bluntly pointed, the lower jaw slightly longer than the upper jaw. Smallmouth bass vary in color with habitat, but are normally dark olive to brown on the back with the sides lighter and yellowish and the belly yellowish. There are eight to 15 (average nine) dark vertical bars on the sides which distinguishes them from the largemouth bass. Anterior dorsal fin has 10 spines, and is strongly joined to the soft dorsal. The anal fin has three spines.



Black Bullhead

Adults are blackish, dark olive, or dark brown on the back. Belly is greenish-white or bright yellow. They are common in many warm waters of Utah, and abundant in Utah Lake.



Striped Bass – Coloration is bluish-black to dark gray, or olive-green above, the sides are silvery, the belly white. Striped bass have seven to nine unbroken stripes

along each side. The body is somewhat streamlined. Mouth is oblique and the lower jaw longer than the upper. The dorsal fins are clearly separated. The caudal is forked.



White Bass – Coloration on the back is gray or charcoal, green, with silvery sides and white belly. They have five to seven longitudinal stripes on each side.

The body is deeper and less stream-

lined than the striper. They are common in Utah Lake, where they dominate all other fishes.

Largemouth Bass – Head is large and long. Mouth is large and terminal with upper jaw reaching past the center of the eye in adults. The upper parts of the body and head are greenish with a silvery or brassy luster. The belly is white to yellow. There is an irregular dark stripe along the sides. Eyes are brown.



Channel Catfish – Distinguished from other catfishes by their long anal fin and deeply forked tail. The body is pale bluish-olive above and bluish-white below. They usually have spots but lose them when older. Both dorsal and pectoral fins have strong, sharp spines. The mouth is short, wide and horizontal with chin and snout barbels.



Black Crappie – The black crappie has two closely joined dorsal fins. Black crappie are silver-olive with numerous black or green splotches on the sides. Vertical bars, prominent in the young, are absent in adults. Sides are light, iridescent green to silvery. Belly is silvery to white. Pelvic fins are opaque with some black on the tips of the membranes, and pectoral fins are dusky and transparent. It is fairly abundant in Utah lowland warm waters from Cache Valley to Lake Powell.



Hybrid Game Fish

Wiper – A hybrid cross between a female striped bass and male white bass. Its appearance is intermediate between the two parents. It has six to eight dark horizontal stripes over a silver-white background with a dark charcoal to black back. It has two dorsal fins, the anterior with 8-10 sharp spines. It is slightly heavier bodied than the striped bass and grows up to 12 pounds in weight and 24 inches in length. The wiper was recently introduced into Willard Bay.



Tiger Muskellunge – A hybrid cross between a muskellunge and Northern pike with intermediate characteristics between the two parents. It has a very elongated torpedo-like body. Its most notable feature is the gray-green vertical bars along its sides. It thrives where there are good numbers of perch and sunfish for food. The tiger muskie was recently introduced into Pineview Reservoir. It can be expected to grow to 45 inches long and weigh 20 pounds.



Tiger Trout – Tiger trout, a cross between brown trout and brook trout has a unique, dark maze-like pattern over a brownish, gray body. The belly is yellowish orange as are the pectoral, pelvic and anal fins. The tail fin is square.



Splake Trout – A splake trout is the hybrid cross between lake trout and brook trout. It has a dark background with white spots. The tail fin is not as deeply forked as lake trout. The pectoral fins are easily distinguished from rainbow trout as splake have a dark background with white spots and rainbows have a lighter, silvery background with dark spots.

CURRENT ANGLING RECORD FISH FOR THE STATE OF UTAH

SPECIES	YEAR	WEIGHT	LENGTH	GIRTH	ANGLER	LOCATION
BASS, Largemouth	1974	10 lb 2 oz	24 1/4 in	20 in	Sam Lamanna	Lake Powell
BASS, Smallmouth	1996	7 lb 06 oz	22 in	16 1/2 in	Alan Iorg	Midview Res. (Lake Borham)
BASS, Striped	1991	48 lb 11 oz	45 in	31 1/4 in	Travis T. Jensen	Lake Powell
BASS, White	1970	4 lb 01 oz			John R. Welcker	Utah Lake
BLUEGILL	1993	2 lb 7 oz	11 1/2 in	14 5/8 in	Jack Rask	Mantua Reservoir
BULLHEAD, Black	1997	2 lb 13 oz	17 in	11 1/2 in	Jake Rebmman	Pineview Reservoir
CARP	1993	32 lb 0 oz			Couger Elfervig	Lake Powell
CATFISH, Channel	1978	32 lb 8 oz	39 3/4 in	22 in	LeRoy Mortenson	Utah Lake
CHUB, Utah	1987	1 lb 11 oz	13 1/4 in	11 in	Ray Johnson	Starvation Reservoir
CRAPPIE, Black	1993	3 lb 2 oz	17 1/4 in	14 in	Mike Flickinger	Quail Creek Reservoir
GRAYLING	1992	1 lb 8 oz	16 in	8 9/16 in	Bill C. Self	N. Slope High Uintas
MUSKELLUNGE, Tiger	1995	20 lb 7 oz	42 in	17 1/2 in	Nathan Erwin	Pineview Reservoir
PERCH, Sacramento	1993	4 lb 5 oz	17 in	15 in	Harlan G. Thomas	Garrison Res. (Pruess Lake)
PERCH, Yellow	1984	2 lb 11 oz	15 1/8 in	9 3/4 in	Ray Johnson	Yuba Reservoir(Sevier Bridge)
PIKE, Northern	1986	22 lb 0 oz	44 1/4 in	17 1/2 in	Dean E. Johnson	Yuba Reservoir(Sevier Bridge)
SALMON, Kokanee	1995	6 lb 0 oz	25 in	16 in	Todd Chikaraishi	Strawberry Reservoir
SUCKER, Utah	1988	6 lb 6 oz	24 1/2 in	13 in	William Mehn	Weber River
SUCKER, White	1992	2 lb 8 oz	19 1/4 in	9 1/2 in	Ray Johnson	Flaming Gorge Reservoir
SUNFISH, Green	1996	0 lb 15 oz	9 3/4 in	9 in	Eddie Goitia	Lake Powell
TROUT, Albino	1989	9 lb 2 oz	24 3/4 in	17 in	Nick Manning	Joe's Valley Reservoir
TROUT, Brook	1971	7 lb 8 oz			Milton Taft	Boulder Mountain
TROUT, Brown	1977	33 lb 10 oz	40 in	25 in	Robert Bringhurst	Flaming Gorge Reservoir
TROUT, Cutthroat	1930	26 lb 12 oz			Mrs. E. Smith	Strawberry Reservoir
TROUT, Golden	1977	0 lb 14 oz	14 1/2 in		Breck Tuttle	Atwood Creek
TROUT, Lake	1988	51 lb 8 oz	45 1/8 in	31 3/4 in	Curt Bilbey	Flaming Gorge Reservoir
TROUT, Rainbow	1979	26 lb 2 oz			Del Canty	Flaming Gorge Reservoir
TROUT, Splake	1992	10 lb 12 oz	29 in	18 in	Joel Davenport	Fish Lake
TROUT, Tiger	1997	5 lb 13 oz	23 in	15 in	Scott Tanner	Floating Island Lake
WALLEYE	1991	15 lb 9 oz	31 3/4 in	20 3/4 in	Jeffery Tanner	Provo River
WHITEFISH, Bonneville	1982	4 lb 4 oz	21 in	13 3/4 in	Deon Sparks	Bear Lake
WHITEFISH, Mountain	1994	4 lb 9 oz	21 in	13 1/2 in	Dan W. Connelly	Provo River
WIPER	1997	5 lb 03 oz	21 1/4 in	15 1/4 in	Dean E. Price	Willard Bay

CURRENT SPEARFISHING RECORD FISH FOR THE STATE OF UTAH

SPECIES	YEAR	WEIGHT	LENGTH	GIRTH	ANGLER	LOCATION
BASS, Smallmouth	1996	2 lb 0 oz	14 1/4 in	11 3/4 in	Mike Smith	Flaming Gorge Reservoir
BASS, Largemouth	1991	4 lb 0 oz	18 1/2 in	14 in	Paul L. Gibson	Deer Creek Reservoir
CARP	1992	20 lb 6 oz	34 in	18 3/4 in	Paul L. Gibson	Deer Creek Reservoir
PERCH, Yellow	1988	0 lb 5 oz	8 1/4 in	5 1/2 in	Rud Warner	Fish Lake
SUCKER, Utah	1991	3 lb 15 oz	22 1/2 in	11 1/4 in	Dennis Bishop	Fish Lake
TROUT, Brown	1983	21 lb 12 oz	35 1/2 in	21 3/4 in	Bruce Boyd	Fish Lake
TROUT, Lake	1990	1 lb 10 oz	18 1/2 in	8 1/2 in	David Anderson	Fish Lake
TROUT, Rainbow	1992	3 lb 8 oz	19 in	9 1/2 in	Paul Gibson	Fish Lake
TROUT, Splake	1992	9 lb 11 oz	27 3/8 in	17 1/4 in	Mike Kennedy	Fish Lake
WALLEYE	1991	6 lb 3 oz	25 1/4 in	13 1/2 in	Alan Griffith	Deer Creek Reservoir

CURRENT SETLINE RECORD FISH FOR THE STATE OF UTAH

SPECIES	YEAR	WEIGHT	LENGTH	GIRTH	ANGLER	LOCATION
CATFISH, Channel	1975	31 lb 0 oz	39 in	20 1/2 in	Dorothy Lorenzen	Utah Lake

CURRENT ARCHERY RECORD FISH FOR THE STATE OF UTAH

SPECIES	YEAR	WEIGHT	LENGTH	GIRTH	ANGLER	LOCATION
CARP	1991	27 lb 0 oz	34 in	23 3/4 in	Ray D. Johnson	Great Salt Lake Marshes
SUCKER, Utah	1992	4 lb 5 oz	19 3/4 in	12 in	David W. Stuart	Utah Lake
SUCKER, White	1992	2 lb 7 oz	18 1/2 in	9 1/4 in	Ray Johnson	Flaming Gorge Reservoir

CURRENT CATCH AND RELEASE RECORD FISH FOR THE STATE OF UTAH

SPECIES	DATE	LENGTH	ANGLER	LOCATION
BASS, Largemouth	09/03/97	18 1/4 in	Jordan Kilfoyle	Pineview Reservoir
BASS, Smallmouth	04/18/97	17 1/4 in	Ray Johnson	Flaming Gorge Reservoir
BASS, Striped				
BASS, White	03/02/97	13 1/4 in	Ray Johnson	Utah Lake
BLUEGILL	05/26/97	9 in	Kirk Ray Johnson	Red Fleet Reservoir
BULLHEAD, Black	06/15/97	13 1/2 in	Shawn Clement	Kaysville Ponds
CARP	03/22/97	29 1/2 in	Ray Johnson	Flaming Gorge - Sheep Creek Bay
CATFISH, Channel	07/03/97	33 1/2 in	Wesley Schneider	Utah Lake
CHUB, Utah	06/21/97	14 1/4 in	Sue McGhie Troff	Flaming Gorge Reservoir
CRAPPIE, Black	03/14/97	13 in	Ray Johnson	Willard Bay
GRAYLING	09/06/97	14 in	Lawrence Mathis	Allen Lake - Uintas
MUSKELLUNGE, Tiger	08/11/97	45 1/4 in	Patrick Benton, Jr.	Pineview Reservoir
PERCH, Sacramento				
PERCH, Yellow	08/23/97	12 1/4 in	Vickie O'Farrell	Deer Creek Reservoir
PIKE, Northern				
SALMON, Kokanee	05/30/97	23 3/4 in	Lisa Johnson	Flaming Gorge Reservoir
SUCKER, Utah	04/12/97	22 1/4 in	Ray Johnson	Jordan River
SUCKER, White	04/26/97	19 in	Kirk Ray Johnson	Flaming Gorge - Sheep Creek Bay
SUNFISH, Green				
TROUT, Albino	06/19/97	11 1/4 in	Lisa Johnson	Mill Hollow
TROUT, Brake				
TROUT, Brook	05/31/97	11 1/4 in	Ray Johnson	Alexander Lake
TROUT, Brown	03/08/97	19 in	Ray Johnson	Duchesne River
TROUT, Brownbow	06/13/97	12 1/4 in	Kirk Johnson	Mill Meadow Reservoir
TROUT, Cutthroat	03/09/97	20 3/4 in	Ray Johnson	Strawberry Reservoir
TROUT, Golden				
TROUT, Lake	07/11/97	45 in	Kirk Johnson	Flaming Gorge Reservoir
TROUT, Rainbow	04/26/97	23 3/4 in	Jolene Johnson	Flaming Gorge Reservoir
TROUT, Splake	06/13/97	09 1/4 in	Lisa Johnson	Mill Meadow Reservoir
TROUT, Tiger	06/14/97	16 1/4 in	Kirk Johnson	Mammoth Reservoir
WALLEYE	08/03/97	29 3/4 in	Marc Johnson	Starvation Reservoir
WHITEFISH, Bonneville				
WHITEFISH, Mountain	03/08/97	18 in	Ray Johnson	Duchesne River
WIPER	05/04/97	18 1/2 in	Randy Weaver	Willard Bay Reservoir

EMERGENCY PROCLAMATION CHANGES OFTEN ALLOW ADDITIONAL FISHING OPPORTUNITIES

Letting anglers take additional fish from waters where they'll be lost through dam repair work or chemical treatments, is one example of how emergency changes to the Utah Fishing Proclamation give anglers additional fishing opportunities while allowing Utah's aquatic resources to be properly managed.

Authority granted in Section 23-14-8 of the Wildlife Resources Code of Utah allows the director of the Division of Wildlife Resources to make emergency changes to the Utah Fishing Proclamation.

Emergency changes happen when unexpected situations arise and Division aquatics personnel ask the director to adjust regulations to respond to these changing conditions.

An emergency change only happens when there isn't sufficient time to take the regulation change through the normal Fishing Proclamation review process.

If the director agrees with the emergency change, he assigns a date it will be effective and declares the change, making it official on that date.

After it's signed a news release is

sent to the news media, informing anglers of the change.

Examples of emergency changes in 1997 included the raising of the fish limit at a number of waters where fish would be lost, allowing anglers additional fishing opportunities and a chance to utilize the fish, and a change making it illegal to use items treated with fish attractants and stimulants (such as rubber worms, plastic grubs and pieces of sponge) at waters where baits are not allowed, thereby lowering the hooking mortality of caught and released fish.

EAST FORK OF THE LITTLE BEAR RIVER RECREATED THROUGH HABITAT AUTHORIZATION FUNDS

TROUT ARE COMING BACK TO THE EAST FORK OF THE LITTLE BEAR RIVER, AND SO ARE THE ANGLERS.

NOT BAD FOR A STRETCH OF STREAM IN CACHE COUNTY THAT HAD MOST OF ITS NATURAL MEANDERS, RIFFLES AND POOLS TAKEN OUT BY BULL-DOZERS IN 1983. THAT WAS THE YEAR THE STREAM WAS STRAIGHTENED, AND LEVEES CONSTRUCTED, TO HANDLE HIGH WATER FLOWS ASSOCIATED WITH FLOODS.

But thanks to Wildlife Habitat Authorization funds provided by anglers, the river now meanders as it once did, complete with pools and riffles that trout are using in ever-increasing numbers.

Habitat Authorization funds allowed the Division of Wildlife Resources to essentially recreate the stream, returning it to its natural, pre-flood condition, a time when trout filled its pools and riffles and anglers enjoyed catching them.

"Without Habitat Authorization funds provided by anglers, this project would not have been possible," said Dwight Bunnell, Division habitat development coordinator.

Using Habitat Authorization funds, in 1996 Division biologists began recreating the stream.

The first step was to understand the myriad of physical conditions about the stream, including: The daily, seasonal and flood flow events; the slope of the valley; historical locations of the channel; and the channel geometry (meander widths, curves and bends) needed to handle the water.

Once determined, work at recreating a trout stream began.

As of October 1997, channel excavation work has been completed, with the stream now meandering through riffles and pools. Rock and log structures are in place, providing critical fish habitat. Stream banks have been planted with riparian seedlings (cottonwood, willow, dogwood, rose, alder and river birch), providing a stabilized stream bank.

And anglers are coming back and memories are being made.

The East Fork of the Little Bear River restoration project is just one example of work to improve habitat for fish, and provide anglers with increased public access and fishing opportunities, being completed with Habitat Authorization funds statewide.

Other examples include:

- * the East Fork of the Sevier River, where fish habitat will be improved by adding meanders to the river, placing in-stream structures in it, and erecting fences to control streamside grazing and protect the stream bank. Parking lots and access points to the river have been developed for anglers.

- * Pacer Lake, where Habitat Authorization funds have been used to purchase the lake's remaining storage rights. This will allow the lake's water level to remain stabilized, greatly improving its value as a fishery.

- * Pine Lake where, in 1997, wild fish were hatching in a spawning channel built the year before. Habitat Authorization funds were used to build the meandering spawning channel, to cover

the bottom with spawning gravel and to direct water from a Division-owned spring into it.

Funds for projects such as these are provided by anglers and hunters, age 14 and older, who must purchase a Habitat Authorization before purchasing a fishing or hunting license.

As of Sept. 8, 1997, almost two years since the program began, more than \$ 1.8 million had been recommended for aquatic habitat projects statewide.

Unfortunately, a portion of this money was not spent because of circumstances beyond the Habitat Council's control. "Many habitat projects are sensitive and require time and careful negotiations to complete," Bunnell said.

Unspent money from past projects is made available for new aquatics projects.

Recommendations on how to spend Habitat Authorization funds are made to the Division of Wildlife Resources director by the eight-person Habitat Council, which includes a citizen aquatics representative and the Division's Aquatics Section chief.

"The Habitat Council is very aware of the fact that at least half of the Habitat Authorization funding is coming from anglers," Bunnell said. "The council has a goal of spending half of the money on aquatics projects."

State law requires that \$5 of each \$5.25 Habitat Authorization be used to restore, develop, manage, acquire and protect Utah's fish and wildlife habitat, and provide public access to it.

The Utah Legislature requires the 25 cent surcharge be used to help fund search and rescue operations throughout Utah.

As of Sept. 8, 1997, 89 aquatic projects had been recommended and approved for Habitat Authorization funding.

In addition to those mentioned, examples of planned, underway and completed projects, and funding approved for them, include:

\$30,000	habitat and access projects in the Weber River drainage, including Chalk Creek in Summit and Morgan counties
\$55,000	the placing of in-stream structures, leased access, and negotiations for permanent access, on a portion of the Provo River in Provo Canyon
\$13,000	fencing to protect riparian habitat, and parking lot development, at Little Hole on the Green River near Flaming Gorge Dam
\$10,000	access development on the Price River
\$42,000	riparian habitat protection project in Huntington Canyon (cooperative project with the USDA Forest Service)
\$55,000	stream habitat improvements and fishing access in Kingston Canyon, on the East Fork of the Sevier River
\$32,000	stabilization of Pacer Lake, to improve fish habitat

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Western art and wildlife are Mark's true loves. His art depicting these themes has catapulted him to success. His works have been exhibited in Utah, Nevada and Wyoming. Sales of his art have extended throughout the continental U.S., Australia and Bolivia. His involvement in other activities such as hunting, hiking, backpacking, horseback riding, biking and fishing gives him the opportunity to engage with nature daily; it also inspires his genius. It is his earnest desire to enrich the world with his art.

Mark and his family currently reside in Honeyville, Utah. Interested collectors may contact him at his studio.

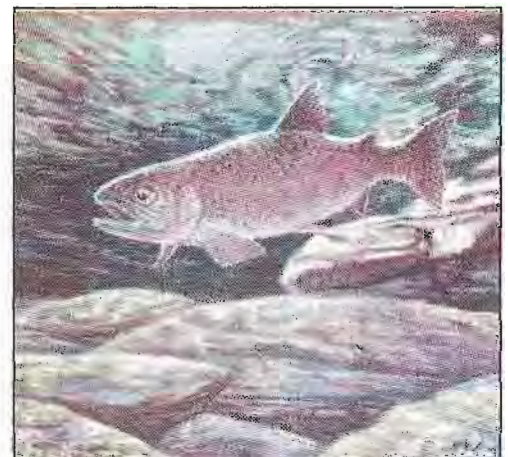
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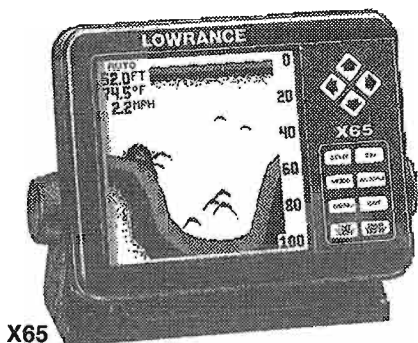


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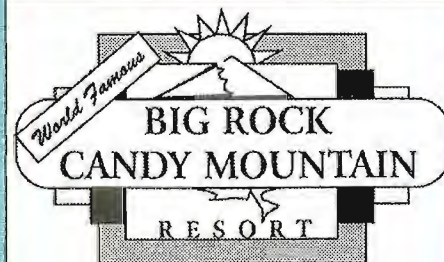
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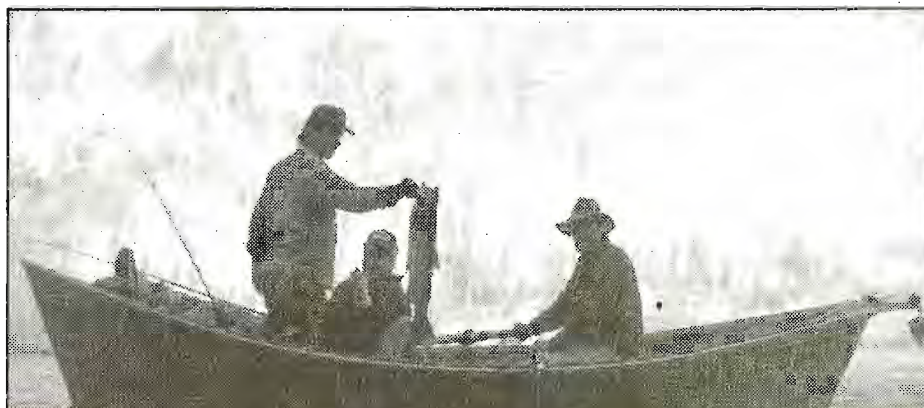
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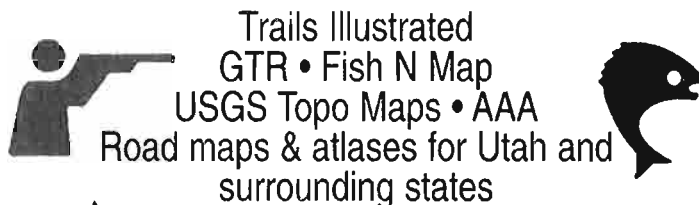
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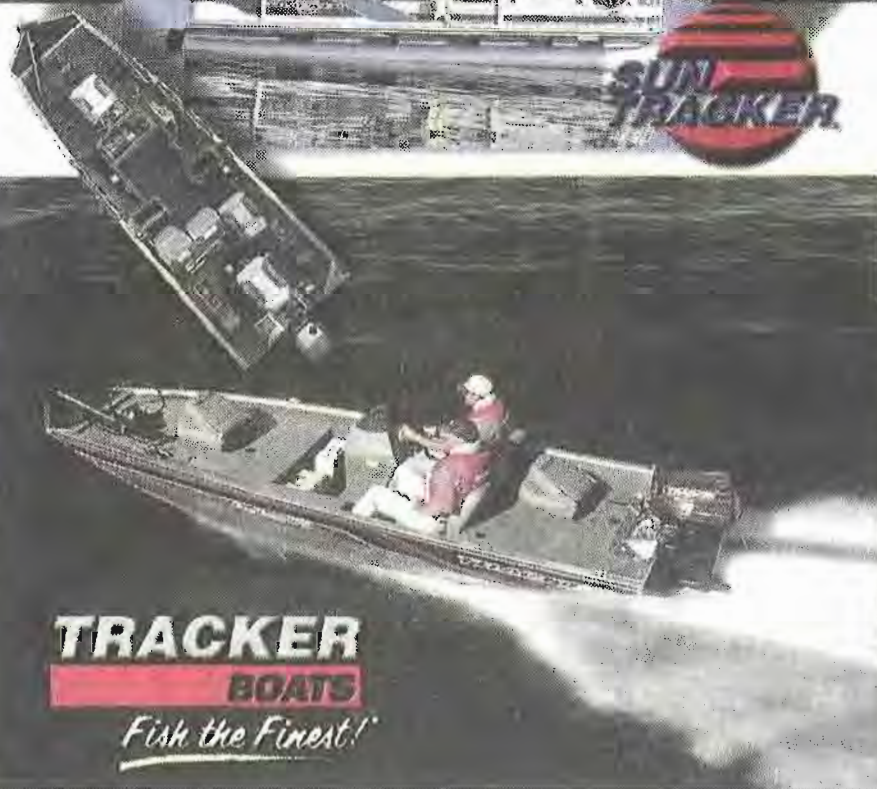


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